THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 3. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

PERSONAL.

Miss Gilson and Miss Mary Fallon of Lawrence are visiting Mrs. E. P. McOsker of Hanks street.

Dr. H. S. Johnson of Laurenceville, N. J., is visiting his mother at her home on Nesmith street.

Miss Maggie Keegan of Crosby street has returned home from a two weeks' vacation at Nantasket.

Rev. W. A. Bartlett has returned to Lowell and will lecture in the vestry of Kirk Street church Friday evening at 7.30.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver H. Perry and their family have returned from Canaan, N. H., where they have been spending the summer as usual.

The engagement of Dr. H. S. Johnson of Laurenceville, N. J., formerly of this city, to Miss Hattie A. Currier of Wakefield, is announced.

Mr. Fred R. Grant of Grove street left this morning on his bicycle for Portland, Me., for a two weeks' vacation where he will renew old acquaintances.

Miss Marguerite Connors of Chelmsford street, has returned from a very enjoyable vacation spent at Newburport, Plum Island, Salisbury, Rye and Hampton beaches.

Mr. William H. Whittaker of North Adams, a former organist of the House of Prayer and Mrs. Whittaker and son Albert, are visiting relatives and friends in Lowell after an absence of nine years. They spent last Sunday with the Fairbrother family of North Billerica.

PRESS TEAM WON.

Defeated City Hall Players in the Deciding Game.

It did not take the Press team very long yesterday afternoon to defeat the City hall nine. Just one-half an inning gave them sufficient runs to win any ordinary game. But then yesterday's game was an unusual one.

Before it started the City hall nine had it won, 17 to 0. When it was finished, the Press nine were victors 16 to 13. If there was ever a game for "blood" it was yesterday. All the pencil-pushers were out for "Billy" McGuirk's scalp and they got it. Six innings were played, and that was enough for the spectators. Dowling in left field and third base, could not hold a ball if it was handed to him, and Paradis, as a base runner, gave a wonderfully clever performance particularly when he fell asleep on first base and was caught by about five yards.

Sternberg started in to pitch, just to encourage the City hall boys, and likewise to make a record. He made it. It took three umpires to pull through the game. They had a big contract on their hands, and came near breaking it several times when things looked dubious for the pencil-pushers. But they knew their business and the best thing that can be said of them is that they meant well.

Squire Owens put up a professional game at short and caught several pretty flies. The teams were made up as follows:

Press—Pressey c, Sternberg p and ss, Maher 1b, Paradis 2b, Boulger 3b and lf, Brown ss, and p, Dowling lf, and 3b, McCurdy cf, and Shea rf.

City Hall—Cosgrove c, Baxter p, McGuirk 1b, Dawson 2b, Riley 3b, Owens ss, Cheney lf, Driscoll cf, Pucell rf.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 26 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING

is the Lager and Ales that are to be had at McFadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McFadden's Wine rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

SILVER CAMPAIGN

Bryan Gets Another Great Reception at Toledo.

BOSTON HERALD'S GARBLING POLICY EXPOSED.

The Battle Elsewhere—Williams in Maine.

Last night Bryan addressed immense audiences in Ohio, numbering in all from 30,000 to 40,000 people and the applause was unbounded. At Toledo, Ohio, especially the reception, was overwhelming.

Hon. George Fred Williams addressed large audiences at Caribou and Houlton, Me., yesterday and aroused great enthusiasm.

Congressman Moody opened the republican campaign at Haverhill last night with a vigorous speech.

The republican candidates in the sixth senatorial district are A. G. Walsh of Lowell, Enoch Foster of Tewksbury, Solon Bancroft of Reading, Richard Barrett of Concord, Mr. Brigham of Hudson, Frank A. Patch of Boxboro, George Whitcomb of Townsend and Charles H. Kohlrausch of North Billerica. The district includes 23 of the towns in the sixth councillor district, together with wards five and nine of Lowell. These two wards have nine delegates. The towns in the district are entitled to 66 delegates in all.

Candidate Bryan: When the democratic party declared against trusts we did not expect the approval or support of those people who think that the government has no right to try and stop a trust. When the democratic party denounces trusts it simply means to say that the declaration contained in our first charter, the declaration of independence, that all men are created equal, means something; that it means the government shall stand ready to protect the individual citizen from any force, from any power, from any harm to be used for his injury, whether that opposing force be a private individual or a corporation.

The probable apportionment of representative delegates in the new districts will be as follows:

Twenty-fifth Middlesex—Lowell, ward four, 7; ward seven, 17; ward eight, 25; Dunstable 2; Chelmsford, 7; Tyngsboro, 2; total, 60.

Twenty-sixth Middlesex—Ward one of Lowell, 15; ward two, 5; ward three, 22; ward six, 15; total, 57.

Twenty-seventh Middlesex—Lowell, ward five, 7; ward nine, 15; Billerica, 6; Burlington, 2; Carlisle, 2; Dracut, 5; North Reading, 2; Tewksbury, 4; Wilmington, 3; total, 46.

The Boston Herald Exposed.

The following communication was sent to the Boston Herald, but refused publication because it exposed the Herald's policy. The Herald's policy on this matter is that followed by the robber standard:

Editor The Herald:

Sir, for the last 25 years I have been a constant reader of the Herald. I have admired its editorial ability and been impressed with its fairness and reliability as a newspaper.

While frequently differing from its opinions as expressed in its editorial columns, I have given it a high place in my estimation as a genuine newspaper which could be depended upon to give the news with absolute impartiality. But I observe with regret that since the opening of the present campaign there has been apparently a tendency to garble the news columns in order to make them fit in with the editorial opinions.

For instance, in today's paper I notice that the report from Lowell of the meeting of the Silver league held here last night says "there were between 1500 and 1600 people present, 'mostly women.'" Now this statement is absolutely false and misleading. As a matter of fact, the body of the hall was packed with men, who were also lined up along the sides and at the back, occupying not only all the seats but a large part of the standing room. The gallery, which was reserved for ladies and their escorts was also full but contained more men than women.

The evident intention is to belittle the importance of the meeting. This is done at the expense of the reliability of the paper. The same intention is also evident in the reports of the campaign meetings in Maine, as shown in the accounts of the democratic meetings at Ellsworth and Eastport. The head line artist seems to be moved by the same spirit. Deputy Commissioner of Pensions Bell is headlined as "One of Smith's Underlings," while all the republican and gold standard democratic meetings are glorified and extolled both in head line and introductions. The Herald editorially calls attention to the errors of Geo. Fred Williams but fails to notice the false statements of Senators Frye and Lodge who have both, publicly declared this week as reported in the Herald that the reason the silver dollar passed at par was because it was redeemable in gold, a statement which the Herald must have known to be false but which it allows to go uncorrected.

I deeply regret that the exigencies of the campaign are such that in order to advance the cause it advocates, the Herald seems willing to sacrifice its reputation.

Yours very truly,
JOHN A. NICHOLS.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Conant left today for a trip to the White mountains.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s

EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

WERE SOLD FOR TAXES.

TREASURER COBURN DISPOSES OF 30 PIECES OF PROPERTY.

Fair Attendance at Annual Sale—Some Good Property Knocked Down to Bidders—City Compelled to Purchase Some Lots.

At the city treasurer's office yesterday, Mr. Coburn sold 30 pieces of property on which taxes are overdue. There was a fair attendance at the sale and the property was knocked down to these bidders:

Mrs. M. A. Clark, 1688 square feet, rear 123 Lakeview avenue. Bought by J. McDermott for $36.

Peter Gallagher, 3662 feet, rear 85 Lakeview avenue. Sold to George and Seth Bailey for $122.33.

Bernard D. O'Connell, 2346 feet on Floyd street. Bought by John J. Donovan, $15.02.

John J. McMorrow, 1729 feet, 2 Pollard street. Sold to Albert H. Dyer, $75.

John E. Noonan, 1563 feet, 110 Canada street. Lorenzo E. Smith, $15.

Wm. B. Viney, 1750 feet, 22 Tyler street. Charles Downs, $120.

Edward Chevalier, 7500 feet, 20 Fifth avenue. L. E. Smith, $19.57.

Vital Robert, 14,573 feet, Weed street. Sold to Albert H. Dyer.

John C. Tolman estate, 3750 feet, West London street. Albert H. Dyer, $17.48.

Owners unknown, 7500 feet, Montreal street. Sold to Peter Gill, $19.44.

Edward D. McVey, 4000 feet of land, 519 Westford street. Sold to city of Lowell amount of taxes, $95.05.

Axel Schiller, 5125 feet of land, 301 and 302 Waldo street. Sold to P. A. Fay, $21.

Estate of Marshall Bohonon, 5125 square feet of land, 304 Manchester street. Lorenzo E. Smith, $20.

James B. Cooper, 3944 square feet of land, 52-53 Hope street. Peter A. Fay, $21.

Charles J. and George Norman, 2125 square feet of land, 87 Canada street. Albert A. Dyer, $16.

Oscar McPartland, 1848 square feet of land, 99 Reed street, George H. Stevens, $64.04.

Theresa Prudent, 5000 square feet of land, 16 Wellington street, P. A. Fay, $13.

Isaac Whitney, 5000 square feet of land, 4 Johnson street, P. A. Fay, $11.68.

Alvin L. Wright, 2625 square feet of land, 515 Quebec street, city of Lowell, $13.61.

Thos. Rogers, 5316 square feet of land with buildings, 150 Appleton street, city of Lowell. $320.12.

Alvin Wright, 5025 square feet of land, 463 Quebec street, city of Lowell, $19.44.

Mrs. Kate Cox, 10,000 square feet of land with buildings, Johnson street, Albert H. Dyer, $40.

Mrs. William Kelley, 12,770 square feet of land, Mt. Washington street, Edward B. James, $157.16.

Edward Thomas, 9 acres of land, Varnum avenue, Alfred J. Howe, $21.44.

Alex. F. McIlwain, 5000 square feet of land, 9 Johnson street. Peter A. Fay, $13.

Thomas H. Hoyle, 12,000 square feet of land, Melrose avenue, city of Lowell, $19.44.

Stephen Flynn, 4623 feet of land, 48 Wyoming street. L. E. Smith, $10.

Unknown owner, 5223 feet, 353 to 355 Manchester street. Sold to Peter Gill, $13.61.

Unknown owner, 889 feet, 431 and 432 Montreal street. Sold to Peter Gill, $11.68.

Unknown owner, 2772 feet, 64 and 65 and part of lot 66 Canada street. Sold to H. M. Potter, $20.

CHELMSFORD SCHOOLS

Will Open Next Tuesday With Several Changes in Teachers.

The schools at Chelmsford Centre begin the fall term on Tuesday next. Changes in teachers are as follows: Miss Grace Litchfield takes the Centre primary; Miss Annie Staples, No. 2; Miss Lois Walker, No. 3, and Miss Carrie Preston No. 5. Samuel Hagerman and Stewart Mackay of the School board have been authorized to procure furniture for the Golden Cove school house.

A NEW CHURCH.

Being Erected by Rev. Park A. Bradford of Tyngsboro.

Rev. Park A. Bradford of Tyngsboro has organized a new church called Plymouth church in North Chelmsford and a building to seat 200 is now in course of erection.

It is among the working classes of two or three nationalities.

He will remove with his family to North Chelmsford in a few weeks to his new field.

Meetings are held every Sunday at Walker's grove on the Westford road.

Will Be Public.

The police commissioners have decided that the hearing, Sept. 15, on the complaint of Samuel and Margaret Ford against Patrolmen Breen and Quinn will be public.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. White of Nesmith street have gone to Maplewood, N. H., for a short stay.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

2 O'CLOCK

GOLD DEMOCRATS

In Convention at Indianapolis—The Speeches.

THE CHICAGO PLATFORM REPUDIATED IN PLAIN TERMS.

Chairman Caffrey's Address on the Issues.

Indianapolis, Sept. 3.—The scene at the opening of the convention in this city presented all the characteristic features of an old-fashioned Democratic convention. All the party favorites were cheered as they came in, and the southern delegations received a most flattering greeting. A portrait of President Cleveland and every banner bearing his name called for tumultuous applause and huzzahs. New York's 72 delegates, the finest looking body of men the state has sent to a delegation for many years, were cheered wildly as they entered. Almost immediately followed Massachusetts, with a handsome pair of banners; and up went the shouts again.

Mr. Outhwaite of Ohio was warmly received when he rose to read the call for the convention, and every reference to the name of the party was loudly cheered. At that part of the call which grouped the names of Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland the whole assemblage rose to its feet as one man, waving hats, handkerchiefs and every movable thing within reach. The list of officers of the temporary organization was the signal for the next burst, wild cheers greeting every familiar name of the men in public life, who had thrown all their own interests into the scale, to sink or rise with the new movement.

At 12:25 p. m., when Senator Palmer rapped with his gavel to call the convention to order, delegates and galleries joined in a series of rounds of applause and cheers. The outburst lasted several minutes, and after his tactful little speech, in which he laid emphasis upon the Democratic character of the organization and to the unselfish love of country which had called it into being, the demonstration was repeated, lasting till he had introduced Bishop White of this diocese, who opened the proceedings with prayer.

After the roll of states was finished there were loud demands for a call of territories, and the chairman ordered it. At the name of Alaska there was silence for a moment, followed by a general laugh, which had only begun when it was cut short by a delegate who rose and said: "Alaska is here." This was the signal for more cheers. Arizona and New Mexico also responded. At 1 p. m. the convention broke out again, at the recommendation, in the national committee's report, that "Until otherwise ordered, the convention be governed by the rules of the last Democratic national convention"—and here the reader paused a moment before adding: "Which met at the city of Chicago in the year 1892."

As Governor Flower was escorted to the platform, to act as temporary chairman, the convention gave him three rousing cheers and a tiger. In assuming the chair, he said:

"This gathering is notice to the world that the Democratic party has not yet surrendered to Populism and anarchy. The true principles of Democracy, expounded by Jefferson and exemplified through a century of national history, are not dead because those principles have been repudiated by a convention calling itself Democratic but controlled by un-Democratic influences. Those are true Democrats who remain true to the principles of their party and who refuse to be bound by party declarations which betray party faiths and threaten both party and country with disaster. By our presence here we emphasize the genuine character of our Democracy and demonstrate the patriotic nature of our partisanship. We are here because we love the Democratic party and because we love our country. That is the inspiration which has drawn us together and encourages our action. That is the fact which evidences our sincerity and makes our cause strong with the people.

"The danger of the Chicago platform lies not alone nor chiefly in its declaration for a financial policy which would be ruinous. The danger lies in the revolutionary influences which controlled the convention and animated its platform. Men may justly differ as to the best scheme of national finance and may debate their differences without recrimination or without questioning the honesty of motives. But when men, led on by ambitious politicians, their minds fired not by the example of American patriots, but by that of the radicals of the French revolution, overturn party precedents and pack a convention to secure an effective majority, then by aid of that majority raise aloft the incendiary banner of the poor against the rich, attack the integrity of the supreme court, threaten the subversion of national institutions and the indirect perversion of constitutional guarantees, incite disrespect to law and authority, suggest and in substance recommend the repudiation of national and private debts, and reject by intended implication the fundamental principle of Democracy that that government governs best which governs least—then it is time not only for Democrats to forsake that motley and un-American enunciation of doctrines, but to join, in such manner as may seem best, with all patriots who cherish their country's honor and wish to protect the welfare of its people."

Ex-Governor Flower discussed the effect of free coinage upon the wage-earner and others, and closed by saying: "Let no man say that in this convention any false note of Democracy was sounded. We stand for all that should inspire good citizenship—for honest money, enforcement of law and order, respect for authority, the preservation of the national credit, the just payment of debts, the dignity and welfare of labor, the prosperity and fair name of America. United in such a cause we

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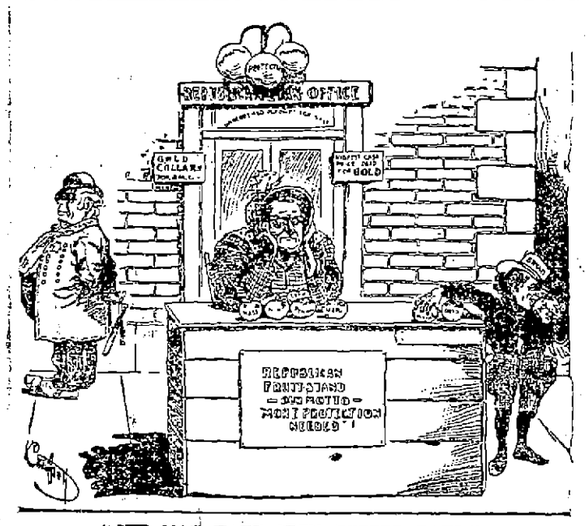


"SHE MAY HAVE SEEN BETTER DAYS."

IRISH CONVENTION

In Session in Dublin Planning Unity.

OVER TWO THOUSAND DELEGATES ARE PRESENT.

The Action Taken to Reconstruct the Party.

Dublin, Sept. 3.—The great convention of representatives of the Irish race, which was summoned with a view of affording the opportunity to all who desire to see unity restored among the Irish Nationalists throughout the world may not together, was opened in Leinster hall at noon Tuesday. It will be in session three days.

When the convention was called to order there were 2000 delegates present, including representatives from Great Britain and Ireland, the United States, Canada, Australia and South Africa.

The Rt. Rev. Patrick O'Donnell, Roman Catholic bishop of Raphoe, was elected permanent chairman of the convention upon the motion of Justin McCarthy, M. P., who called the convention to order.

The Healyites and the Parnellites took no part in the convention, holding themselves entirely aloof from the gathering.

Resolutions were passed favoring the re-construction of a united Irish party bound together in the Home Rule ranks and disciplined under the rule of the majority.

A telegram was read from the Pope in which his holiness prayed for a cessation of the differences existing among the Irish parties. The chairman, Dr. O'Donnell, said that the convention cared little from what government the Irish obtained the right of self-government, and they would strenuously oppose every party refusing that right.

A letter was read from the archbishop of Toronto, the Most Rev. John Walsh, expressing his sympathy with the objects of the convention.

The Hon. Edward Blake, M. P., formerly of Canada, John Dillon, M. P., the leader of the Irish Parliamentary party, Michael Davitt and T. P. O'Connor were among those who took part in the discussion of the resolutions.

Dr. O'Donnell, in the course of his address upon taking the chair, especially welcomed the delegates from the United States, Canada and Australia, whose presence in the convention proved the unity of the Irish race in Ireland's cause. Referring to the report of the commission on financial relations existing between Great Britain and Ireland, he said the report showed how Ireland was being despoiled, and revealed enough to reawaken the whole Irish question. Speaking in regard to the disunion of the nationalist party, Dr. O'Donnell aroused intense enthusiasm on the part of his hearers by declaring that no man nor any set of men ought to place themselves in competition with the cause of Ireland.

Mr. Alfred Webb of Dublin and Fr. Ryan of Toronto moved a series of resolutions favoring the union of the Irish parties, hailing with satisfaction the recent release of Irish political prisoners from British prisons, and declaring that the Irish land act could not be accepted as a final settlement of the Irish question.

Mr. Justin McCarthy spoke upon the subject of reunion of the parties, and in the course of his remarks said he believed that the assembling of this convention was the result of a general acceptance of the principle of the rule of the majority.

Fr. O'Callahan of Boston and Dean Harrison of Toronto appealed to the convention in favor of party unity.

Among the delegates from America are James Duggan, Norwich, Ct.; Dennis O'Reilly, Edward Tracey, Patrick Kinney, John W. Corcoran, Dr. P. J. Timmins and the Rev. Dennis O'Callahan, Boston; John Cushman, James O'Sullivan, M. D., and Martin Fitzgerald, Manchester, N. H.; the Rev. G. Marshall, N. H., and P. W. Wrenn, Bridgeport, Ct.

FUNERAL SERVICE.

Remains of Letter Carrier Donahue Laid to Rest.

The obsequies of the late lamented letter carrier, John J. Donahue, at St. Peter's church, this forenoon, were solemnly impressive and were attended not only by leading professional and business men of Lowell, but by friends and relatives from Boston, Lawrence, Holyoke, Hyde Park and Worcester. Many were present who were not of the Catholic faith, but who were acquainted with deceased on his route.

The funeral cortege was an unusually long one. The church was nearly filled. The approach of the funeral procession was announced when the organ presided over by Mrs. McKennedy pealed forth the solemn strains of the "Dead March in Saul." A requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. John McKenna.

The choir was augmented for the occasion by Mrs. Marguerite Tuite of Keene, N. H., Frank King and Thomas McGaffrey of the Immaculate Conception church choir, James E. Donnelly, Peter Clune, Albert Warren and others. Schmidt's requiem mass was rendered under the direction of Director T. F. Molloy. At the offertory the "Domini Jesu Christi" was sung with Mrs. Tuite as soloist. At the conclusion of the mass Miss Louise J. McLaughlin sustained the solos in "Rest, Spirit, Rest." This was followed by the pathetic hymn "I Love to Hear My Saviour's Voice," rendered with great feeling and effect by Director Molloy. As the congregation passed from the church Mrs. McKennedy played Baptiste's funeral march. The funeral procession moved to the Catholic cemetery in the following order: Carriages containing floral tributes, hearse, with the following letter carriers in uniform on foot as body guards: Charles A. Carey, M. A. Ross, Charles McQuade, Harry Davis, George S. Howard and Thomas McNabb.

Following in a landau came the pallbearers, John J. Watson, John F. Roune, James Maguire, representing the letter carriers; Charles E. Hogan, representing the clerks in the post office, and George P. Green, of the firm of Drury & Green, and Joseph Donahue, of the overseers of the poor.

In the next carriage was Postmaster Gardner W. Pearson, Assistant Postmaster Richardson, and Letter Carrier John J. Carrahan.

Next came the mourning carriages, several hundred civilians and numerous carriages brought up the rear.

The floral tributes were particularly noticeable for their appropriateness and beauty, and included a mammoth mail bag with chenille straps, and the inscriptions in blue immortelles, "U. S. M. No. 16," the latter being the number by which the deceased was designated.

This was the offering of Branch 25 National Letter Carriers' association of this city. There was also a large wreath and bar inscribed "Finis" from the Lowell post office clerks. A large pillow "papa" was the offering of the bereaved family of the deceased and the other tributes were as follows: Large wreath, Postmaster Pearson; large star, Mr. and Mrs. William Cole; large crescent and sickle on a base "At Rest," Mr. Andrew Donohoe and family; large anchor and bar, Donohoe Brothers; spray of lilies, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Hogan; spray of chrysanthemums, Miss Esther Donovan; pillow, "Brother," from the sister and brother of deceased; star, crescent and bar, from Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., eldest brother of deceased; spray of roses and palms, Mrs. Daniel J. Donahue; large wreath, Letter Carrier John Lynch. One of the prettiest tributes was a mammoth cross on a lovely base, from Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Forgays.

The grave closes over one who will long remain in the memory of those who knew him best, for

"None knew him but to love him,
Nor named him but to praise."

DEATHS.

FRENCH—Addie F. French, wife of John French, died at her home in Tewksbury, Tuesday, at the age of 35 years and 4 months.

GILBRIDE—Dennis, aged six months, child of Wm. and Kate Gilbride, died last night at the home of his parents, McGovern's court, off Lakeview avenue. Funeral tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

North Chelmsford.

The chief event of interest in this village last night was the opening of Mr. McEnaney's new barber shop. The shop was beautifully decorated and during the evening was visited by hundreds of Mr. McEnaney's friends.

WEARING AGAINST TIME

When times are dull every one should see that the shoes they buy are the best their money can purchase, there are lots of shoes that look well but are no good to wear.

LADIES' PRINCESS BOOT $1.50

Are offered to you as a protection against the worthless kind, and are worth exactly 50c. a pair more than we ask, you can see that when you examine these, and

Wearing Them will Prove It.

The date you buy them is stamped on the boot, should any not wear satisfactorily, we will make it good to the purchaser.

WHAT THEY LOOK LIKE.

In appearance they look like regular $2 boot only they are actually better than what most stores sell at $2.

How Do We Do It?

Well the middleman don't get any slice of the profit.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.

FEET FITTERS. OPP. CITY HALL.

G. A. R. VETERANS

Their Ranks Greatly Thinned in a Year

YET THEY MAKE GOOD SHOWING AT ST. PAUL.

A Living Flag Presented by Children.

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—Nearly 40,000 veterans tramped the streets of St. Paul for several hours yesterday morning, renewing the associations of their youth and feeling in their veins the material spirit that animated them in the old days. The day was an ideal one for marching, the warm rays of the sun being behind the clouds nearly all day, and a slight breeze, making the tramp much easier for those in line. The showers held off, and everything went off according to program.

It was 11:30 when the head of the parade reached the grand reviewing stand at Smith park, and General Walker took his place on the platform, and the first division headed by the Veterans' corps, passed in review. It was 2:25 when the last post in the big eighth division, containing Minnesota's veterans, had passed, and there was scarcely a noticeable break in the line, post following post and department coming after department in almost endless succession. The enlivening music and the stirring martial sound of the veteran drum corps signalled the approach of each new department, and the crowds shouted prompt appreciation of the appearance of various favorites. Waves of applause went up and down the crowded streets, and at times veterans themselves took up the refrain. Taken altogether, the parade was an unqualified success, and the leading features of it have touched the soldier's heart as it has seldom been touched before.

The living flag was the feature of the day that most appealed to the marching veterans, and many touching scenes were witnessed in front of the mammoth chorus. The children had been thoroughly trained by Professor C. H. Congdon of the city schools, and were quick to respond to his every signal. As the head of each department arrived the strains of their mingled voices could be heard above the music of the bands, in patriotic greetings.

Down through the white columns that line lower Sixth street, the marching thousands kept on till they reached Smith park, at the lower end of the street, where the grand reviewing stand had been erected. Here General Walker and staff mounted the stand, and the various departments passed in formal review, dipped colors and rolling drums saluting, the commander-in-chief responding with a bow. On the stand were a number of past commanders-in-chief and others of national reputation, many of whom were recognized and applauded by the veterans as they passed.

The broad sweep of Summit avenue gave many chances for the marching qualities of the veterans to show, and many a post drew cheer after cheer as it turned a corner in perfect alignment and with soldierly step moved on down the wide avenue.

The parade has been in the thoughts of the soldiers to such an extent that politics must take a back seat and wait for the business sessions to open. The candidates are still being urged by their friends, the leaders being Rear Admiral Meade, Major T. S. Clarkson and New Hampshire's candidate, Comrade Linehan. It seems to be dividing between the east and the west, and the fact that Buffalo will surely get the next encampment may affect the result, as the sections are somewhat jealous of the honors. There are other candidates who will have strong support, but those mentioned are the leaders.

Campfires were held last night at the Auditorium and at the Market hall, and receptions for the various associated ladies' organizations in different parts of the city.

Desperado Gave Battle.

Pikeville, Ky., Sept. 3.—In attempting to capture George O. Quinn, a Virginia desperado, who had killed Everett Fowler in Russell county, Va., a week ago, the posse fired on him, killing him instantly. Quinn was surrounded by the posse and made a desperate fight before he was killed, emptying his revolver. Quinn shot Flower through the head while the latter was hunting squirrels, killing him instantly.

Stole Half a Million.

Harrisburg, Sept. 3.—The board of pardons has practically decided to recommend that a pardon be granted to John Bardsley, but final action has not yet been taken. On July 2, 1891, Bardsley was sentenced to 15 years in the Eastern penitentiary, for appropriation of over $500,000 of city and state moneys while acting as city treasurer of Philadelphia. His pardon will be granted because of his failing health.

Fava's Recall Rumored.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Nothing is known in official circles here of the report that Ambassador Fava of Italy is about to be recalled, and the story fails to find credit, especially because the negotiations respecting the recent killing of the Italians near New Orleans are progressing favorably. The ambassador himself is said to be in Bar Harbor, Me.

A Brighter Outlook.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 3.—The Labrador mail steamer, which has returned from a tour of the coast, reports a decided improvement in the fishery. A number of craft have loaded, and one steamer sailed for market. Hopes are now being entertained that the fishery will result sufficiently well to escape heavy losses for those engaged.

Gentry's Great Performance.

New York, Sept. 3.—In the second heat of the free-for-all pacing race at Fleetwood park John R. Gentry won in 2:3¼. This lowers the previous record ½ second.

Minnesota Bank Goes Under.

Duluth, Sept. 3.—The state bank examiner has taken charge of the Manufacturers bank of West Duluth, and C. E. Beaslee has been appointed receiver. The failure was attributed to the bank's inability to quickly realize on its assets.

Rudyard Kipling sailed for Europe, and will probably not return to his Vermont home.

Our boys' and children's new fall and winter suits are all ready, and we've never opened a more attractive stock.

The low prices for good clothing will be a surprise to most mothers.

We offer for $1.50, four lots of medium weight suits, heavy enough for the next two months, reduced from $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Sizes from 4 years to 16.

Boys' and children's fall reefers and overcoats.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

WITH 200 MEMBERS.

Bryan Club Organized in Lawrence With Alexander Love as President.

Lawrence, Sept. 3.—At a largely attended meeting in the basement of the City hall, last evening, a Bryan club was formed with some 200 members.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. J. A. Magee, chairman of the democratic city committee. Enthusiastic speeches were made by Thomas Waldron, Edward F. O'Sullivan, Maurice Hennessey, John C. Sanborn, Jr., and Dr. M. F. Sullivan. The following were elected as permanent officers of the club: Alexander Love, pres.; M. A. Scanlon, sec., and Charles Kidder, treas.

It was voted to hold the next meeting Wednesday evening, when the matter of establishing headquarters is likely to come up. The leaders of the club propose to take an active part in the campaign, and a marching battalion is one of the features talked of.

Deposit Your

October coupons and dividends in the Savings Department of the Traders' National Bank. Interest begins October 1st on money deposited before 9 o'clock p. m. Saturday, October 3rd, at the rate of four per cent per annum, compounding semi-annually.

Bank open daily 8 a. m. till 4 p. m., and Saturdays 8 a. m. till 1 p. m. and Saturday evenings 7 to 9 o'clock. 30 Middlesex street, and 11 P. O. Ave.

WHAT TO ASK FOR

In the way of seasonable dress designs is shown in the September issue of the

Butterick's Fashion Sheet,

NOW READY

AT

BUTTERICK'S

PATTERN AND CORSET PARLORS

204 and 206 MERRIMACK ST.

MILL KINDLING, dust at present can give a very large load of Mill Kindling for one dollar. Postal order promptly attended to. WILLIAM COGGILL, wood dealer, 23 Concord street.

Democratic Caucuses.

Democrats of Lowell will assemble in their respective ward rooms on Thursday evening, Sept. 10, at 7.30 o'clock, to elect delegates to attend the State, Congressional Councillor, County and Senatorial conventions. Each caucus will determine the manner of electing its delegates, except that for the election of Congressional delegates the Australian ballot will be used, and candidates for Congress must leave their tickets, and candidates for delegates must leave their names with the secretary, at headquarters, on or before Tuesday evening, Sept. 8, at 9 o'clock.

Called under the provisions of the Caucus act of 1895.

Per order Democratic City Committee.
F. H. PEARSON, Chairman.
J. F. TULLY, Secretary.

Examination for Training School.

There will be an examination of applicants for admission to the Lowell Training school and for the Kindergarten teachers class, in arithmetic, English grammar, geography, history of the United States, reading, writing, spelling, drawing and music, at the High School building, Kirk street, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 8 and 9, 1896, beginning at 1.30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

Applicants must be at least eighteen years of age, and must be residents of Lowell.

A. K. WHITCOMB,
Secretary of the School Committee.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

Warner Miller has been deposed again, but he will keep on getting in front of the Platt machine until politically pulverized.

The McEttrick and Nary fight is to be renewed in Boston. Democrats who have other "fish to fry" feel like exclaiming "give us a rest."

England has abandoned Trinidad to Brazil without any fuss. She seized it without asking anybody and foresaw trouble coming from the investigation of her Venezuela claims. Hence her withdrawal.

So wont is Li Hung Chang to ask the incomes of men and women that he is actually suspected of looking for an American heiress. He would be a great catch for some million-heiress. It is not unlikely that the American heiress belle may turn her attention from English to Chinese lords.

The people of Toronto want Sunday street cars, but the Lord's day alliance is fighting the project. That alliance should be run out of the city as opposed to all progress both temporal and spiritual. The street cars will enable thousands to attend church who would otherwise remain at home and by affording healthy diversion would prevent the commission of crime.

THE MERRIMACK CANVASS.

The band of the Arkwright club is seen in the action of the Merrimack Mfg. company of this city. Hanna visited the Arkwright club recently and now the club wants the mills under its denomination to make a canvass for the republican state committee. No canvass of this nature will be reliable because it is well known that under such intimidation an operative may lose his employment if he gives an answer contrary to the wishes of his masters.

The operatives should refuse to give the information as nobody has any right to demand it for the republican state committee or any other body.

This is a sort of intimidation that should be prohibited by law.

If the Arkwright club has so much interest in the matter, is it not clear that for political reasons more than any other cause, it urges a curtailment of production. All this is but another proof of the manner in which the republican party endeavors to hold the masses in subjection and use them for its purposes through the large corporations, the trusts and combines of which it is composed.

[illegible] AS TO PULPITEERING.

The Zion Herald has published an interesting symposium of opinions upon the important question whether religious ministers should discuss the monetary issue in their pulpits.

From the numerous opinions contributed by distinguished men, it is difficult to draw any definite conclusion. They are nearly equally divided between the affirmative and negative of the question.

For our part, were we called upon to give an opinion, we should say that if a minister does not care to lessen his influence with his flock, he will avoid discussing purely political questions in his pulpit.

Nearly every congregation is divided and consequently the minister cannot espouse either side without offending the advocates of the opposite side in his congregation as well as outside.

Moreover, a minister speaking from his pulpit is expected to speak only what he knows to be true, not what he supposes to be true. If he cannot speak what he knows to be true, he should at least speak on the authority of the bible, which will generally be accepted, but when a minister undertakes to discuss this money question he cannot quote scripture in support of the gold standard, nor of the silver standard.

In general, ministers are not as well posted upon financial questions as an ordinary business man, and their opinions on these subjects are consequently of little value.

It is clear that if one minister has a right to discuss this monetary question from the pulpit, all ministers enjoy the same right. But we find that the great majority of the ministers in the west are on the side of free silver, while the majority in the east are in favor of the gold standard. Here, then, is a ridiculous exhibition of difference among men who are looked up to as guides of the people. It is evident that such a contention among ministers will only subject them to ridicule without advancing the cause of truth, of patriotism, or justice, and without benefiting either church or state.

The best course to pursue is to to preach righteousness, a strict adherence to the laws of God and then leave the voters to decide with their consciences how they should vote on the monetary and other issues.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

TO STOP THE PLUNDERING

THE RULE OF THE BANKERS MUST COME TO AN END.

With the Gold Cornered by Foreign Speculators, Production Is Checked, Progress Impeded and Producers Impoverished. Only Money Lenders and Dealers In Credits Fatten.

In attempting to maintain an inconsistent and untenable position McKinley is frequently absurd, but he was never more absurd than in repeating the Wall street imbecility that if free coinage makes money more plentiful it will be "just as hard to get as ever" unless it is depreciated, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

It is not necessary to answer or to notice those who assert that the Democratic party proposes to use the mints and the power of the government in an attempt to give unearned money to any person or to any class of persons. It proposes to stop such frauds—frauds which are now perpetrated in the interests of the Rothschilds, the Morgans, the Belmonts and other treasury robbers who are Mr. McKinley's earnest supporters in the demand for what they and he call "honest money."

The Democratic party proposes to pay off the national debt, to abolish the corporation currency based on it, to supply the place of all corporation paper with silver and gold, freely coined, and to supply the business men and workers of the country with a sufficient medium of exchange to increase the volume of business and to allow a closer approximation to a cash basis than can ever be possible while the currency is controlled by European and Wall street money dealers, whose business is dealing in credits—who, in order to take the largest possible tolls from trade, are interested in forcing the country's supply of cash as low as possible.

If, as between the corporation note and the hard money dollar coined by the people and costing them nothing for its issuance, McKinley favors the corporation note which gives those who issue it control both of the trade of the country and of its politics, let him say so, but he need not think that the miserable and imbecile subterfuges of the professional robbers who have been plundering the United States treasury will enable him to conceal from the people the true nature of the issues involved in this campaign.

With the gold of the country cornered by foreign speculators and bond syndicates or held in the vaults of the national banks and with greenbacks also held out of circulation because the treasury treats them as gold certificates, we have not now in actual circulation as much money per capita as we had in 1875. Yet in 1875 the cotton crop was only 3,833,000 bales, while last year it was 9,892,000 bales, or nearly three times as much.

This immense increase in all lines of production must be followed by a corresponding increase in the medium used for the exchange of products, or production is checked, civilization and progress are impeded, producers are impoverished and only money lenders and dealers in credits fatten.

The volume of money must increase not only with the increase of population, but in a ratio measured also by the ratio of increased production to increased population. Every new machine, every new railroad, every new state opened, every new invention in mechanics, everything which increases the volume of products to be distributed, makes necessary a larger supply of the agent of their distribution—that is, of money.

When the supply of money is kept below the demands of increasing production, we have what is called "overproduction"—that is to say, with people starving to death by the score and the hundred in the great centers of population, we are obliged to burn our breadstuffs because there is not money enough to "move the crops"—because the movement of our crops is controlled by money brokers in Wall street who in their turn are controlled by money brokers in London.

This condition of affairs is intolerable and the American people will not tolerate it longer. When Mr. McKinley reads the returns in November, he will see that he cannot deceive the people of Ohio or of any other state populated by intelligent Americans. They have been robbed and oppressed so long that it has educated them, and they will back their education with the ballots through which they propose to stop the plunder of the treasury by the London and Wall street bankers who are supplying the money for the Hanna corruption fund.

If there is a monopoly in this country that is not an earnest and active financial supporter of William McKinley, it remains unidentified.

Gold In Silver Countries.

The statement has been made that in no silver standard country does gold circulate. According to a circular just issued by John G. Carlisle, Russia is on a silver basis and has $3.80 in gold and 38 cents in silver per capita. South American states, silver standard, except Chili and Venezuela, have 28 cents more gold than silver per capita, and the natives are counted in the population. India on a gold and silver basis has no gold.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

THE ONLY True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Therefore get Hood's and **ONLY HOOD'S.**

THE DEAR DOLLAR.

Every Class of Labor Suffers From It—Not So the Money Lender.

Men who work for wages should remember that money not only buys things, but that it has to be bought.

A dollar is bought by a workingman with a certain amount of work. If dollars are few and workingmen plenty, he will have to pay pretty dear in effort for his coin. Perhaps he will not even get a chance to buy it at all, either because there are not enough dollars to go around or because he cannot or will not pay the price. In such event the fact that the dollar he doesn't get is one of great value neither interests nor profits him.

The shopkeeper buys his dollars with goods. Ninety-nine out of every 100 of his customers, if he runs a city store, work for wages, and if the dearness of the dollar destroys their power of purchasing he will get fewer dollars to pay clerks, and some must be discharged, fewer dollars with which to buy goods, and factories will be closed. Every class of labor thus suffers by a dear dollar.

Does the banker, the money lender, the man whose investments bringing in interest outweigh all his other sources of income, suffer from a dear dollar? In no way. He does not buy dollars with work, with goods, with produce. He lends a dollar, gets back one which, under exis[t]ing conditions, is sure to be more valuable than the one he lent, and, moreover, receives interest in money of high purchasing power. His apparent interest lies wholly on the side of a dollar which is dear today and dearer tomorrow. We say his apparent interest because in fact the present system persisted in will be harmful to the banking classes as to others. The goose that lays the golden egg may be slaughtered. All securities are founded on the prosperity of the nation, and a policy which compels the distress of the people will compel the depreciation of the banker's securities.

The common people, however, will get near the core of this currency question if they remember that to get a dollar they must buy it with labor if workingmen, with wheat and corn if farmers, with cloth or china if merchants. The dollar which will exchange for twice as much of these commodities as did the dollar of 30 years ago is a dollar that costs them dear.—New York Journal.

When the laboring man goes to draw his wages or the business man presents a check at the bank, he can be required to take silver. But let him endeavor to pay off his mortgage in the same money in which he has been paid, and he will find that gold is the only money of ultimate payment when it comes to paying off the money lender.

Cockran Was a Greenbacker.

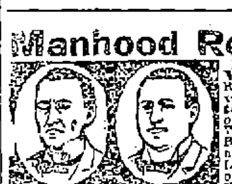
Bourke Cockran, Hanna's chief swashbuckler, stumped Maine for the greenback candidate in 1880.—Exchange.

Hopelessly lost to happiness is the woman who neglects the health of the most important and delicate organs of her body. If she is weak and sick and nervous, she cannot be cheerful and amiable; she cannot make her home pleasant for herself, or for her husband, or for her children. Health is the thing most worth having in all the world. It is the thing that makes all other good things good, and yet four out of five women are sick and weak and make no real effort to get well. Every one of them can be well, if she wants to. Women go on for years suffering in silence, and then some day they find out about Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—and they take it and get well. It is a positive specific for all weakness and disease of the female organs. Thousands of women have testified to this fact. Among them Mrs. Maud Pearce, of Stoutsville, Fairfield Co., Ohio, who writes:

"Please accept my thanks for the good your medicines have done me. I truly believe that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription saved my life. It is a sure and certain cure for 'female troubles.' I am having perfect health. I am stout and can do all my housework. Nothing did me any good until I heard of you. Now I am well at last by taking your medicines. My good health pleases me and pleases my husband. He wants me to give you his good wishes. Every invalid lady should take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

Headache, heart-burn, sour stomach, foul taste in the mouth, biliousness, pimples, and palpitation of the heart are all caused by constipation, and constipation is cured positively and permanently by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe and are perfectly natural and easy in their action. Druggists sell them.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING. Photographed from life.

NERVITAS, the Wonderful Roman Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Loss of Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Atrophy, Emissions, Varicocele, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 358 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL. Or you can buy it of druggist below: Ellingwood & Co. & Goodale's Drug Store LOWELL, MASS.

LOWELL

RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone, 322-3. City Tel., 582-4.

SUNBEAMS.

Sustaining Her Charge.

"It must disgrace me before all the neighbors that you came home drunk."

"But, my dear, who saw me?"

"No one, but they all heard me scolding you."—Fliegende Blatter.

Hetty Green to Give $100,000.

Hetty Green has startled her friends by offering to give $100,000 for a home for aged and infirm actresses.

The gift is to be in the shape of land and a sum for improvements, provided a certain other sum, not given, is subscribed. A company to promote the enterprise was incorporated in Springfield, Ills., with Mrs. H. Peeking as president. It is to this corporation that Hetty Green will make her gift.

Mrs. Green says the land is on the lake shore, near Chicago, but will not give the location.

Managing a Bore.

"You know that Brindley that you introduced to me?"

"Yes."

"Doesn't he bore you awfully?"

"Never."

"He doesn't?"

"No; I always introduce him to some one else."—Detroit News.

Proof Against Anything.

"Are you sure that nothing can destroy his love for you?"

"I'm positive."

"But how can you tell what may happen?"

"Nothing worse can happen. He saw me in bloomers last evening."—Chicago Post.

Ground.

"I love the very ground beneath your feet," he cried passionately.

"Alphonse."

She was transfigured, but she didn't say a word about the ground beneath her feet being mortgaged for more than it was worth.—Detroit Tribune.

He Wanted to Eat.

Patron—Mr. Dentalle, I put my set of false teeth in this morning and I can't get them out.

Mr. Dentalle (great dentist)—Well, what do you want to get them out for?

Patron—Why, it's dinner time.—New York Weekly.

Better Luck.

Maude—Heigho! I'm in for bad luck this month, I suppose. I saw the new moon last night over my left shoulder.

Gladys (dreamily)—Did you? You poor child! I had better luck than that. I saw it over Ned's right shoulder.—Somerville Journal.

Tit For Tat.

"I wouldn't marry you if you were the last man on earth," she exclaimed.

"I should think you wouldn't," he rejoined. "The last man on earth is going to be mighty particular whom he marries."—New York Press.

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE

OLD 64 CIGAR

H. ROOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty All work guaranteed

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder,

21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO. Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty. 42 CHURCH STREET.

The Tourist: "Most of your statesmen are self made, are they not?"

The Native: "Not much. Most of them are made by political machines."

80 Drinks For 15c

Of our Dandelion Nerve Tonic—a delicious invigorating home drink easily made—simply adding water and sugar and is low enough in price so that any one can afford it.

It is a good stomach tonic as well and should be tried by every one—much different and heathier than the majority of oil and soap bark concoctions usually sold 15c. a bottle only at

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street.

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?

DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

FINCH'S GOLDEN WEDDING RYE WHISKEY

1876—20 Years Old—1896

Held in storage by the late C. W. Cheney, for 15 years.

$1.50 PER BOTTLE, FULL QUART.

CHARLES H. JOYCE, 9 and 15 Middle St.

If There is Anything You Need in

FURNITURE

Get it Now and Secure

ABSOLUTELY FREE one of our GRAND PREMIUM BOOKS

When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as

STORY OF MAN — PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES

HEROES OF DARK CONTINENT — AND OTHERS

REMEMBER, Our Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

PETER DAVEY,

Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,

134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2: STORE 314-2.

Day and Night School

Now in session at New England Business University. Actual business from the start. Call and see us. GLICK & YOUNG. Runels' Building.

MUSIC HALL

PECK'S

BAD BOY

Three Nights and Saturday Matinee. Fun, Frolic, Fast, Furious.

POPULAR PRICES.

Sept. 7, 8 and 9.

LABOR DAY, MONDAY, MATINEE.

Grand Spectacular Melodrama

Cleopatra

New Scenery, Music and Costumes, Beautiful Ballets and Tableaus.

Edmund Collier as Marc Antony, Mary Emerson as Cleopatra, and a strong supporting company.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

New Management Entire and Seventh Week of Success.

KENDAL WESTON COMPANY

In His Great Success In One Act,

"One Touch of Nature."

And the farcical play, "My Uncle's Will."

Prices, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Box seats 50c., for sale during the day at Leed's. Evenings at 8. Matinees at 3 Wednesday and Saturday. Next week, Sept. 7th, commencing with a special matinee Labor Day, "A Happy Pair" and "To Oblige Benson."

LAKEVIEW PARK

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 31.

THE

Alabama Troubadours

A band of Afro-American celebrities, presenting in a true and realistic manner

Life in the Sunny South Before the War.

Buck and Wing Dancers, Banjoists, Jubilee Singers, Plantation Dancers, Male and Female Quartettes, Old Time Plantation Scenes, Camp Meeting Shouters, And the

Great Cake Walk.

Two Exhibitions Daily. Afternoon and Evening.

"GLEN FOREST."

Fare From Lowell 10c.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 24.

THE

ALABAMA TROUBADOURS

A Band of Afro-American Celebrities, PRESENTING IN A TRUE AND REALISTIC MANNER.

Life in the Sunny South before the war, Buck and Wing Dances, Banjoists, Jubilee Singers, Plantation Dances, Male and Female Quartettes, Old-Time Plantation Scenes, Camp-Meeting Shouters, and the

GREAT CAKE WALK.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO SALISBURY BEACH.

Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with Steamer Merrimack, daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. and 12 m.

On and After Sept. 8

Cars will leave daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. only. Steamer leaves beach to return at 4 p. m., one hour earlier. Four hours at the beach.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent.

Have You Ever Tried a Sample of Our

CALIFORNIA WHITE WINES

Hochheimer, Reising, Haut Sauterne, Deidesheimer, Sauterne.

JOHN M. PEVEY'S

55-57 MIDDLE ST.

16 TO 1

You will be pleaed if your watch and jewelery repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street

WANT COLUMN.

TO RENT—House, newly painted inside and out, nine rooms, stable, two stalls; carriage house, hen house. Beautifully located between Broadway and Pawtucket street on Wilder. Apply to J. A. Green, 58 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A small grocery business, with horse, harness, wagon and good cash customers. Low cash price. Apply to Charles Spooney, 1206 Lawrence Street.

LOST—A railroad pass near the corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Finder please leave at Sun office.

WANTED.—$5000 capital wanted and equal partnership offered on a Lowell theatre, to be run on first-class principal with strong N. Y. dramatic company. Address W, Sun office.

FOR SALE.—Near Westford and Lane streets, two tenement house, all modern improvements, 5000 feet of land; you can buy this place at a bargain. Call and see G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

SALESMEN—One in every state to sell our cigars on credit. Samples, good pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1334, New York City.

FOR SALE.—Near Powell street, two story house, large lot of land; this is your chance to get a home and on easy terms. Price $1450. L. G. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE.—On Westford street, cottage house, small barn, one acre of land; this is a bargain. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.—In Pawtucketville, near new bridge, good two tenement house, large lot of land, always rented. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop, Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE.—On line of electric road, small place of 16 acres of land, new cottage house; this is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 76 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 20A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year. piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

STOP AND THINK,

Vain Regrets usually follow hasty actions.

Is it cheaper to get a cheap job cheap than to get a good job done at a reasonable price?

Good work at reasonable prices has built up our business.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Builders and Repairers.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S

279 DUTTON STREET.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

HARRY HILL IS GONE

NEVERMORE WILL THE FAMOUS OLD SPORT "OBLIGE."

Died In Poverty Though He Had Made a Fortune In His Time—For Years He Kept the Most Famous Sporting Resort In the Country—Was Known as "Square."

Harry Hill, the veteran sporting man, well known throughout the country, died at his home in Corona, N. Y., the other evening. The cause of his death is attributed to drinking impure water from the water supply at Corona. He was 76 years of age and had been ill two weeks.

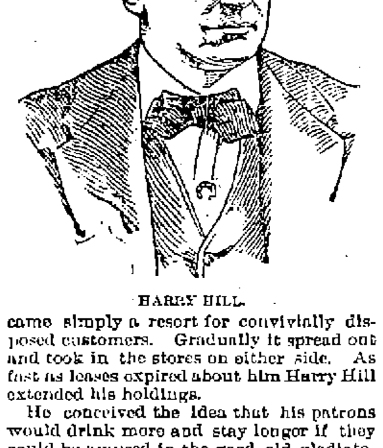
Harry Hill had the reputation, of which he was proud, of being "the squarest man" who ever owned a sporting resort in New York. A decade and a half ago his resort at Houston and Crosby streets was known all over the country, and no rural individual of any sporting proclivities at all considered a visit to New York complete unless it included a visit to "Harry Hill's."

The proprietor was genial and hearty, and it was his boast—truthful so far as is known—that no person was ever robbed in his place. Many New Yorkers who have memories—and not unpleasant ones of "Harry Hill's," occupy places high in politics and in the business world today. It was their custom to "open wine" with the thick set, popular Englishman who conducted it and who owed his success to his honesty and good fellowship.

Hill, who was at one time reputed to be worth $500,000, died in poverty, and it is a fact worthy of note that of all the men who have achieved success and were under obligations to him not one went to his assistance in his days of adversity.

In 1854 he bought out a grocery store at Houston and Crosby streets, obtained a grocer's license to sell liquor, and it was from that beginning that his famous resort sprang. The grocery soon became headquarters for all of the sportsmen of the neighborhood. Hill was always master of his own place. He was handy with his fists and a clever wrestler. He never found it necessary to call upon the police for assistance.

John Morrissey one day met Hill and backed him to wrestle with Lieutenant Ainsworth of New Britain, Conn. The match came off April 14, 1863, for $2,500 a side. Hill won the match, and Morrissey was over after his friend. The grocery presently ceased to exist as a grocery and be-



HARRY HILL.

came simply a resort for convivially disposed customers. Gradually it spread out and took in the stores on either side. As fast as leases expired about him Harry Hill extended his holdings.

He conceived the idea that his patrons would drink more and stay longer if they could be amused in the good old gladiatorial fashion, and he fixed up a stage in the central saloon, where nightly boxing bouts were held.

Every Thursday night he gave an exhibition and concert for charity, thus playing upon both sides of human nature.

He never lost an opportunity to get an attraction. Once he bought a hog of phenomenal size and exhibited it in his place. Habitues would walk down Broadway holding a piece of string that they would say was the length of a hog they had just seen. The victims would bet the drinks it was not so, and business was boomed materially thereby.

Hill's reputation for honesty was such that drunken men were glad to place their money and valuables in his hands for safe keeping. No one was ever known to have lost a cent thereby.

It is said that on one occasion a man gave him $84,000 to keep, and got it back after his prolonged spree. Rough and tumble fights were naturally frequent at Harry Hill's, but they never lasted long. The proprietor had a way of getting the fighters down stairs before they knew what was happening to them. Many times roughs entered the place with the avowed intention of making trouble, but Harry Hill was always able to take care of himself. Once Billy Edwards gave him valuable assistance when he was attacked.

The honesty of the man made him a favorite stakeholder among betting men. He was one of those who backed Billy Edwards in his fight with Sam Colyer at Cone River, Va., and he was stakeholder when in 1879 Jem Mace signed articles for a fight with Joe Coburn. Fully $25,000 stakes were deposited with him when Sullivan defeated Ryan at Mississippi City.

In the height of his prosperity the police drove Harry Hill out of his place, and his financial downfall began at that time. He bought 450 acres of land at Flushing, N. Y., as a speculation, and established a ferry to Fulton street, New York. His venture was not successful, and he lost heavily. He established a saloon known as the Cario in Broadway, near Houston street, and in that place alone lost $30,000.

Robert Chesebrough of New York held mortgages on almost everything that Hill owned. He treated the old man leniently, but at last was obliged to foreclose, and the last of Hill's fortune of $200,000 vanished like the froth on the champagne that had flowed so freely in his place.

With the mere scraps of his fortune he tried to start a saloon at the Harlem bridge, but the police, who pursued him diligently, kept close watch of every possible delinquency, such as being open for a moment after hours, and he was finally compelled to give it up.

He was in absolute need two years ago, but sternly refused to ask aid from friends. Like a sporting Beau Brummel he was prepared to starve when Richard K. Fox and H. C. Miner heard of his plight and arranged a benefit for the old man.

Although past 70 years of age, he stuck to it that he was only 60. The money derived from the benefit he invested in a little, shabby saloon at Maspeth, but could not make it pay.

"The people out here," he was wont to say, "want a glass full of whisky for 5 cents, and, bless me soul, I haven't the heart to call 'em down."—New York Journal.

Came Back.

With a scornful curl of his lip, the young husband laid his cane violently across his wife's bloomers.

They were stretched over a clothesline in the back yard.

He was dusting them.

He struck them another violent blow.

They flew back and hit him in the eye.

"Boomerang!" was all he said.—Chicago Tribune.

BRIDES FOR A TRIBE

PAMUNKEY INDIANS SEEKING OUTSIDE ALLIANCES.

Intermarriage is Killing the Descendants of the Ancient Powhatans of Virginia, and They Are Negotiating With the Cherokees—The Original F. F. V.'s.

An entire nation in search of eligible wives and husbands by the wholesale is a spectacle of rare occurrence in these modern times, but that spectacle is just now presented by the interesting tribe of Pamunkey Indians who live only 21 miles east of Richmond, over in King William county. It is true that the tribe is not a very populous one, but what it lacks in numbers it makes up in quality, for the Pamunkeys are indeed literally the "first families" of the Old Dominion—real "F. F. V.'s"—being actual lineal descendants of the aborigines of the American continent. They are the undoubted offspring of the old Powhatans of the days of Captain John Smith and of Pocahontas, still dwelling upon a part of their old hunting grounds and representing all that is left of the once powerful native confederacy that gave the early Virginia colonists so much trouble. Their progenitors possessed the land when Captain Newport, in 1607, founded Jamestown, the first permanent English settlement in North America. Consequently the present Pamunkeys are the veritable "blue bloods" among all the Indians surviving today, and they form the largest remnant of the old Algonquin stock now to be found on the Atlantic coast. Only a few trifling offshoots and some few uncertain and feeble strains of blood remain of the other Powhatan tribes.

The Pamunkeys alone have withstood intact the encroachments of civilization for nearly 300 years, and their preservation is all the more noteworthy from the fact that they live by themselves in their peculiar way in such close vicinity to the busy marts and "effete civilization" of the east. Although their manners are now modified, their blood impoverished, their language lost and their prestige vanished, they still illustrate in themselves the law of the survival of the fittest. The bare fact of their existence is unknown even in many parts of Virginia and almost wholly unknown elsewhere.

The very antiquity of the Pamunkeys, the exclusiveness of their race and the extreme blueness of their blood, unmixed through centuries with any other infusion, gravely imperil their future, so that the tribe is now in danger of dying out and is urgently in need of a matrimonial alliance with some outside stock to preserve the root. The detrimental effects of continued intermarriage among themselves have become alarming, but inasmuch as they scorn a vulgar union with their white as well as their colored neighbors, they are in a sore dilemma as to what steps they should take to restore their blood and save themselves from extinction.

Under this stress of necessity the head men of the Pamunkeys for three years have been considering plans for forming a matrimonial alliance with some more vigorous Indian tribe, notably with the eastern band of Cherokees in the adjacent states of North Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama. They opened negotiations with the Cherokees a year ago to procure brides for their unmarried sons and husbands for their unmarried daughters. The male Pamunkeys have been made to understand that the eastern Cherokee girls are exceptionally pretty, modest and sensible, and the female Pamunkeys believe the eastern Cherokee braves to be handsome, loyal and industrious and calculated to make safe husbands. But for some reason the negotiations have not progressed satisfactorily, and up to date there has been no substantial outcome.

Correspondence on the subject has been conducted with the chiefs of the eastern Cherokees, and repeated conferences have been held with various Indian philanthropists and with the United States commissioner of Indian affairs at the government bureau in Washington, while many strong inducements have been held out to any eligible tribe to make the desired arrangement and promptly send on a select sample consignment of "likely" girls and youths. But so far no definite success has been attained. What worthy tribe will now step forward and come to the relief of the despairing Pamunkeys? Of course it need hardly be said that only a first grade tribe will answer the requirements, for, as explained above, the Pamunkeys esteem themselves a particularly gilt edged race.

Naturally they are proud of their lineage and of the prominent place occupied by their illustrious ancestors in history and literature. King Opechancanough, the successor of Powhatan and the leader of the great massacre of the whites in 1622, is their tutelar hero. Next to him they revere the memory of Powhatan and his ill starred daughter, Pocahontas, who, as a little girl, saved Captain John Smith from death in 1608 and as a grown woman married John Rolfe, the English planter, in 1613. They maintain among themselves a curious kind of native aristocracy and assume a high superiority over their surrounding Virginian neighbors, even as their old Pamunkey forbears deemed themselves the leading factor among all the allied Powhatan tribes. If put to the test, they might reluctantly acknowledge the best whites as perhaps their equals, but they account the blacks as infinitely beneath themselves in the social scale.—New York Sun.

Kite Pictures Successful.

The midair kite photographs of Boston, taken by William A. Eddy of Bayonne, N. J., have been developed. Of the first 12 films 7 were successful, giving distinct views at great height of the Common, Beacon street, Commonwealth avenue, Charles river and the outlying suburbs.

Mr. Eddy estimates that in one of the views the camera was at the moment of exposure fully 1,500 feet above the pavement. Of the five photographs taken yesterday afternoon three failed, owing to a defect in the camera shutter, but two gave good views of the central part of the city. The kites used were 6 and 7 feet in diameter, and during the experiments from four to eight kites were required to support the camera.

Women Want Clean Shoes.

An enterprising woman of New York is arranging for the establishment of a place where women can have their shoes polished. Her idea is to start a small place up town where women can step in at any time during the day and for 10 cents have their footgear cleaned. If the establishment succeeds, branches will then be opened in other districts and a new departure made permanent.

The Average Man In This Campaign.

A very unfortunate woman lives in Atchison. Her husband wants to argue silver with her three times a day, but never gives her any.—Atchison Globe.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

THE BRITISH SECRETARY

On a Visit to His Father-in-Law at Danvers.

Danvers, Mass., Sept. 3.—Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the British colonies, accompanied by his wife and private secretary, arrived here last night for a three weeks' visit to his father-in-law, William C. Endicott. In an interview, Mr. Chamberlain said his visit to the United States had no political significance, and was simply for the purpose of visiting Mrs. Chamberlain's parents and for relaxation and quiet. He expects to stay here three weeks, and did not expect to visit Canada during his visit.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Five persons perished in a fire in an Ontario hotel.

Wheat and corn crop reports are very favorable.

There is great distress among the fire sufferers at Ontonagon, Mich.

Habana advices claim that matters are improving in Cuba for the Spanish cause.

The estate of the late Martin Brimmer of Boston is valued at more than $1,000,000.

A party of excursionists barely escaped serious injury by an eruption of Mt. Hood.

The New York Lyon diamond robbery is believed to have been the result of a conspiracy.

Seattle (Wash.) banks will retaliate on Canada by accepting Dominion money only at a discount.

The sending of warships to Turkey does not mean an enforcement of the Harpoot claims.

The treasury yesterday lost $70,000 in gold coin, and $3800 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the reserve $103,203,-223.

Medical Director David Kindleberger, at present in charge of the naval hospital at Philadelphia, and the senior medical officer of the navy, retired yesterday, on account of age. He has a most creditable record of active service during and since the war.

Baseball.

At Boston—Boston, 18; St Louis, 3. Boston, 12; St. Louis, 8.

At Brooklyn—Cleveland, 5; Brooklyn, 3.

At Washington—Louisville, 8; Washington, 6.

At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 10; Philadelphia, 2.

At New York—Cincinnati, 4; New York, 0.

At Baltimore—Baltimore, 4; Chicago, 2.

At New Bedford—New Bedford, 9; Pawtucket, 5.

At Fall River—Brockton, 14; Fall River, 1.

At Augusta—Bangor, 10; Augusta, 3. Bangor, 10; Augusta, 9.

WOMAN AS A FIANCIER.

The Lawyer Who Needed Money and the Wife Who Offered to Lend.

"I have heard it said," remarked the lawyer, "that women are not good financiers, but I"—

"Generally speaking, that is true," interrupted the banker, "but there are exceptions. The average woman is a nuisance the moment she undertakes to fool with figures, and I confess I hate to see one come into the bank. The calm confidence with which she suggests that we reverse our usual methods of doing business is refreshing, but annoying if too often repeated. She expects everything to be shifted around in order to make it a trifle more convenient for her. As a financier I must confess she"—

"Beats all creation," put in the lawyer. "You may not agree with me," he added, "but it's so. A little of her cool assurance is worth all of man's superior knowledge of values and financial methods."

"It's evident that you've never been connected with a bank," said the banker.

"But I'm married," retorted the lawyer.

"Ah, I might have known that we were coming to a scrap of domestic history," returned the banker. "I will admit that the science of domestic economy as practiced by women is beyond all the ordinary rules of finance. But let's hear the story."

"I found myself dead broke at home one evening, and I needed a little change," explained the lawyer. "I asked my wife for $5, and she immediately wanted to know what she was to get out of it."

"Good business instinct," commented the banker. "She realized that she had the money market temporarily cornered. Very clever, indeed, for a woman."

"I told her I'd bring her home $25 the following night if she'd let me have $5 that evening," continued the lawyer, "and she was delighted."

"Naturally," returned the banker. "The rate was usurious."

"'I need $25 so much,' she exclaimed, 'and I've been wondering how I was going to get it. Be sure you don't forget to bring it home.'

"'I won't,' I said. 'Where's the V?'

"'The V!' she exclaimed. 'Oh, I'll give that to you out of the $25 if you're mean enough to take it. I haven't a cent now.'"

"Well?" said the banker inquiringly.

"Oh, you're married and don't need to have the story finished," returned the lawyer. "You know very well that she got the $25, and I got eternally and everlastingly left in the transaction, as a man almost invariably does when he enters into financial negotiations with his wife."—Chicago Post.

The Refinement of Cruelty.

The luxury and refinement which emphasized the unnatural cruelty of the Roman empire find their counterpart in the chronicles of the Mamelukes, and Nero fiddling over burning Rome would have passed unnoticed among the crowd of dilettante slave kings, who united charming tastes with execrable morals. A great vizier, after governing Egypt for ten years during the nominal sovereign's minority, had at last to make way for his master. The young sultan, An-Nasir, was now to take up the reins of power himself. The Vizier Salar received him with high festivities and princely gifts. The vizier was trapped, cast into prison, and there starved with circumstances of exasperating barbarity. Trays were sent him loaded with costly dishes, such as one sees today in the British museum, richly incrusted with arabesques and inscriptions, in silver and gold inlay of the most exquisite workmanship.

When the famished prisoner uncovered them, he found no food. One bowl was full of gold, another of pearls, a third of precious stones. He gnawed his own palms and bit off his fingers in the pangs of hunger, and so died. It is a scene that would have delighted Caligula.—Saturday Review.

An Omen Analyzed.

"Does yoh re'ly b'lieve," said Pickaninny Jim, "dat it's lucky ter git do lef' hin foot ob er rabbit?"

"It all 'pends on de circumstantials, chile," was the reply.

"Yoh means on how yoh gits it."

"Dat's it. Ef somebody gits yer de lef' hin foot an keeps do res'er de rabbit his-se'f, 'tain' no luck 'tall. But ef yoh comes erway wif hin foot, rabbit an all, hit's er sho' sign dah's er good dinner comin ter yer."—Washington Star.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION

Of Yesterday.

THE MAIN ISSUE

As it is Set Forth in Two Convention Platforms.

NEW HAMPSHIRE DEMOCRATS STILL LOYAL.

One For Silver the Other For Gold.

Concord, Sept. 2.—The democrats gathered in large numbers here today for the state convention. There is great enthusiasm manifested on all sides. Shortly after 11 o'clock John C. Amey called to order and John B. Nash was chosen permanent chairman.

His address was received with much applause. The resolutions committee reported a platform declaring for the national ticket and platform and also for a state license law as opposed to the present prohibition law.

Connecticut Republicans

Hartford, Sept. 2.—The termination of an interesting convention contest came today when the republicans nominated a candidate for governor and six presidential electors.

The organization of the convention was completed last night. At 10.20 Chairman McLean called to order and Samuel Fessenden was chosen permanent chairman.

The platform declares for a gold standard until such time as a different arrangement can be made by international agreement.

FIGHTING FOR FOOD.

The People in the Burned District are Starving.

Chicago, Sept. 2.—A despatch from Calumet, Mich., says that there is great distress among the people in the burned district in Ontonagon. Some are starving as the supply of relief is not at all equal to the demand.

Then again there is great fighting for food, the result being that the weaker ones have to go without any. A detachment of the militia has been ordered out to preserve order and attend to the distribution of the food.

G. A. R. PARADE.

Veterans Made a Great Showing In St. Paul Today.

St. Paul, Sept. 2.—The parade of the G. A. R., was the main feature of the encampment today. The route was only two miles long. The parade started from Western avenue at 10 o'clock and General Walker rode at the head of the line.

The New Englanders were in the third division. At the lower end of Sixth avenue General Walker left the line and took his place in the receiving stand returning the salute of the veterans as they passed.

$20,000 LOST

And Twelve Men Killed In Yesterday's Explosion.

Pinole, Cal., Sept. 2.—The explosion in the glycerine house of the California powder works, yesterday, wrecked the building and killed 12 men. The loss will be $20,000.

GROUT'S MAJORITY.

Returns So Far Received Make It Over 38,000.

St. Albans, Vt., Sept. 2.—At 9 o'clock this morning returns were received from 225 towns out of the 245 in the state. They show 52,761 votes for Grout, rep., and 14,450 votes for Jackson, dem. The democrats elected seven representatives to the legislature.

LABOR DAY.

How It Will Be Observed Hereabouts—Business Suspended.

Next Monday will be Labor day and as usual the mills will be closed, as will be the post office, the banks and all other public institutions. All the important stores will be closed in the afternoon.

The labor men of the city will observe the day variously.

The Cotton Spinners' union will conduct a great excursion to Nantasket beach which already gives promise of success.

The Building Laborers will unite with the Lawrence brethren in a picnic at Haggett's pond at which many other labor men will be present.

St. Joseph's union will have a grand gala day on the Fair grounds with numerous attractions.

All the barrooms will close.

LOWELL MEN ENTERED.

Many of Them in the Bicycle Races at Nashua.

The following Lowell wheelmen have entered in the bicycle races to take place at the Nashua, N. H., driving park on Labor day: One mile novice. T. B. Whitcher, Elmer Bowers, Fred Wilson, James Coughlin, Frank Patnaud, I. N. Cox, P. C. Ferron and Mark Bentley. One half mile open—H. E. Dahlberg, G. Cote, F. J. Murphy. One mile open—H. E. Dahlberg and D. Cote. One mile open 2.40 class, T. B. Witcher, D. Cote, James Coughlin, Frank Patnaud, M. J. Murphy, P. C. Ferron and William McKay. One mile handicap open—H. E. Dahlberg. D. Cote, James Coughlin, William McKay, Mark Bentley and M. J. Murphy. Tandem race, one mile open—F. H. Peabody and mate.

REV. FR. DORGAN, O. M. I.,

Transferred to Buffalo, N. Y., For the Present.

Rev. E. A. Dorgan, O. M. I., who has been stationed at the Immaculate Conception church for the past three months has been transferred to the church of the Holy Angels, Buffalo, N. Y., and will soon start for that place. Prior to coming to Lowell Fr. Dorgan was stationed three months in Texas.

CONSUMPTION

TO THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., 183 Pearl St., New York.

MATRIMONIAL.

Constable John A. McQuade and Miss Jennie Field were united in matrimony this morning in the chapel of the Immaculate Conception church.

FUNERALS.

McDONALD—The funeral of John H. McDonald occurred yesterday afternoon from his late home in the Dracut Navy Yard and was largely attended. The pall bearers were Messrs. Edward St. Ledger, John Roddy, Fred Crowley, Timothy Leary, James Quirk and David Tyrrell. At the grave in the Catholic cemetery, Rev. Fr. Gilday officiated.

Jack McDonough Matched.

Jack McDonough, who was beaten by Dick O'Brien in less than half a round at Lowell, has been matched to box Tom Cauley at Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 11. Cauley was formerly Tommy Ryan's sparring partner.

Martin is Willing.

Martin Flaherty is out with a challenge to meet the winner of the Dixon-White contest, which takes place at the Broadway club, New York, on Sept. 21.

BRAGG A SILVER MAN.

Said to Have Declared for the White Metal In 1893.

Indianapolis, Sept. 2.—The delegates to the gold convention are nearly all here. It looks now as though the ticket will be Bragg and Buckner, though other booms are being worked.

A story calculated to destroy Bragg's chances was circulated this morning to the effect that in 1893, he was a free silver advocate, and wrote a letter defining his position. The story was promptly denied.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

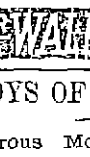
"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

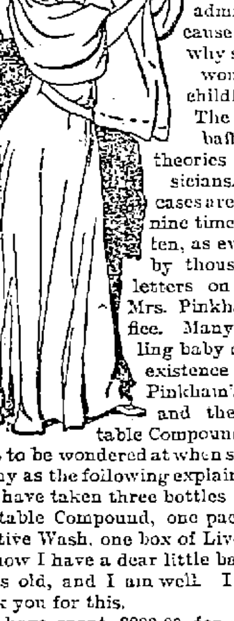
DR. WALKER DENTIST

JOYS OF MATERNITY.

Vigorous Mothers and Sturdy Children Are Always Admired.

Why so Many Women Are Childless—A Problem That Has Puzzled Physicians for Centuries.

Reproduction is a law of nature, and no picture of joy and happiness can equal that of the vigorous mother and her sturdy child.



Nature makes but few mistakes, and every thoughtful person must admit that a cause exists, why so many women are childless.

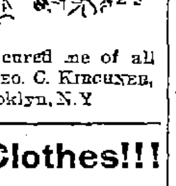
The subject baffles the theories of physicians. Such cases are curable nine times out of ten, as evidenced by thousands of letters on file at Mrs. Pinkham's office. Many a darling baby owes its existence to Mrs. Pinkham's advice and the Vegetable Compound. This is not to be wondered at when such testimony as the following explains itself:

"I have taken three bottles of your Vegetable Compound, one package of Sanative Wash, one box of Liver Pills; and now I have a dear little babe four weeks old, and I am well. I have to thank you for this.

"I have spent $200.00 for doctor's bills without obtaining any relief. For my cure I only spent $5.00.

"I had been a victim of female troubles in their worst form; suffered untold agonies every month; had to stay in bed, and have poultices applied; and then could not stand the pain.

"My physician told me if I became pregnant I would die. I had bladder trouble, itching, backache, catarrh of the stomach, hysteria and heart trouble, fainting spells and leucorrhœa. Can you wonder that I sing the praises of a medicine that has cured me of all these ills?"—MRS. GEO. C. KIRCHNER, 372 Belmont Ave. Brooklyn, N.Y



You Wear Clothes!!!

Why not wear the best? That is the kind we make, we have the goods you want, **EXCLUSIVE STYLES** in the correct shades and weaves for fall and winter wear, at prices to suit the times.

Louis Alexander,

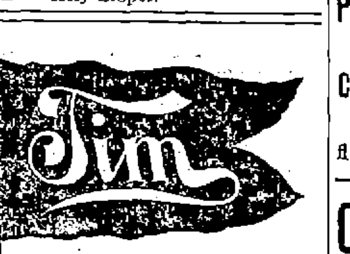
Formerly of Fifth Ave., New York.

Importer and Tailor, No. 65 Central Street.

Her Usefulness.

"That cow's got a lot of good points about her."

"Yes. She'd make a splendid hatstand."—Ally Sloper.



Five Cents.

That is the price of Tim and that is what Tim is *worth*. Compare Tim with those five-cent cigars that have been reduced from ten, fifteen, twenty-five, and fifty cents and you will find Tim far ahead in quality.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350, successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPYS,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

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ONE DOLLAR! Spent for Footwear at Our Store NOW! Insures to the Buyer a Saving of 50c.

EAGLE SHOE STORE

215 DUTTON STREET.

J. J. LONERGAN. - - - Prop.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Summer Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to June 21, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.30, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 2.55, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Haverhill, 6.30, 6.50, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30, †11.25 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 8.45 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 6.30 a. m., 1.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 6.30 a. m. 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco, Old Orchard and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 6.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 6.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m. 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal, and Quebec, 6.50 8.30, a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John (per steamer), on Tuesdays and Fridays at 8.30 a. m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones from Rockland), Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.10 p. m.

†Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Southern Division.

On and After June 28, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, †6.50, *7.45, *8.50, ¶9.00, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, ¶3.00, 4.25, ¶5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, †45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.48, 6.33, ¶6.53, §7.01, §7.18, §*7.27, 7.33, 7.40, *7.46, *8.57, 9.03, *9.50, 11.03, 11.42 a. m.; 12.16, 1.43, ¶3.03, *4.00, 4.10, 4.28, 5.22, ¶5.30, 8.21, 7.47, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, §7.18, §*7.27, 8.48, *9.16 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.30, §7.01, 7.33, 7.45, 11.00 a.m.; 1.40, 4.28, 8.45 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 4.15 p. m.

For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.33 a. m.; 1.28, 5.53 p. m.

For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.10 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.18 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.13 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.13, 9.42, 10.09 a.m.; 12.00, 1.00, 1.40, 1.54, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.00 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3.08 a.m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.13, 8.43 p.m.

For Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.13, 9.42 a. m; 12.00, 1.40 5.42, †6.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40, 9.13 a. m; 1.40 p. m. 3.43 p. m., Saturday only till August 29th inclusive.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.42 a.m; 1.40, †8.43 p. m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.42 a. m.; 12.00, †8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.42 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via Plymouth and Sherbrooke—1.54 p. m., except Saturday and Sunday, 8.43 p.m., except Saturday.

† Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

H. C. TAFT, General Agent, Lowell.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST. 161 CENTRAL ST. opposite the Washington House.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD

Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have

PETER WATSON

call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at

52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Gorham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

C. B. Coburn & Co.

BASKETS

Suitable for picking fruit.

Bottle, Jug and Jar Corks,

Sealing Wax.

63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

SCOTT & O'DAY,

Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers

Steam, Gas and Water Piping.

JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

54 APPLETON STREET.

Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 00 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 474-4.

THERE'S NO QUESTION ABOUT IT.

The line of HATS for fall wear that we are now showing stand preeminent, without a rival. We've never been able to make such a showing before and you'll appreciate what that means. Their quality and price have pleased all who have inspected them.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING!

Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies.

DAVIS & NICKERSON,

Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET.

New Goods Arriving Every Week.

OLD WHEAT FLOUR

This is the season of the year to buy your winter Flour. You are sure of getting old wheat of us and we guarantee the quality and the price.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.

Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers,

415 MIDDLESEX STREET.

28 THORNDIKE STREET.

Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block.

Fall Styles

1896-97.

The Gold Derby	The Silver Tourist

Our two hats that have been universally indorsed as the most becoming, and best values ever seen in the field for public favor, now ready.

95c., $1.48,

$2, $2.50.

J. L. CHALIFOUX,

49 to 59 Central Street.

SUITS

MADE TO ORDER AT

READY MADE CLOTHING PRICES.

BERTRAND'S 24 Middle Street.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 07 Central Street.

Counsellor at Law and Notary Public.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

A Stupendous Bargain Sale OF

BED BLANKETS

Opens in Our Store To-day. We have opened this week several cases of new Blankets which manufacturers have been making for us the past four months and we have also purchased from the same manufacturers several cases which are subject to imperfection and which we bought very much less than the price of regular goods. Therefore

We Will Discount this Week the Lowest Prices Ever Paid for Blankets.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK. BUY NOW.

Five cases of Blankets, white and grey, at **49c.** a pair.

Four cases of white and grey Blankets, 11-4 size, at **98c.** a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, white only with border, an elegant quality at **$1.25** a pair.

One hundred pair 11-4 Blankets, imperfect, regularly sold at $2.75, only **$1.75** a pair.

Ninety pair of Wool Blankets, imperfect, sold regularly at $4.00, only **$2.39** a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, very slight imperfections, pink, blue and yellow borders, sold regularly at $5.50, only **$3.75** a pair.

Two cases of strictly all-wool 11-4 Blankets, regularly sold at $7.00, the imperfections are scarcely noticeable, price **$4.50** a pair.

Elegant Blankets in Perfect Goods Up to $15.00 a Pair.

Two Bargains in Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Seventy-five dozen Bleached Pillow Cases 42x36 and 45x36, at 6 1-4c. each.

Twenty-five dozen of ready-to-wear Bleached Sheets at **39c.** each.

COMFORTERS.

Complete and entirely new stock of Comforters. New designs, new styles, beautiful colorings, in French Sateen Comforters. All our low and medium price Comforters are filled with pure carded cotton batting. Largest stock in Lowell to select from.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:12; sets, 6:14.
Length of day—13h. 1m.
Moon rises—12:08 p. m.
Full sea—7:15 a. m.; 7:45 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Showers in northern portions and fair, followed by showers during the afternoon or night in the southern portion; increasing southwesterly winds; warmer in eastern portion.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	§7 07
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 52
6 50	8 04	6 40	§7 36
§7 01	7 53	8 00	9 11
*§7 18	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 21	8 12	*9 00	§9 40
§7 33	8 50	*9 20	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 35	10 45	11 58
*8 50	9 49	11 30	§12 07
9 00	10 30	12 00	§12 56
9 40	10 40	*1 00	§1 38
11 00	12 00	*1 15	§1 52
§11 42	12 25	2 00	3 04
§12 15	1 07	*3 00	§3 49
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 32
*§4 00	4 45	4 50	§5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 41
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 22	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 23	6 53	6 15	7 37
*§6 24	7 10	*7 30	§8 10
*§7 47	8 30	*8 00	§8 40
§8 45	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 16	10 10	5 00	§5 50
§4 25	5 32	7 31	§8 17
§6 58	7 00	8 00	§8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 03	7 20	8 38
8 15	9 10	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 39	10 25	11 45
10 50	12 02	1 50	1 06
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 19
12 15	1 59	3 30	4 29
2 39	3 44	3 40	4 55
2 55	4 02	4 25	5 45
4 05	5 21	5 01	6 20
5 10	6 40	6 01	7 09
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 00	8 06	9 10	10 41
9 20	10 44	11 15	12 15

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 58
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 50	8 40	9 49
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex Street station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

J. Joseph Hennessy, Esq., has opened a law office at room 15, Hildreth building.

Principal Cecil Bancroft of Phillips Academy, Andover, was in this city yesterday.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

The Village Improvement Association of Chelmsford Centre has ordered the construction of a large case, which will be set up in the trustees' room of the library building.

Much complaint is being made against bicycle scorchers on upper Gorham street, along the cemeteries, and hair breadth escapes by women and children are said to be of almost daily occurrence.

If you read again the advertisement of A. G. Pollard & Co., you will notice that their last item is "Meat Platters" instead of "Neat Patterns" as we printed it for them Tuesday, and by the way, those "Meat Platters" are a great bargain.

The following note comes to this office: One of those worthy icemen has had the audacity to deprive a man of a much prized and valuable dog for the space of a week, and further, from the appearance of the animal, deprived it of food during that time, which conduct should form a matter of investigation for the Humane society.

Supt. Davis Queried.

Superintendent Davis has received a communication from Michael Dwyer of the National Soldiers' home, Hampton, Va., which reads as follows:

Aug. 25, 1896.

If John Hughes, who resides in Lowell and served on U. S. Steamer A. D. Vance in 1864 and 1865, if still living, would send his address to the undersigned he would confer a favor and hear from an old shipmate of his.

MICHAEL DWYER.
National Soldiers' home, Hampton, Va.

AT UNDERSHORE CAMP.

"The Only Man on the Beach" Awarded a Prize.

"Undershore" camp, Long pond, yesterday, was the scene of a jolly good time, the occasion of a fish fry in honor of the following well known Lowellians:

Treasurer "Josh" Kershaw of the Hogans, John Billingsly, Wm. W. Murphy, John Fitzgerald, Fred Halstead and Police Officer Bartholomew Kane.

The hosts of the occasion were Police Officers Edward Hill and Henry Brady. After the inner man was satisfied various out-door diversions were participated in. Mr. Kershaw blushingly received the prize offered to the "only man on the beach," and made his first extemporaneous address in public on receiving the award. It might be parenthitecally remarked that it was too long for publication.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Items of Interest in the School Department—Lands and Buildings Committee to Blame for Poor School House Accommodations.

When the use of a school house is desired permission is sought from the committee on lands and buildings, as was shown on Tuesday evening, when the request of the republicans to be allowed to use the basement of the new Moody school for caucuses was referred to that committee. Should it be necessary to make any repairs in that building either before or after the caucus the expense will have to be borne by the school board. Though it is incumbent upon the later body to care for all school buildings, it has practically no supervision over these buildings.

It seems that the responsibility for lack of school accommodations in Plain street rests with the lands and buildings committee. It allowed the old Plain street school structure to be demolished without any provision being made for receiving pupils in September.

For the next two weeks the truant commissioners will be kept hustling, handling next text books as they come from the different publishing houses.

Supt. Whitcomb, who was unanimously elected last Monday evening, is now in his sixth year as superintendent of schools.

The late Charles Morrill served 16 terms as superintendent and Mr. Whitcomb ranks next to him in point of service.

Truant Commissioner Williams is another old official in the school department, his career extending over a period of 10 years.

New Fall and Winter Goods

Exclusive novelties in the latest shades and styles, from the magnificent house of E. H. Vandingen & Co., New York and London, England, at Louis Alexander's, the tailor, 66 Central street.

1876 and 1896.

For the past twenty years we have been supplying the citizens of Lowell with high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 38 Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

GOLD DEMOCRATS.

Continued.

can go forward with the American flag as our banner and the words "National Democrats" inscribed on its folds. We know no sectional issue or interest. We stand behind the broad shield of patriotism and in that sign we shall conquer."

Governor Flower finished his speech at 1:40 p. m. Then the roll of states was begun for members of the committees on credentials, permanent organization and honorary vice presidents. The roll-call was suspended by unanimous consent, and the names of committeemen sent up to the secretary, in order to expedite business.

At 2:10 p. m. the convention took a recess until 4 p. m. In the meantime the various committees met and prepared their reports.

It was 4:15 when Temporary Chairman Flower appeared on the platform to call the afternoon session of the convention to order. Both he and Senator Palmer also sat on the platform, and were warmly greeted, and an enthusiastic Illinoisian called for three cheers for John M. Palmer, "the grand old man." They were given with effect. There were demonstrations as other conspicuous men entered. The galleries were more crowded than at the first session, and the proportion of ladies were fully as large.

At 4:25 Mr. Flower rapped for order, and the report of the committees were called for. The report of the committee on credentials was first presented by Chairman Brennan of Wisconsin. The statement in the report that there were 824 delegates to the convention, representing 41 states and three territories, was heartily applauded. The report of the committee on financial organization not being ready, Dr. Everett of Massachusetts was introduced to the convention by Temporary Chairman Flower. He was enthusiastically greeted, and made a stirring speech.

When Dr. Everett declared that Massachusetts was opposed to sectionalism, and again when he said that the convention would uphold the administration of Mr. Cleveland for upholding the credit of the nation, the delegates jumped to their feet and joined in a stormy demonstration. Fans, handkerchiefs, flags, everything that was movable were waved, amid frantic cheering. He made touching reference to the sad death of ex-Governor Russell, who, he said, died of a broken heart because of the folly of his party at Chicago.

There were loud calls for Bragg, Vilas, Buckner and others when Dr. Everett took his seat, but the committee on permanent organization was ready and read its report. The report was read by Delegate Roberts of Missouri. It recommended Senator Caffery of Louisiana for permanent chairman, Jno. R. Wilson of Indiana for secretary and Walter Kessler of Indiana for sergeant-at-arms. It also reported on order of business. The report also recommended that the organization of the party be made permanent, and that the committee be empowered to call future conventions. This portion of the report met with a warm response from the delegates.

The report was adopted, and Mr. Bullitt of Pennsylvania and Mr. Lawler of Minnesota escorted Senator Caffrey to the platform. In assuming the gavel, Senator Caffrey made a strong speech. Without being ornate, Mr. Caffrey is an impressive speaker, clear in logic, bold in statement, emphatic in gesture. He referred occasionally to his manuscript. The convention listened closely, and frequently interrupted by applause. Senator Caffrey said:

Chairman Caffrey's Address.

I tender this convention my deepest thanks for the high honor of selecting me to preside over its deliberations. I shall always regard it as the highest honor ever conferred upon me. Charged by our party with the function of ministering in its temple of faith, and teaching the people its true doctrines, our priests have desecrated its altars, broken its shrines and taught false doctrines to the people. We now enter the sanctuary of the temple and take possession of the Ark of the Covenant of our faith, which we will hereafter vigilantly guard, protect and defend. We will purify its desecrated altars and rebuild its broken shrines. And lest the hearts of the people be stolen away from true Democratic faith—the faith of our fathers and founders—we must separate from our brethren who have wrought this evil, and from those who have followed their evil teachings. We cannot follow them in the road they have taken: for their feet are swift to destruction, and their way is the way of death. The ties that bound us were as strong as hooks of steel, and we part from them in sorrow. Loyalty to party discipline and organization has ever been the pride and strength of our party. Loyalty to principle has ever been, and ever will be, its cardinal and leading tenet, paramount to all others, binding in conscience and guiding the action of every true Democrat.

The declarations of the Chicago platform are "open, palpable and flagrant" departures from all that Democracy has stood for. They assail the money standard of the country and declare for the inflated and depreciated standard of free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. They assail the right and power of the executive to enforce the law and to protect property under the control and in the custody of the federal courts in any state in the Union; they attack the integrity of a coordinate branch of the government; they declare that the function of issuing paper money is to be exclusively exercised by the government itself; they assail the right of the citizen to contract for payment in any legitimate commodity; they declare that the obligations of the government, for which gold was received, and for the payment of which in the same coin the national faith is pledged, may be paid in a depreciated coin, and we declare that each and every one of these attacks and declarations are un-Democratic. They are an assault upon the constitution, the time-honored principles of the Democratic party, and the distinguished patriot and statesman who has twice led it to the only victories it has achieved in 36 years. It is the Ishmael of platforms. It raises its hand against some of the principles of both parties, and all the principles of the Democratic party. It is begotten of the unhallowed union between Democracy, Populism and anarchy. And that the scriptures may be fulfilled, it will be a fugitive and a wanderer on the face of the earth.

We hold that no argument is needed to show the revolutionary and anarchistic character of the doctrine that the laws cannot be enforced in a state to protect property which is in the jurisdiction of federal courts, or to protect the United States mails, or that the supreme court ought to be reorganized, or that the national honor should be stained or the national faith violated, or that the freedom of private contract ought to be limited, or that the function of issuing paper money ought to be exclusively exercised by the federal government. We hold that the theory of free coinage of silver, with gold, at the ratio of 16 to 1, admits of argument, but we hold that the weight of authority, the strength of reasoning and the facts of history, all point to its fallacy and the ruinous consequences of its adoption.

The free coinage of silver is, and has been, since Mr. Cleveland's inauguration, the supreme, overshadowing issue before the country. Upon that issue the president and a majority of his party's representatives in congress took opposite sides. In consequence, he has been powerless to effect financial re-

AYER'S PILLS

"Having been subject, for years, to constipation, without being able to find much relief, I at last tried Ayer's Pills, and testify that I have derived great benefit from their use. For over two years past I have taken one of these pills every night."—G. W. BOWMAN, 26 East Main St., Carlisle, Pa.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

form and secure immunity from gold raiding on the treasury. Since the inception of the struggle for free silver, no compromise has been possible. Our brethren knew that the battle was to the death. The nominee of the so-called Democratic party has, on several occasions, proclaimed the irreconcilable nature of the conflict. It is a fitting culmination of such a contest for our brethren to obtain allies from Populism at the price of incorporating its nefarious doctrines in their platform, and attempting to palm them off as genuine Democracy. It was fit that to a degraded and depreciated currency should be added an assassinated judiciary and a powerless executive.

At the conclusion of Senator Caffery's speech, John P. Irish of California was called for, and responded with a speech. Mr. Irish has quite a reputation as an orator, and he fully justified it. He said there was something appropriate about the selection of Indianapolis for this convention, as here, in the days of the war, Democrats assembled under the threat of shotted guns and declared their faith; now they were threatened with something worse than physical extermination. Their name had been filched and their principles debauched by those who had replaced that code with a creed to which the Democratic party had been opposed ever since there had been a division of parties in the country. He paid his respects both to Mr. McKinley and Mr. Bryan, both of whom, he declared, were preaching the gospel of high prices—the former by an artifice known as protection, the latter by cheapening the purchasing power of money. "We stand," he cried, "where Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland stood. We say to these daughters of the horse leach, 'A plague upon you both.'" He characterized Mr. Bryan as "the agent of the silver syndicate and the commercial traveler of the millionaire mine-owners, touring the country for business," and declared that the general public should not be made the "tool of this puppet of syndicates." He concluded with a glowing peroration.

Immediately after Mr. Irish's speech, the convention at 5:50 adjourned until today.

The committee on resolutions organized immediately after the convention adjourned, and elected William F. Vilas of Wisconsin chairman and Thomas C. Kuntz of Minnesota secretary.

Hugh C. Wallace of Washington, who began booming Cleveland for the nomination when he came here a few days ago, is now engaged in trying to undo all that he has been doing. It is said that his efforts were not approved by the president.

New York Populists' Wants.

Syracuse, Sept. 3.—The Populist state convention met in this city yesterday. Lansing F. Lincoln of Buffalo was selected temporary chairman. The committee on permanent organization reported in favor of D. M. S. Fero being chairman of the permanent organization and the continuance of the secretaries as permanent officers. The committee also reported in favor of sending C. B. Matthews, C. R. White, D. M. S. Fero, L. Fisk and David Rosseau as a committee to go to the Democratic state convention at Buffalo to secure an endorsement of the Democratic and Populist national platform and the nomination of Free Silver candidates by the Democratic state convention. The platform as submitted declares that the Republican and Democratic parties had brought the people of the country to distress. It endorses the Omaha and St. Louis platforms, and congratulates the action of the Democrats at Chicago. It calls for free coinage and for public control of the railroads and telegraph and such monopolies as have gotten beyond the control of the people. A graduated inheritance tax is recommended in the state and a graduated income tax in the nation. The initiative and referendum is called for in all legislative matters.

Foreman to Altgeld.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Ex-Congressman Foreman publishes a rejoiner to the answer of Governor Altgeld, to the charges of borrowing state money, etc., made by him against the governor. He repeats the charges and says: "The public has a right to expect an explanation of every charge, but instead, they are met with personal abuse, mean insinuations and hypocritical cant. I want to remind you that the issue was squarely presented to you, and as you refused to accept it, I shall await with confidence the verdict of the people of the state of Illinois, to be rendered in November, and predict your overwhelming defeat."

Democrats Organize.

Philip J. Farley, Esq., attended the meeting of the Wilmington democrats last evening. They organized with the choice of John Granfield for chairman and Peter McMahon as secretary.

THE O'SULLIVAN SHOW

Will Not Come Off as Arranged For Next Saturday.

There will be no barbecue at Lakeview Saturday afternoon, though political arrangements had been made for one.

The railroad company has provided an extra attraction during the season. Generally, it was a base ball game with which they sought to amuse patrons. But for next Saturday they intended to make a departure and the attraction was to have been Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan of Lawrence.

Last night Mr. O'Sullivan gave out the information that he would have to defer his visit as a previous engagement would prevent his attendance.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work

Hood's Pills

easily and thoroughly. Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

STORM OF HISSES

Follows the Mention of Cleveland's Name.

KENT NAMED FOR GOVERNOR BY DEMOCRATS.

Mr. Cook to Lead Connecticut Republicans.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 3.—The Democratic state convention was called to order by Chairman Amey in Phoenix hall. All the gold delegates were well up in front. There was much subdued excitement during the reading of the list of committees, and some names were applauded.

Chairman John B. Nash was introduced, and spoke, his address being frequently applauded.

A resolution looking toward independence of action in individual voters was rejected by a large majority. A resolution congratulating William J. Bryan on his present triumphal tour was adopted enthusiastically. Oliver E. Branch offered a resolution reaffirming the position of the Democratic party of New Hampshire, as declared in the convention of May 20, 1896, and heartily endorsing the high and patriotic administration of Grover Cleveland and his courageous efforts to protect the honor of the party and credit of the Union. The resolution was received with hisses and rejected overwhelmingly on a rising vote, only 91 rising in the affirmative. The negative vote was not taken. The report of the committee on resolutions was then adopted without division.

E. H. Everett of Nashua said he was present at the Chicago convention, where the delegates from this state acted up to Thursday night, but on the following day all but one refused to participate in its deliberations. He asserted that these made an agreement with the New York delegation to pursue the course they did. In closing, he offered a resolution calling for the resignation of members of the state committee who do not support the platform adopted at this convention, and recommending the selection of Jeremiah J. Doyle for national committeeman, to succeed A. W. Sulloway.

Baron Shirley of Andover, in an impassioned address, protested against the proposition to read Mr. Sulloway and other equally as good Democrats out of the party. Judge Bingham then got the floor and entered his protest against the plank in the platform ratifying the action of the Chicago convention, and said that he and those associated with him were not bound by this action. He and his colleagues then left the hall. Samuel B. Page of Woodsville moved the nomination by acclamation of Hon. Henry O. Kent of Lancaster for governor. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Colonel Kent was given a warm reception when presented by Chairman Nash. He spoke at length, and, after expressing his high appreciation of the honor conferred, dealt with national and state issues. His assertion that he gave his heartiest support to the action of the Chicago convention and this convention's platform, evoked a great outburst of enthusiasm.

At 2 o'clock the convention closed, the proceedings having been the longest, and, at times, the stormiest and most exciting, and the most far-reaching in its results of any ever held by the New Hampshire Democrats.

Following is the platform adopted:

We, the Democracy of New Hampshire, in delegate convention assembled, recognizing the action of the national convention, held in Chicago on the 7th of June last, as authority for party action on all subjects therein stated, hereby adopt the platform of said convention, and pledge ourselves to the earnest support of William J. Bryan and Arthur Sewall, the candidates for president and vice president.

Recognizing the fact that prohibitory laws in force in this state since 1855 have wholly failed to control the traffic in intoxicants, and have been and are a prolific source of hypocrisy, perjury and a means of political and personal protection or persecution; therefore, in the interest of temperance and morality, we demand a well regulated license law, based upon the principle of local option, to the end that the traffic be properly controlled, to the increased welfare and honor of the people and the prosperity of the state.

We arraign the Republican party for its unconstitutional, inconvenient and partisan districting of the state; for substituting police commissions for home rule in its cities; for the division of Democratic towns into Republican wards; for the creation of numerous commissions; the lavish increase of public expenditures; the increase of offices and salaries, and a wide departure from the thrift, economy and simple methods that mark proper legislation. We offer a reversal of these wasteful and unjust ways, and a return to the honored policy of the fathers and founders of the state.

We pledge ourselves to the hearty support of the ticket this day put in nomination.

IN CONNECTICUT.

Lieutenant Governor Cook Receives Gubernatorial Nomination.

Hartford, Sept. 3.—The second day's session of the Republican state convention convened with almost all the 504 delegates present. Temporary Chairman McLean called the convention to order, and the report of the committee on credentials was accepted. F. A. Jacobs, secretary of the committee on permanent organization, reported in favor of Samuel Fessenden as permanent chairman, and a list of vice presidents, one from each senatorial district, and a list of secretaries. Mr. Fessenden was presented, amid shouts of welcome from the convention, which were renewed as there was let down at the back of the stage a large portrait of Major McKinley, 12 by 8 feet in size.

Mr. Fessenden was received with round after round of applause as he continued. The convention shouted loudly when Mr. Fessenden referred to the result in Vermont.

Mr. Fessenden discussed what he termed the weakness, danger and treachery in the coinage plank of the Chicago convention. In closing he said: "We yet find elsewhere in the Chicago platform utterances far more dangerous, and more directly aimed at the overthrow and destruction of the fundamental principles which underlie the government of a free people. I refer to the planks denouncing the due administration and execution of the laws by our executive officers, and the interpretation of our laws by a pure and independent tribunal. The Chicago platform, in unequivocal terms, openly advocates the overthrow of the supreme court of the United States, one of the highest and ablest tribunals of the civilized world. Its advocates openly assert that, if given the power, they will hurl down this great pillar which, from the birth of the republic, has at times been regarded as one of the grandest and most enduring supports of our government. In place of the present learned, distinguished and fearless judges of that august tribunal, they would pack the supreme court with judges committed to render such decisions as the advocates of this platform might desire."

Lieutenant Governor Cook was nominated for governor on the first ballot.

Following is the balance of the ticket: Lieutenant governor, James D. Dewell of New Haven; secretary of state, Charles S. Phelps of Rockville; treasurer, Charles W. Grosvenor of Pomfret; comptroller, Benjamin P. Mead of New Canaan. Six presidential electors were also nominated by acclamation.

The following platform was adopted:

We, the Republicans of Connecticut, in convention assembled, while reaffirming the principles of the Republican party as enunciated in the platform adopted by the national convention at St. Louis, and in the masterly letter of acceptance of our presidential nominee, William McKinley, and in the admirable platform recently adopted by our state convention, recognize in the crisis which has been forced upon this country by the un-American and revolutionary action of the so-called Democratic convention held at Chicago that the question of supreme importance is the preservation of the life, honor and integrity of our nation.

We realize that this can only be accomplished by the maintenance of our judicial system, which is the bulwark of our liberties and the admiration of the world, and by the continuance of a financial policy which makes gold the standard of value until a different policy is adopted by international agreement.

We favor a tariff which will provide revenue sufficient to meet the ordinary expenses of the government, and so adjusted as to place American labor, without the sacrifice of our high wage system, on at least equal terms in our own market with the labor of other lands.

We commend the wise and economical administration of the affairs of this state by Governor Coffin and his associates.

We commend the nominees of the Republican national convention and of this convention to the suffrage of all good citizens of the state of Connecticut, irrespective of party.

First class job printing at this office.

The Perfume of Violets

The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in Pozzoni's wondrous Powder.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY

Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

GORHAM STREET

Is In Bad Condition Near the Edson Cemetery.

Gorham street, opposite the main entrance to the Edson cemetery, is in a most dangerous and wretched condition. The street is honeycombed with cradle holes nearly as deep as the graves in the cemetery. Not only are taxpayers, but farmers and others who pass through that thoroughfare, loud in condemnation of the street officials who permit streets to remain in such a condition.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

Andrew Mack, the famous Lowell singer, will open his season in Brooklyn next Monday evening. This evening, "Charlie" Dempsey of this city left to join the company. Mr. Mack will sing his sweet song, the favorite of last year, "Maggie, My Own," again this season. His rich, sweet voice warbles richer and sweeter than ever in his pretty little love ditty, written by himself and which he likes so well. But this will not be his only melody, for his cute little "Swing Song," wins such applause that he cannot desist from favoring his audience with the delightful refrain. Andrew Mack will be under the management of D. W. Truss & Co., and his books and properties will be taken care of by Charles Dempsey, than whom he could select no better guardian.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Bankers were defeated by the Centralvilles last night in a closely contested match on Lakeview alleys. The rolling was better than on the preceding nights and the victors piled up 2405 pins to their opponents' 2352. Burns rolled one string of 196 and reached the 500 mark. Morse scored 511.

KNIGHTS OF SHERWOOD

Are To Have a Gala Day at Mountain Rock.

In the Burkes' hall last evening, Thomas Talbot conclave, Knights of Sherwood Forest, held a meeting to make arrangements for a gala day to be held September 23 at Mountain Rock. Preceding the time at Mountain Rock will be a short parade.

The following conclaves have been invited to attend: King Philip conclave of Fall River; Pride of Massachusetts conclave, East Boston; Pride of New England conclave, Boston; Gosnold conclave, New Bedford. Conclaves are also expected to be present from Newport, R. I., and Worcester.

The Labor of getting 1095 Meals

confronts some one in every home each year. Whoever the work devolves upon should know about

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

It's a labor-saver—a woman-saver. Without the long and wearying peeling, chopping, boiling, seeding and mixing, a woman can quickly make mince pie, fruit pudding, or fruit cake that will be the delight of her household. Since None Such is sold everywhere there is no more need of making your own mince meat than of making your own yeast. Try one package—10 cents. Take no substitutes.

Send your address, naming this paper, & we will send you free a book, "Mrs. Popkins' Thanksgiving," by one of the most popular humorous writers of the day.

MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

BERTRAND, THE TAILOR
24 Middle Street.

R. J. MOWER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

6 Foot Show Case
FOR SALE CHEAP
AT
SANBORN & DONOVAN'S

Real estate office. Tenements to let, money to loan, bad debts of all kinds collected, auctioneering and appraising. Room 1, Swan Block.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

DR. EATON HURT.

He Was Thrown From His Carriage on Central Bridge.

Dr. Eaton was thrown from his carriage on Central bridge last evening receiving a severe shaking up. The horse then ran along Bridge street and created much excitement. When the animal reached Merrimack street he ran on the sidewalk before Putnam's dining rooms and there was captured by Officer Burt Ryan. The buggy was considerably damaged.

His Leg Broken.

A painful accident occurred to Michael Keegan, an employe of Keefe Brothers, grocers, yesterday. He was unloading goods in the loft over D. J. Murphy's store in Dutton street, when a barrel of flour fell on him and broke his leg. The ambulance conveyed him to St. John's hospital where it was found that the limb had sustained a double compound fracture. Keegan lives at 378 Adams street.

THE SILVER LEAGUE.

Held a Brief Business Meeting Last Evening.

The non-Partisan Silver league met last evening and Rev. Park A. Bradford presided. The league voted to grant the request of the executive committee that it be given charge of all rallies. It was also decided to hold a members' rally this evening when James Dacey and Thomas Pearson will deliver addresses.

Questions may be asked of the speakers by any of the members and they will be answered at the next meeting.

Miss Nettie Hayes of Barclay street has returned from Salisbury beach.

THE WATER BOARD.

A Request of Locks and Canals Referred to the City Solicitor.

A meeting of the Water Board was held last evening at which several small extensions were voted. It was also voted to call for bids on a small quantity of lead. The Locks and Canals Co. sent in a request that the pipes in the canal near the Thorndike street bridge, where the work of widening is in progress, be removed or lowered.

Agent Mills appeared for the Locks and Canals Co.

The members of the board thought it should be the duty of the latter company to remove the pipe, as the city obtained a location there.

Agent Mills thought differently and the board decided to refer it to the city solicitor for a decision. It is proposed to hang the pipe on hooks underneath the bridge.

Early Morning Fire.

About 1 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was rung in from box 132, caused by a blaze in a bed in the attic of a house owned by A. E. Rhodes, 64 Hampshire street. The house is occupied by a family named Zimmer. When the bed had been thrown out of a window the flames were easily extinguished. The damage to the house was slight.

All those terrible itching diseases of the skin that help to make life miserable for us are caused by external parasites. Donn's Ointment kills the parasite and cures the disease. Perfectly harmless, never fails.

WANTED! AN IDEA
Of The Expense Of
PAPERING AND FINISHING
My House. Estimates Given, and First Class Work Guaranteed.
A. L. Kittredge & Co.,
208 CENTRAL STREET.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

CROCKERY BARGAINS

HERE ARE THREE ITEMS OF GOOD VALUES THAT MAY INTEREST YOU.

Plain white China Ewers and Basins, 46c. for both pieces.

Bed Pans usual price $1.50, 63c. each.

Meat Platters, extra large, 13in. wide by 17in. long, white stone-ware with fluted corners, usual price 65c., 35c. each.

And in the same dept. we sell cups and saucers, plates, bowls and all kinds of dishes at equally low prices.

CROCKERY DEPT., BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

A GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

EVERY JACKET,

REEFER, CAPE, WRAPPER, SKIRT AND SHIRT WAIST

MUST BE SOLD AT THE

IMPERIAL CLOAK and SUIT STORE

8 Merrimack Square and 11 Bridge Street.

We will inaugurate the lowest prices ever quoted in Lowell for brand new up-to-date goods, will sell everything regardless of cost to make room for a heavy stock of new fall goods.

Children's Reefers, worth $1.50, will go at 59c.
Children's Reefers, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 will go at 98c.
Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, worth $4.50, $5.50 and $7.50, will go at $2.49.
Persian Lawn Wrappers, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.98, will go at 98c. and $1.25.
Ladies' Shirt Waists, 75c., 98c. and $1.25, will go at 25c.

As we have been in business for only six months, and carry nothing but the latest from the largest and best manufacturers in New York, consequently we have no old style or shop worn goods. Come early and get what you may call a genuine bargain.

A. M. DRAGON.

A Manufacturer's stock of fine Boots and Shoes to be sold at less than first cost.

SUN
Peck's Bad Boy
COUPON.

This Coupon and 10 cents will admit any boy or girl to a reserved seat in Music Hall at Next Saturday's Matinee.

PECK'S BAD BOY.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXXII. NO. 3. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

PERSONAL.

Miss Gilson and Miss Mary Fallon of Lawrence are visiting Mrs. E. P. McOsker of Hanks street.

Dr. H. S. Johnson of Laurenceville, N. J., is visiting his mother at her home on Nesmith street.

Miss Mamie Keegan of Crosby street has returned home from a two weeks vacation at Nantasket.

Rev. W. A. Bartlett has returned to Lowell and will lecture in the vestry of Kirk Street church Friday evening at 7.30.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver H. Perry and their family have returned from Cannan, N. H., where they have been spending the summer as usual.

The engagement of Dr. H. S. Johnson of Laurenceville, N. J., formerly of this city, to Miss Hattie A. Currier of Wakefield, is announced.

Mr. Fred R. Grant of Grove street left this morning on his bicycle for Portland, Me., for a two weeks' vacation where he will renew old acquaintances.

Miss Marguerite Connors of Chelmsford street, has returned from a very enjoyable vacation spent at Newburyport, Plum Island, Salisbury, Rye and Hampton beaches.

Mr. William H. Whittaker of North Adams, a former organist of the House of Prayer and Mrs. Whittaker and son Albert, are visiting relatives and friends in Lowell after an absence of nine years. They spent last Sunday with the Fairbrother family of North Billerica.

LOCAL NOTES.

See locals on page 3.

The term of the Civil court will convene next Tuesday at the court house.

The committee on accounts of the school board met last evening and approved bills.

One of the new school teachers at North Billerica will be Miss Maud Wilkins of Carlisle.

At Fair grounds, Labor day, horse trotting and sports of all kinds under the auspices of St. Joseph's society.

The meeting of the committee on streets which was called for this afternoon has been postponed till this evening.

It is now expected that James Powers who had an arm mangled in the Carpet Tuesday, will not lose the injured arm by amputation.

A. B. Kitchen and Fred B. Townsend of this city have entered in the Labor day bicycle races at Fitchburg under the auspices of the Rollstone Cycle club of that city.

Miss Louise J. McLaughlin of St. Peter's church choir, Miss Lilla Farrell, Miss Jennie Bouchard, and Miss Alice Knowlton will become pupils at the ensuing term of the Boston Musical conservatory. Miss McLaughlin will enter on her second term.

Constable McManus attached the horse, carriage, delivery wagon and a quantity of sarsaparilla of Dr. Joseph Lafrierre, residing in Pawtucketville, yesterday morning. The action was at the instance of Daniel F. Sullivan, who claims rent due.

Police Court—Hadley, J.

There was a very light docket in police court this morning.

One simple drunk was fined $1.

Michael O'Connor and Andrew Kelley, for the second offence of disunkenness, were fined, the former $3 and the latter $5.

Wm. Meloy, a continued case, charged with assault and battery upon Patrick Conlon, was further continued until next Tuesday morning, in order that further evidence may be obtained in the case.

Frank A. Keith was charged with threatening to do bodily harm to E. A. Allen and was held in $200 until Sept. 7 for trial.

FOR SALE

Cottage house and about 5000 feet of land at 26 Butterfield Street. House contains 9 rooms, steam heat, bath room, hot and cold water, cemented cellar and there is plenty of room in rear of house to build another house or stable. Good neighborhood. Inquire on premises between the hours of 1 and 2 p. m.

FOR FLOWERS

GO TO

PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS

293 Central Street.

CLEAR, COOL AND REFRESHING

is the Lager and Ales that are to be had at McPadden's saloon. Just the thing to build you up these warm days. McPadden's Wine rooms, opp. New Post Office, Gorham street.

$65 GARDNER, 20 Prescott street, has a good Upright Piano, seven octaves for $65.00—Friday—It's just what you want.

SILVER CAMPAIGN

Bryan Gets Another Great Reception at Toledo.

BOSTON HERALD'S GARBLING POLICY EXPOSED.

The Battle Elsewhere—Williams in Maine.

Last night Bryan addressed immense audiences in Ohio, numbering in all from 30,000 to 40,000 people and the applause was unbounded. At Toledo, Ohio, especially the reception, was overwhelming.

Hon. George Fred Williams addressed large audiences at Caribou and Houlton, Me., yesterday and aroused great enthusiasm.

Congressman Moody opened the republican campaign at Haverhill last night with a vigorous speech.

The republican candidates in the sixth senatorial district are A. G. Walsh of Lowell, Enoch Foster of Tewksbury, Solon Bancroft of Reading, Richard Barrett of Concord, Mr. Brigham of Hudson, Frank A. Patch of Boxboro, George Whitcomb of Townsend and Charles H. Kohlrausch of North Billerica. The district includes 23 of the towns in the sixth councillor district, together with wards five and nine of Lowell. These two wards have nine delegates. The towns in the district are entitled to 66 delegates in all.

Candidate Bryan: When the democratic party declared against trusts we did not expect the approval or support of those people who think that the government has no right to try and stop a trust. When the democratic party denounces trusts it simply means to say that the declaration contained in our first charter, the declaration of independence, that all men are created equal, means something; that it means the government shall stand ready to protect the individual citizen from any force, from any power, from any harm to be used for his injury, whether that opposing force be a private individual or a corporation.

The probable apportionment of representative delegates in the new districts will be as follows:

Twenty-fifth Middlesex—Lowell, ward four, 7; ward seven, 17; ward eight, 25; Dunstable 2; Chelmsford, 7; Tyngsboro, 2; total, 60.

Twenty-sixth Middlesex—Ward one of Lowell, 15; ward two, 5; ward three, 22; ward six, 15; total, 57.

Twenty-seventh Middlesex—Lowell, ward five, 7; ward nine, 15; Billerica, 6; Burlington, 2; Carlisle, 2; Dracut, 5; North Reading, 2; Tewksbury, 4; Wilmington, 3; total, 46.

The Boston Herald Exposed.

The following communication was sent to the Boston Herald, but refused publication because it exposed the Herald's policy. The Herald's policy on this matter is that followed by the robber standard:

Editor The Herald:

Sir, for the last 25 years I have been a constant reader of the Herald. I have admired its editorial ability and been impressed with its fairness and reliability as a newspaper.

While frequently differing from its opinions as expressed in its editorial columns, I have given it a high place in my estimation as a genuine newspaper which could be depended upon to give the news with absolute impartiality. But I observe with regret that since the opening of the present campaign there has been apparently a tendency to garble the news columns in order to make them fit in with the editorial opinions.

For instance, in today's paper I notice that the report from Lowell of the meeting of the Silver league held here last night says "therewere between 1500 and 1600 people present, 'mostly women.'" Now this statement is absolutely false and misleading. As a matter of fact, the body of the hall was packed with men, who were also lined up along the sides and at the back, occupying not only all the seats but a large part of the standing room. The gallery, which was reserved for ladies and their escorts was also full but contained more men than women.

The evident intention is to belittle the importance of the meeting. This is done at the expense of the reliability of the paper. The same intention is also evident in the reports of the campaign meetings in Maine, as shown in the accounts of the democratic meetings at Ellsworth and Eastport. The head line artist seems to be moved by the same spirit. Deputy Commissioner of Pensions Bell is headlined as "One of Smith's Underlings," while all the republican and gold standard democratic meetings are glorified and extolled both in head line and introductions. The Herald editorially calls attention to the errors of Geo. Fred Williams but fails to notice the false statements of Senators Frye and Lodge who have both, publicly declared this week as reported in the Herald that the reason the silver dollar passed at par was because it was redeemable in gold, a statement which the Herald must have known to be false but which it allows to go uncorrected.

I deeply regret that the exigencies of the campaign are such that in order to advance the cause it advocates, the Herald seems willing to sacrifice its reputation.

Yours very truly,
JOHN A. NICHOLS.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Conant left today for a trip to the White mountains.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s EXPORT BEER

Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the

Best Spring Tonic

Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

WERE SOLD FOR TAXES.

TREASURER COBURN DISPOSES OF 30 PIECES OF PROPERTY.

Fair Attendance at Annual Sale—Some Good Property Knocked Down to Bidders—City Compelled to Purchase Some Lots.

At the city treasurer's office yesterday, Mr. Coburn sold 30 pieces of property on which taxes are overdue. There was a fair attendance at the sale and the property was knocked down to these bidders:

Mrs. M. A. Clark, 1638 square feet, rear 123 Lakeview avenue. Bought by J. McDermott for $36.

Peter Gallagher, 3662 feet, rear 85 Lakeview avenue. Sold to George and Seth Bailey for $122.33.

Bernard D. O'Connell, 2348 feet on Floyd street. Bought by John J. Donovan, $15.62.

John J. McMorrow, 1729 feet, 2 Pollard street. Sold to Albert H. Dyer, $75.

John E. Noonan, 1563 feet, 110 Canada street. Lorenzo E. Smith, $15.

Wm. B. Viney, 1750 feet, 22 Tyler street. Charles Downs, $120.

Edward Chevalier, 7500 feet, 20 Fifth avenue. L. E. Smith, $19.57.

Vital Robert, 14,573 feet, Weed street. Sold to Albert H. Dyer.

John C. Tolman estate, 3750 feet. West London street. Albert H. Dyer. $17.48.

Owners unknown, 7500 feet, Montreal street. Sold to Peter Gill. $19.44.

Edward D. McVey, 4000 feet of land, 519 Westford street. Sold to city of Lowell amount of taxes, $95.05.

Axel Schiller, 5125 feet of land, 301 and 302 Waldo street. Sold to P. A. Fay, $21.

Estate of Marshall Bohonon, 5125 square feet of land, 304 Manchester street. Lorenzo E. Smith, $20.

James B. Cooper, 3944 square feet of land, 52-53 Hope street. Peter A. Fay, $21.

Charles J. and George Norman, 2125 square feet of land, 87 Canada street, Albert A. Dyer, $15.

Oscar McPartland, 1848 square feet of land, 99 Reed street, George H. Stevens, $64.04.

Theresa Prudeut, 5000 square feet of land, 16 Wellington street, P. A. Fay, $13.

Isaac Whitney, 5000 square feet of land, 4 Johnson street, P. A. Fay, $11.68.

Alvin L. Wright, 2625 square feet of land, 515 Quebec street, city of Lowell, $13.61.

Thos. Rogers, 5816 square feet of land with buildings, 160 Appleton street, city of Lowell, $320.12.

Alvin Wright, 5025 square feet of land, 463 Quebec street, city of Lowell, $19.44.

Mrs. Kate Cox, 10,000 square feet of land with buildings, Johnson street, Albert H. Dyer, $40.

Mrs. William Kelley, 12,770 square feet of land, Mt. Washington street, Edward B. James, $157.16.

Edward Thomas, 9 acres of land, Varnum avenue, Alfred J. Howe, $21.44.

Alex. F. McIlwain, 5000 square feet of land, 9 Johnson street. Peter A. Fay, $13.

Thomas H. Hoyle, 12,000 square feet of land, Melrose avenue, city of Lowell, $19.44.

Stephen Flynn, 4623 feet of land, 48 Wyoming street. L. E. Smith, $10.

Unknown owner, 5223 feet, 353 to 356 Manchester street. Sold to Peter Gill, $13.61.

Unknown owner, 889 feet, 431 and 432 Montreal street. Sold to Peter Gill, $11.68.

Unknown owner, 2772 feet, 64 and 65 and part of lot 66 Canada street. Sold to H. M. Potter, $20.

CHELMSFORD SCHOOLS

Will Open Next Tuesday With Several Changes in Teachers.

The schools at Chelmsford Centre begin the fall term on Tuesday next. Changes in teachers are as follows: Miss Grace Litchfield takes the Centre primary; Miss Annie Staples, No. 2; Miss Lois Walker, No. 3, and Miss Carrie Preston No. 5. Samuel Hagerman and Stewart Mackay of the School board have been authorized to procure furniture for the Golden Cove school house.

A NEW CHURCH.

Being Erected by Rev. Park A. Bradford of Tyngsboro.

Rev. Park A. Bradford of Tyngsboro has organized a new church called Plymouth church in North Chelmsford and a building to seat 200 is now in course of erection.

It is among the working classes of two or three nationalities.

He will remove with his family to North Chelmsford in a few weeks to his new field.

Meetings are held every Sunday at Walker's grove on the Westford road.

Will Be Public.

The police commissioners have decided that the hearing, Sept. 15, on the complaint of Samuel and Margaret Ford against Patrolmen Breen and Quinn will be public.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. White of Nesmith street have gone to Maplewood, N. H., for a short stay.

Merit Talks

"Merit talks" the intrinsic value of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses actual and unequalled curative power and therefore it has true merit. When you buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, and take it according to directions, to purify your blood, or cure any of the many blood diseases, you are morally certain to receive benefit. The power to cure is there. You are not trying an experiment. It will make your blood pure, rich and nourishing, and thus drive out the germs of disease, strengthen the nerves and build up the whole system.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best, in fact—the One True Blood Purifier. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills Do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists, 25c.

LATEST

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

There Will be a Matinee Labor Day With a Good Bill.

"Butterfly Fever," the success of the season at Lakeview theatre, will be revived for Labor day afternoon and evening. It is a great piece for ladies and children, and promises to play to thousands of them. As this is the strongest success of the season and Labor day is always the banner day of the year at Lakeview, the attraction cannot fail to be a great success. On Tuesday next the roaring farce "To Oblige Benson," will receive its initial performance.

FUNERAL SERVICE.

Remains of Letter Carrier Donahue Laid to Rest.

The obsequies of the late lamented letter carrier, John J. Donahue, at St. Peter's church, this forenoon, were solemnly impressive and were attended not only by leading professional and business men of Lowell, but by friends and relatives from Boston, Lawrence, Holyoke, Hyde Park and Worcester. Many were present who were not of the Catholic faith, but who were acquainted with deceased on his route.

The funeral cortege was an unusually long one. The church was nearly filled. The approach of the funeral procession was announced when the organ presided over by Mrs. McKennedy pealed forth the solemn strains of the "Dead March in Saul." A requiem mass was celebrated by Rev. John McKenna.

The choir was augmented for the occasion by Mrs. Marguerite Tuite of Keene, N. H., Frank King and Thomas McCaffrey of the Immaculate Conception church choir, James E. Donnelly, Peter Clune, Albert Warren and others. Schmidt's requiem mass was rendered under the direction of Director T. F. Molloy. At the offertory the "Domini Jesu Christi" was sung with Mrs. Tuite as soloist. At the conclusion of the mass Miss Louise J. McLaughlin sustained the solos in "Rest, Spirit, Rest." This was followed by the pathetic hymn "I Love to Hear My Saviour's Voice," rendered with great feeling and effect by Director Molloy. As the congregation passed from the church Mrs. McKennedy played Batiste's funeral march. The funeral procession moved to the Catholic cemetery in the following order: Carriages containing floral tributes, hearse, with the following letter carriers in uniform on foot as body guards: Charles A. Carey, M. A. Ross, Charles McQuade, Harry Davis, George S. Howard and Thomas McNabb.

Following in a landau came the pallbearers, John J. Watson, John F. Roane, James Maguire, representing the letter carriers; Charles E. Hogan, representing the clerks in the post office, and George P. Green, of the firm of Drury & Green, and Joseph Donohoe, of the overseers of the poor.

In the next carriage was Postmaster Gardner W. Pearson, Assistant Postmaster Richardson, and Letter Carrier John J. Garraban.

Next came the mourning carriages, several hundred civilians and numerous carriages brought up the rear.

The floral tributes were particularly noticeable for their appropriateness and beauty, and included a mammoth mail bag with chenile straps, and the inscriptions in blue immortelles, "U. S. M. No. 15," the latter being the number by which the deceased was designated.

This was the offering of Branch 25 National Letter Carriers' association of this city. There was also a large wreath and bar inscribed "Flits" from the Lowell post office clerks. A large pillow "papa" was the offering of the bereaved family of the deceased and the other tributes were as follows: Large wreath, Postmaster Pearson; large star, Mr. and Mrs. William Cole; large crescent and sickle on a base "At Rest," Mr. Andrew Donohoe and family; large anchor and bar, Donohoe Brothers; spray of lilies, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Hogan; spray of chrysanthemums, Miss Esther Donovan; pillow, "Brother," from the sister and brother of deceased; star, crescent and bar, from Daniel J. Donahue, Esq., eldest brother of deceased; spray of roses and palms, Mrs. Daniel J. Donahue; large wreath, Letter Carrier John Lynch. One of the prettiest tributes was a mammoth cross on a lovely base, from Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Forgays.

The grave closes over one who will long remain in the memory of those who knew him best, for

"None knew him but to love him,
Nor named him but to praise."

Letter Carrier Donohoe was a member of the Letter Carriers' Benefit association and his widow will receive $3000 death benefit from the fund of the organization.

MR. TEEHAN'S FUNERAL

Attracts a Large Concourse of People to Fitchburg.

The funeral of William Feehan, well known in Lowell, took place in Millbury Tuesday, and was attended by a number of the leading Catholic clergy of the state. The deceased was the father of Rev. D. F. Feehan, pastor of St. Bernard's church, Fitchburg, successor to Rev. Phillip Garrigan formerly of Lowell, and who will be well remembered as being introduced at a temperance rally in Huntington hall, some few years ago, as the "Father Mathew of the Springfield diocese."

FELL ASLEEP

And Was Robbed of a Watch and $160 in Money.

Renny Capistan, a contractor living on Exeter street, was robbed at night on East Merrimack street of a watch and $160 in money.

Capistan had seen a friend home, and while waiting for a car he fell asleep near the bridge. When he awoke his property was gone.

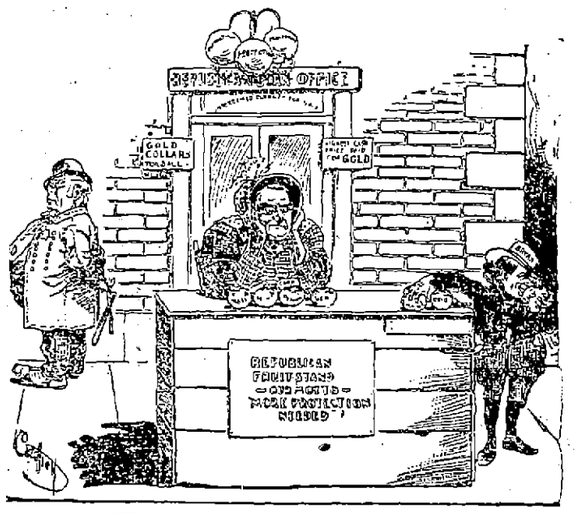
Pleasant Musicale.

There was a very pleasant musicale at the Gormley residence on Lyon street Tuesday night. The affair was given in honor of Miss May Costello and the Misses Curley of Providence, who are visiting the Misses Gormley.

Besides the usual household diversions an excellent musical and literary program was presented in which the participants were Misses Minnie Blanchard, Hattie Gormley, Louise Coggeshall, Messrs. Peter A. Clune, Thomas McCaffrey, Joseph W. McEvoy and Messrs. Toomey and Hamilton. A sumptuous repast was provided.

Will Shut Down.

Kitson's Machine shop will soon shut down. The full number of hands have been employed and the works have been running on full time.



"SHE MAY HAVE SEEN BETTER DAYS."

IRISH CONVENTION

In Session in Dublin Planning Unity.

OVER TWO THOUSAND DELEGATES ARE PRESENT.

The Action Taken to Reconstruct the Party.

Dublin, Sept. 3.—The great convention of representatives of the Irish race, which was summoned with a view of affording the opportunity to all who desire to see unity restored among the Irish Nationalists throughout the world may act together, was opened in Leinster hall at noon Tuesday. It will be in session three days.

When the convention was called to order there were 2000 delegates present, including representatives from Great Britain and Ireland, the United States, Canada, Australia and South Africa.

The Rt. Rev. Patrick O'Donnell, Roman Catholic bishop of Raphoe, was elected permanent chairman of the convention upon the motion of Justin McCarthy, M. P., who called the convention to order.

The Healyites and the Parnellites took no part in the convention, holding themselves entirely aloof from the gathering.

Resolutions were passed favoring the re-construction of a united Irish party bound together in the Home Rule ranks and disciplined under the rule of the majority.

A telegram was read from the Pope in which his holiness prayed for a cessation of the differences existing among the Irish parties. The chairman, Dr. O'Donnell, said that the convention cared little from what government the Irish obtained the right of self-government, and they would strenuously oppose every party refusing that right.

A letter was read from the archbishop of Toronto, the Most Rev. John Walsh, expressing his sympathy with the objects of the convention.

The Hon. Edward Blake, M. P., formerly of Canada, John Dillon, M. P., the leader of the Irish Parliamentary party, Michael Davitt and T. P. O'Connor were among those who took part in the discussion of the resolutions.

Dr. O'Donnell, in the course of his address upon taking the chair, especially welcomed the delegates from the United States, Canada and Australia, whose presence in the convention proved the unity of the Irish race in Ireland's cause. Referring to the report of the commission on financial relations existing between Great Britain and Ireland, he said the report showed how Ireland was being despoiled, and revealed enough to reawaken the whole Irish question. Speaking in regard to the disunion of the nationalist party, Dr. O'Donnell aroused intense enthusiasm on the part of his hearers by declaring that no man nor any set of men ought to place themselves in competition with the cause of Ireland.

Mr. Alfred Webb of Dublin and Fr. Ryan of Toronto moved a series of resolutions favoring the union of the Irish parties, hailing with satisfaction the recent release of Irish political prisoners from British prisons, and declaring that the Irish land act could not be accepted as a final settlement of the Irish question.

Mr. Justin McCarthy spoke upon the subject of reunion of the parties, and in the course of his remarks said he believed that the assembling of this convention was the result of a general acceptance of the principle of the rule of the majority.

Fr. O'Callahan of Boston and Dean Harrison of Toronto appealed to the convention in favor of party unity.

Among the delegates from America are James Duggan, Norwich, Ct.; Dennis O'Reilly, Edward Tracey, Patrick Kinney, John W. Corcoran, Dr. P. J. Timmins and the Rev. Dennis O'Callahan, Boston; John Cushman, James O'Sullivan, M. D., and Martin Fitzgerald, Manchester, N. H.; the Rev. G. Marshall, N. H., and P. W. Wrenn, Bridgeport, Ct.

The Second Day.

The second day's session of the Irish race convention opened with a full attendance of delegates.

Fr. Flynn of Waterford proposed the appointment of a committee composed of home and foreign delegates empowered to draft a platform upon which all sections of the Irish party could unite and work loyally.

The motion was seconded by the mayor of Waterford.

Mr. T. P. O'Connor, M. P., spoke in opposition to the proposal, and protested against the Healyites being regarded as a separate party. Every Healyite, he said, had signed a pledge to abide by the decision of the Irish national parliamentary party or to retire therefrom.

To treat with the Healyites as a separate party, he declared, would be to tear down the foundation of national unity. The convention had met under the unanimous vote of the real Irish party. Why, he asked, was not every member present? If anyone had charges of dishonesty or trickery to make, why did he not make them in the light of day?

The resolution offered by Fr. Flynn proposing the appointment of a committee of home and foreign delegates to draft a platform which would be acceptable to all sections of the Irish party was withdrawn after debate, and a resolution declaring in favor of the union of all the sections of the Irish party was unanimously carried.

Hon. Edward Blake, M. P., for South Longford, made a long speech in favor of a reunion of the various elements of the party. He contended that the aims of all were alike and that there ought not to be, if personal feuds were put aside, any difficulty in the way of their uniting.

The convention adjourned. The foreign delegates to the convention appointed a committee to prepare an address to the Irish race.

WAS MONEY USED?

To Influence the Election of Superintendent of Streets.

The street department of Lawrence is going to be investigated providing the aldermen of that city agree to an order for an investigation adopted by the councilmen last evening.

Ever since the election of Supt. Batters, hill of the street department, there have been rumors of money having been used to influence votes in his favor.

At the meeting of the council last evening Mayor Quinlan stated that so much was said about the affair in the papers that he had asked the city solicitor and the marshal to make an investigation.

This was done and Mr. Bell had told him that he had found a wall of rumors around everything, and the only thing he could get hold of was that Councilman Rushforth had displayed a roll of bills and remarked that it paid to be a councilman.

To this Mr. Rushforth said that he was more than ever in favor of the order since he had heard the mayor's statement.

"I was handling about $4000 at that time and I may have displayed a big roll of bills at any time."

SUN FLOWER PARTY

Given by Lowell People at Old Orchard Beach.

At Old Orchard, during the past week, a very unique and enjoyable affair occurred at the cottage occupied by the family of Mr. Dennis Wholey.

It took the form of a "Sun Flower Party" and was given in honor of their guests, Miss Helen Corcoran of Philadelphia and Mr. John White of New York.

All the ladies and gentlemen wore the appropriate flower and the house decorations were of a similar character.

Music for dancing was furnished by the Columbia orchestra of Portland, after which refreshments were served on the veranda, which was prettily decorated for the occasion with bunting and Chinese lanterns.

The party was matronized by Mrs. Dennis Wholey, Mrs. Hugh Maguire of Lowell, and Mrs. Charles Collins of Montreal. Mr. George Scannell of Lowell and Mr. Frank Barrett of Boston acted as ushers. The following evening a whist party was given by Miss Hannah Scannell, at the Scannell cottage, prizes were won by Miss Margaret Brennan of Springfield and Dr. Robert Siddel of Lewiston.

Pestered by Tramps.

Citizens of Tewksbury are complaining about the indignities of tramps who camp out along the banks of the Concord river and a movement is on foot to have better police protection.

WEARING AGAINST TIME

When times are dull every one should see that the shoes they buy are the best their money can purchase, there are lots of shoes that look well but are no good to wear.

LADIES' PRINCESS BOOT $1.50

Are offered to you as a protection against the worthless kind, and are worth exactly 50c. a pair more than we ask, you can see that when you examine these, and

Wearing Them will Prove It.

The date you buy them is stamped on the boot, should any not wear satisfactorily, we will make it good to the purchaser.

WHAT THEY LOOK LIKE.

In appearance they look like regular $2 boot only they are actually better than what most stores sell at $2.

How Do We Do It?

Well the middleman don't get any slice of the profit.

O'SULLIVAN BROS.

FEET FITTERS. OPP. CITY HALL.

THE SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

NOT CLEVELAND

President Could Not Accept Gold Men's Nomination.

PALMER SEEMS TO HAVE THE LEAD.

Breckenridge Loudly Hissed by the Delegates.

Indianapolis, Sept. 3.—President Cleveland this morning sent the following telegram to the convention: "My public and personal inclination is so opposed to it that I cannot accept the nomination." Senator Palmer also sent a telegram declining to allow the use of his name.

At 11.30 the convention was called to order and when W. C. P. Breckinridge entered the hall he was hissed by many. Some of the delegates protested against his being allowed to address the mass meeting of last evening.

There is a strong sentiment for Senator Palmer for president. At 12.08 W. C. P. Breckinridge said that the free silverites have taken it out of the hands of this or any other convention to elect McKinley. His remarks were received with applause and hisses.

DAVID DEVLIN ARRESTED.

Suspected of Being Murderer of Mrs. Sarah Collins.

Boston, Sept. 3.—The police today arrested David Devlin, aged 48, a track layer, on suspicion of being the murderer of Mrs. Sarah Collins. The police are very reticent over the affair.

Devlin was subjected to a rigid cross-examination during which he admitted that he knew Mrs. Collins, but had not seen her for three years.

RAMSDELL OF NASHUA.

Nominated by Republicans for Governor of New Hampshire.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 3.—The republican convention here today was one of the most enthusiastic ever held in the state. At 11.20 it was called to order and a committee was appointed to nominate ten presidential electors.

Hon. George Ramsdell of Nashua was nominated for governor by acclamation. The national platform and candidates were endorsed.

LI HAS GONE.

He Left New York This Morning For Philadelphia.

New York, Sept. 3.—Li Hung Chang left here today for Philadelphia. A great crowd was on hand to see him off. He was attended by Gen. Ruger and staff, representing the United States government.

HEINS SUICIDED.

He Was Formerly Associated With Thomas A. Edison.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Charles J. Heins, inventor and for a long time associated with Thomas A. Edison, committed suicide at Parkgate last Friday where he has lived as a recluse. The body was not discovered till last night.

The Rosedale Was Sunk.

New York, Sept. 3.—The steamer Rosedale was run into by a ferryboat on the river near Newton Creek, and the Rosedale was sunk. The passengers all escaped.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

The Hungarian parliament opened today.

The affairs of Coyen Carriage company of Amesbury will be speedily settled, it is stated, so that business may be resumed.

The Superior mines at Hurley, Wisconsin, are on fire.

Cigar Makers Active.

The cigarmakers of Nashua are busily engaged making arrangements for their annual ball, which is to be held on next Monday night. The people of Nashua attend the Cigarmakers' ball in large numbers, as it is looked upon as being the event of the season, and the cigarmakers spare neither time nor money in making the event memorable. Ex-Councilman Garvey of Lowell was secretary of the Nashua Union, and took an active part in making their first ball a grand success, and he is interested in seeing the ball a success this year. He has forwarded to the secretary of the Nashua union the schottische which was recently composed by Mr. Joseph J. Johnson of Lowell, and as the dancers of Lowell declare the schottische to be much better than the ordinary, Mr. Garvey wants to have it danced in Nashua for the first time at the Cigarmakers' ball. A great number of Lowell people will attend and everything promises to make the event as in the past—memorable.

DEATHS.

FRENCH—Addie F. French, wife of John French, died at her home in Tewksbury, Tuesday, at the age of 35 years and 4 months.

GILBRIDE—Dennis, aged six months, child of Wm. and Kate Gilbride, died last night at the home of his parents, McGovern's court, off Lakeview avenue. Funeral tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

FORAN.—Hannah Foran, aged 66 years, died this morning at her home, 6 Donohoe's yard, off Suffolk street.

Our boys' and children's new fall and winter suits are all ready, and we've never opened a more attractive stock.

The low prices for good clothing will be a surprise to most mothers.

We offer for $1.50, four lots of medium weight suits, heavy enough for the next two months, reduced from $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00.

Sizes from 4 years to 16. Boys' and children's fall reefers and overcoats.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

WITH 200 MEMBERS.

Bryan Club Organized in Lawrence With Alexander Love as President.

Lawrence, Sept. 3.—At a largely attended meeting in the basement of the City hall, last evening, a Bryan club was formed with some 200 members.

The meeting was called to order by Dr. J. A. Magee, chairman of the democratic city committee. Enthusiastic speeches were made by Thomas Waldron, Edward F. O'Sullivan, Maurice Hennessey, John C. Sanborn, Jr., and Dr. M. F. Sullivan. The following were elected as permanent officers of the club: Alexander Love, pres.; M. A. Scanlon, sec., and Charles Kidder, treas.

It was voted to hold the next meeting Wednesday evening, when the matter of establishing headquarters is likely to come up. The leaders of the club propose to take an active part in the campaign, and a marching battalion is one of the features talked of.

Deposit Your

October coupons and dividends in the Savings Department of the Traders' National Bank. Interest begins October 1st on money deposited before 9 o'clock p. m. Saturday, October 3rd, at the rate of four per cent per annum, compounding semi-annually.

Bank open daily 8 a. m. till 4 p. m., and Saturdays 8 a. m. till 1 p. m. and Saturday evenings 7 to 9 o'clock. 30 Middlesex street, and 11 P. O. Ave.

WHAT TO ASK FOR

In the way of seasonable dress designs is shown in the September issue of the

Butterick's Fashion Sheet,

NOW READY

AT

BUTTERICK'S

PATTERN AND CORSET PARLORS

204 and 206 MERRIMACK ST.

MILL KINDLING. Just at present I can give a very large load of Mill Kindling for one dollar. Postal order promptly attended to. WILLIAM COGGER, wood dealer, 23 Concord street.

Democratic Caucuses.

Democrats of Lowell will assemble in their respective ward rooms on Thursday evening, Sept. 10, at 7.30 o'clock, to elect delegates to attend the State, Congressional Councillor, County and Senatorial conventions. Each caucus will determine the manner of electing its delegates, except that for the election of Congressional delegates the Australian ballot will be used, and candidates for Congress must leave their tickets, and candidates for delegates must leave their names with the secretary, at headquarters, on or before Tuesday evening, Sept. 8, at 9 o'clock.

Called under the provisions of the Caucus act of 1895.

Per order Democratic City Committee.
F. H. PEARSON, Chairman.
J. F. TULLY, Secretary.

Examination for Training School.

There will be an examination of applicants for admission to the Lowell Training school and for the Kindergarten teachers class, in arithmetic, English grammar, geography, history of the United States, reading, writing, spelling, drawing and music, at the High School building, Kirk street, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 8 and 9, 1896, beginning at 1.30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon.

Applicants must be at least eighteen years of age, and must be residents of Lowell.

A. K. WHITCOMB,
Secretary of the School Committee.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

FOR PRESIDENT.

WILLIAM J. BRYAN of Nebraska

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.

ARTHUR SEWALL of Maine

Warner Miller has been deposed again, but he will keep on getting in front of the Platt machine until politically pulverized.

The McEttrick and Nary fight is to be renewed in Boston. Democrats who have other "fish to fry" feel like exclaiming "give us a rest."

England has abandoned Trinidad to Brazil without any fuss. She seized it without asking anybody and foresaw trouble coming from the investigation of her Venezuela claims. Hence her withdrawal.

So wont is Li Hung Chang to ask the incomes of men and women that he is actually suspected of looking for an American heiress. He would be a great catch for some million-heiress. It is not unlikely that the American heiress belle may turn her attention from English to Chinese lords.

The people of Toronto want Sunday street cars, but the Lord's day alliance is fighting the project. That alliance should be run out of the city as opposed to all progress both temporal and spiritual. The street cars will enable thousands to attend church who would otherwise remain at home and by affording healthy diversion would prevent the commission of crime.

THE MERRIMACK CANVASS.

The hand of the Arkwright club is seen in the action of the Merrimack Mfg. company of this city. Hanna visited the Arkwright club recently and now the club wants the mills under its domination to make a canvass for the republican state committee. No canvass of this nature will be reliable because it is well known that under such intimidation an operative may lose his employment if he gives an answer contrary to the wishes of his masters.

The operatives should refuse to give the information as nobody has any right to demand it for the republican state committee or any other body.

This is a sort of intimidation that should be prohibited by law.

If the Arkwright club has so much interest in the matter, is it not clear that for political reasons more than any other cause, it urges a curtailment of production. All this is but another proof of the manner in which the republican party endeavors to hold the masses in subjection and use them for its purposes through the large corporations, the trusts and combines of which it is composed.

AS TO PULPITEERING.

The Zion Herald has published an interesting symposium of opinions upon the important question whether religious ministers should discuss the monetary issue in their pulpits.

From the numerous opinions contributed by distinguished men, it is difficult to draw any definite conclusion. They are nearly equally divided between the affirmative and negative of the question.

For our part, were we called upon to give an opinion, we should say that if a minister does not care to lessen his influence with his flock, he will avoid discussing purely political questions in his pulpit.

Nearly every congregation is divided and consequently the minister cannot espouse either side without offending the advocates of the opposite side in his congregation as well as outside.

Moreover, a minister speaking from his pulpit is expected to speak only what he knows to be true, not what he supposes to be true. If he cannot speak what he knows to be true, he should at least speak on the authority of the bible, which will generally be accepted, but when a minister undertakes to discuss this money question he cannot quote scripture in support of the gold standard, nor of the silver standard.

In general, ministers are not as well posted upon financial questions as an ordinary business man, and their opinions on these subjects are consequently of little value.

It is clear that if one minister has a right to discuss this monetary question from the pulpit, all ministers enjoy the same right. But we find that the great majority of the ministers in the west are on the side of free silver, while the majority in the east are in favor of the gold standard. Here, then, is a ridiculous exhibition of difference among men who are looked up to as guides of the people. It is evident that such a contention among ministers will only subject them to ridicule without advancing the cause of truth, of patriotism, or justice, and without benefiting either church or state.

The best course to pursue is to to preach righteousness, a strict adherence to the laws of God and then leave the voters to decide with their consciences how they should vote on the monetary and other issues.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

TO STOP THE PLUNDERING

THE RULE OF THE BANKERS MUST COME TO AN END.

With the Gold Cornered by Foreign Speculators, Production Is Checked, Progress Impeded and Producers Impoverished. Only Money Lenders and Dealers In Credits Fatten.

In attempting to maintain an inconsistent and untenable position McKinley is frequently absurd, but he was never more absurd than in repeating the Wall street imbecility that if free coinage makes money more plentiful it will be "just as hard to get as ever" unless it is depreciated, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

It is not necessary to answer or to notice those who assert that the Democratic party proposes to use the mints and the power of the government in an attempt to give unearned money to any person or to any class of persons. It proposes to stop such frauds—frauds which are now perpetrated in the interests of the Rothschilds, the Morgans, the Belmonts and other treasury robbers who are Mr. McKinley's earnest supporters in the demand for what they and he call "honest money."

The Democratic party proposes to pay off the national debt, to abolish the corporation currency based on it, to supply the place of all corporation paper with silver and gold, freely coined, and to supply the business men and workers of the country with a sufficient medium of exchange to increase the volume of business and to allow a closer approximation to a cash basis than can ever be possible while the currency is controlled by European and Wall street money dealers, whose business is dealing in credits—who, in order to take the largest possible tolls from trade, are interested in forcing the country's supply of cash as low as possible.

If, as between the corporation note and the hard money dollar coined by the people and costing them nothing for its issuance, McKinley favors the corporation note which gives those who issue it control both of the trade of the country and of its politics, let him say so, but he need not think that the miserable and imbecile subterfuges of the professional robbers who have been plundering the United States treasury will enable him to conceal from the people the true nature of the issues involved in this campaign.

With the gold of the country cornered by foreign speculators and bond syndicates or held in the vaults of the national banks and with greenbacks also held out of circulation because the treasury treats them as gold certificates, we have not now in actual circulation as much money per capita as we had in 1875. Yet in 1875 the cotton crop was only 3,832,000 bales, while last year it was 9,892,000 bales, or nearly three times as much.

This immense increase in all lines of production must be followed by a corresponding increase in the medium used for the exchange of products, or production is checked, civilization and progress are impeded, producers are impoverished and only money lenders and dealers in credits fatten.

The volume of money must increase not only with the increase of population, but in a ratio measured also by the ratio of increased production to increased population. Every new machine, every new railroad, every new state opened, every new invention in mechanics, everything which increases the volume of products to be distributed, makes necessary a larger supply of the agent of their distribution—that is, of money.

When the supply of money is kept below the demands of increasing production, we have what is called "overproduction"—that is to say, with people starving to death by the score and the hundred in the great centers of population, we are obliged to burn our breadstuffs because there is not money enough to "move the crops"—because the movement of our crops is controlled by money brokers in Wall street who in their turn are controlled by money brokers in London.

This condition of affairs is intolerable and the American people will not tolerate it longer. When Mr. McKinley reads the returns in November, he will see that he cannot deceive the people of Ohio or of any other state populated by intelligent Americans. They have been robbed and oppressed so long that it has educated them, and they will back their education with the ballots through which they propose to stop the plunder of the treasury by the London and Wall street bankers who are supplying the money for the Hanna corruption fund.

If there is a monopoly in this country that is not an earnest and active financial supporter of William McKinley, it remains unidentified.

Gold In Silver Countries.

The statement has been made that in no silver standard country does gold circulate. According to a circular just issued by John G. Carlisle, Russia is on a silver basis and has $3.80 in gold and 38 cents in silver per capita. South American states, silver standard, except Chili and Venezuela, have 28 cents more gold than silver per capita, and the natives are counted in the population. India on a gold and silver basis has no gold.

When you need printing remember The Sun.

THE ONLY True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Therefore get Hood's and ONLY HOOD'S.

THE DEAR DOLLAR.

Every Class of Labor Suffers From It—Not So the Money Lender.

Men who work for wages should remember that money not only buys things, but that it has to be bought.

A dollar is bought by a workingman with a certain amount of work. If dollars are few and workingmen plenty, he will have to pay pretty dear in effort for his coin. Perhaps he will not even get a chance to buy it at all, either because there are not enough dollars to go around or because he cannot or will not pay the price. In such event the fact that the dollar he doesn't get is one of great value neither interests nor profits him.

The shopkeeper buys his dollars with goods. Ninety-nine out of every 100 of his customers, if he runs a city store, work for wages, and if the dearness of the dollar destroys their power of purchasing he will get fewer dollars to pay clerks, and some must be discharged, fewer dollars with which to buy goods, and factories will be closed. Every class of labor thus suffers by a dear dollar.

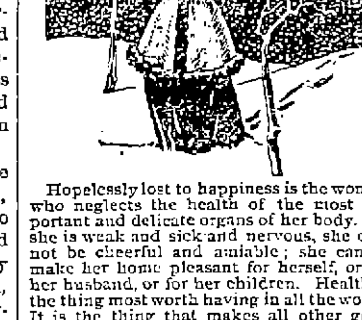
Does the banker, the money lender, the man whose investments bringing in interest outweigh all his other sources of income, suffer from a dear dollar? In no way. He does not buy dollars with work, with goods, with produce. He lends a dollar, gets back one which, under existing conditions, is sure to be more valuable than the one he lent, and, moreover, receives interest in money of high purchasing power. His apparent interest lies wholly on the side of a dollar which is dear today and dearer tomorrow. We say his apparent interest because in fact the present system persisted in will be harmful to the banking classes as to others. The goose that lays the golden egg may be slaughtered. All securities are founded on the prosperity of the nation, and a policy which compels the distress of the people will compel the depreciation of the banker's securities.

The common people, however, will get near the core of this currency question if they remember that to get a dollar they must buy it with labor if workingmen, with wheat and corn if farmers, with cloth or china if merchants. The dollar which will exchange for twice as much of these commodities as did the dollar of 30 years ago is a dollar that costs them dear.—New York Journal.

When the laboring man goes to draw his wages or the business man presents a check at the bank, he can be required to take silver. But let him endeavor to pay off his mortgage in the same money in which he has been paid, and he will find that gold is the only money of ultimate payment when it comes to paying off the money lender.

Cockran Was a Greenbacker.

Bourke Cockran, Hanna's chief swash buckler, stumped Maine for the greenback candidate in 1880.—Exchange.

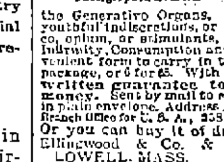


Hopelessly lost to happiness is the woman who neglects the health of the most important and delicate organs of her body. If she is weak and sick and nervous, she cannot be cheerful and amiable; she cannot make her home pleasant for herself, or for her husband, or for her children. Health is the thing most worth having in all the world. It is the thing that makes all other good things good, and yet four out of five women are sick and weak and make no real effort to get well. Every one of them can be well, if she wants to. Women go on for years suffering in silence, and then some day they find out about Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—and they take it and get well. It is a positive specific for all weakness and disease of the female organs. Thousands of women have testified to this fact. Among them Mrs. Maud Pearce, of Stoutsville, Fairfield Co., Ohio, who writes:

"Please accept my thanks for the good your medicines have done me. I truly believe that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription saved my life. It is a sure and certain cure for 'female troubles.' I am having perfect health. I am stout and can do all my housework. Nothing did me any good until I heard of you. Now I am well at last by taking your medicines. My good health pleases me and pleases my husband. He wants me to give you his good wishes. Every invalid lady should take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

Headache, heart-burn, sour stomach, foul taste in the mouth, biliousness, pimples, and palpitation of the heart are all caused by constipation, and constipation is cured positively and permanently by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules. One "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. They never gripe and are perfectly natural and easy in their action. Druggists sell them.

Manhood Restored.



BEFORE AND AFTER USING. Photographed from life.

NERVITAS, the Wonderful Roman Remedy, is sold with a written guarantee to cure all Nervous Diseases, such as Weak Memory, Lost Brain Power, Headache, Wakefulness, Lost Manhood, Nervousness, Atrophy, Emissions, Varicocele, Lassitude, all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs, caused by over-exertion, youthful indiscretions, or the excessive use of tobacco, opium, or stimulants, which ultimately lead to Infirmity, Consumption and Insanity. Put up in convenient form to carry in the vest pocket. Price $1 a package, or 6 for $5. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sent by mail to any address. Circular free in plain envelope. Address ROYAL CHEMICAL CO., Branch Office for U. S. A., 358 Dearborn St., CHICAGO, ILL. Or you can buy it of druggist below: Ellingwood & Co. & Goodale's Drug Store LOWELL, MASS.

LOWELL RENDERING CO.

Highest cash prices paid for Hides, Tallow, Skins, etc. Dead animals removed.

Factory and Office, So. Lowell

Telephone. 322-3. City Tel. 882-4.

SUNBEAMS.

Sustaining Her Charge.

"It must disgrace me before all the neighbors that you came home drunk."

"But, my dear, who saw me?"

"No one, but they all heard me scolding you."—Fliegende Blatter.

Hetty Green to Give $100,000.

Hetty Green has startled her friends by offering to give $100,000 for a home for aged and infirm actresses.

The gift is to be in the shape of land and a sum for improvements, provided a certain other sum, not given, is subscribed. A company to promote the enterprise was incorporated in Springfield, Ills., with Mrs. H. Peeking as president. It is to this corporation that Hetty Green will make her gift.

Mrs. Green says the land is on the lake shore, near Chicago, but will not give the location.

Managing a Bore.

"You know that Brimley that you introduced to me?"

"Yes."

"Doesn't he bore you awfully?"

"Never."

"He doesn't?"

"No; I always introduce him to some one else."—Detroit News.

Proof Against Anything.

"Are you sure that nothing can destroy his love for you?"

"I'm positive."

"But how can you tell what may happen?"

"Nothing worse can happen. He saw me in bloomers last evening."—Chicago Post.

Ground.

"I love the very ground beneath your feet," he cried passionately.

"Alphonse."

She was transfigured, but she didn't say a word about the ground beneath her feet being mortgaged for more than it was worth.—Detroit Tribune.

He Wanted to Eat.

Patron—Mr. Dentalio, I put my set of false teeth in this morning and I can't get them out.

Mr. Dentalle (great dentist)—Well, what do you want to get them out for?

Patron—Why, it's dinner time.—New York Weekly.

Better Luck.

Maude—Heigho! I'm in for bad luck this month, I suppose. I saw the new moon last night over my left shoulder.

Gladys (dreamily)—Did you? You poor child! I had better luck than that. I saw it over Ned's right shoulder.—Somerville Journal.

Tit For Tat.

"I wouldn't marry you if you were the last man on earth," she exclaimed.

"I should think you wouldn't," he rejoined. "The last man on earth is going to be mighty particular whom he marries."—New York Press.

FREEZERS

The new White Mountain Ice Cream Freezer is the best made. We have all the sizes at prices lower than any other house in New England.

HAMMOCKS

Every style and quality, prices from 50 cents upwards. Chinese and Mexican, woven and canvas, with or without pillows, valance and stretchers. Hammock Hooks and Ropes. For sale by

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street. Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

PHILIP J. FARLEY. Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Sheild's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

SMOKE OLD 64 CIGAR H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street, Photographers. Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty All work guaranteed

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing, promptly and neatly executed.

BICYCLES TO LET.

Medium grade and 2nd hand wheels, going cheap to close.

Geo. H. Bachelder, 21, 23, 25, P. O. Ave., beside new P. O.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO. Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty. 42 CHURCH STREET.

The Tourist: "Most of your statesmen are self made, are they not?"

The Native: "Not much. Most of them are made by political machines."

80 Drinks For 15c

Of our Dandelion Nerve Tonic—a delicious invigorating home drink easily made—simply adding water and sugar and is low enough in price so that any one can afford it.

It is a good stomach tonic as well and should be tried by every one—much different and heathier than the majority of oil and soap bark concoctions usually sold 15c. a bottle only at

GOODALE'S DRUG STORE, 217 Central Street.

GOOKIN BROS.

ARE YOU THINKING OF FURNISHING?

DO YOUR ROOMS NEED CARPETS?

ARE YOU GOING TO BE MARRIED?

DO YOU REQUIRE ANY ARTICLE OF FURNITURE?

If so come and look through our warerooms. You will be courteously waited on whether you want to buy or not, and you will learn something about our prices that will cause you to trade with us when you need anything in our line. See our line of Couches at $8.00 and upwards. Chamber suites and Parlor suites from the cheapest to the best. Dining room furniture that is sure to please you both in style and price. The Glenwood ranges and Parlor stoves always in stock. Carpets and floor coverings of all kinds. A complete assortment of Housefurnishings.

66 Prescott Street.

FINCH'S GOLDEN WEDDING RYE WHISKEY 1876—20 Years Old—1896

Held in storage by the late C. W. Cheney, for 15 years.

$1.50 PER BOTTLE, FULL QUART.

CHARLES H. JOYCE, 9 and 15 Middle St.

If There is Anything You Need in FURNITURE

Get it Now and Secure

ABSOLUTELY FREE one of our GRAND PREMIUM BOOKS

When your cash purchases amount to TWENTY-FIVE Dollars, you can select from such works as

STORY OF MAN PEOPLE'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES HEROES OF DARK CONTINENT AND OTHERS

REMEMBER, Our Prices are as Low as the Lowest.

PETER DAVEY, Undertaker and Furniture Dealer, 134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer

TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE. 458-2: STORE 314-2.

Day and Night School

Now in session at New England Business University. Actual business from the start. Call and see us. GLICK & YOUNG.

MUSIC HALL

PECK'S BAD BOY

Three Nights and Saturday Matinee. Fun, Frolic, Fast, Furious.

POPULAR PRICES.

Sept. 7, 8 and 9.

LABOR DAY, MONDAY, MATINEE.

Grand Spectacular Melodrama

Cleopatra

New Scenery, Music and Costumes, Beautiful Ballets and Tableaus.

Edmund Collier as Marc Antony, Mary Emerson as Cleopatra, and a strong supporting company.

LAKEVIEW THEATRE.

New Management Entire and Seventh Week of Success.

KENDAL WESTON COMPANY

In His Great Success in One Act,

"One Touch of Nature."

And the farcical play, "My Uncle's Will."

Prices, 10, 15, 20 and 25 cents. Box seats 50c., for sale during the day at Leed's. Evenings at 8. Matinees at 3 Wednesday and Saturday. Next week, Sept. 7th, commencing with a special matinee Labor Day, "A Happy Pair" and "To Oblige Benson."

LAKEVIEW PARK

ONE WEEK, COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 31.

THE Alabama Troubadours

A band of Afro-American celebrities, presenting in a true and realistic manner

Life in the Sunny South Before the War.

Buck and Wing Dancers, Banjoists, Jubilee Singers, Plantation Dancers, Male and Female Quartettes, Old Time Plantation Scenes, Camp Meeting Shouters, And the Great Cake Walk.

Two Exhibitions Daily. Afternoon and Evening.

"GLEN FOREST."

Fare From Lowell 10c.

ONE WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, AUG. 24.

THE ALABAMA TROUBADOURS

A Band of Afro-American Celebrities, PRESENTING IN A TRUE AND REALISTIC MANNER.

Life in the Sunny South before the war, Buck and Wing Dances, Banjoists, Jubilee Singers, Plantation Dances, Male and Female Quartettes, Old-Time Plantation Scenes, Camp-Meeting Shouters, and the

GREAT CAKE WALK.

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY.

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

LOWELL AND HAVERHILL TO SALISBURY BEACH.

Electric cars leave for Haverhill to connect with Steamer Merrimack, daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. and 12 m.

On and After Sept. 8

Cars will leave daily at 7 and 7.30 a. m. only. Steamer leaves beach to return at 4 p. m., one hour earlier. Four hours at the beach.

S. W. GEORGE, Agent.

Have You Ever Tried a Sample of Our

CALIFORNIA WHITE WINES

Hochheimer, Reising, Haut Sauterne, Deidesheimer, Sauterne.

JOHN M. PEVEY'S

55-57 MIDDLE ST.

16 TO 1

You will be pleased if your watch and jewelry repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street

WANT COLUMN.

TO RENT—House, newly painted inside and out, nine rooms, stable, two stalls, carriage house, hen house. Beautifully located between Broadway and Pawtucket street on Wilder. Apply to J. A. Green, 85 Merrimack street.

FOR SALE—A small grocery business, with horse, harness, wagon and good cash customers. Low cash price. Apply to Charles Spooner, 1206 Lawrence Street.

LOST—A railroad pass near the corner of Merrimack and Central streets. Finder please leave at Sun office.

WANTED.—$5000 capital wanted and equal partnership offered on a Lowell theatre to be run on first-class principal with strong N. Y. dramatic company. Address W, Sun office.

FOR SALE.—Near Westford and Lane streets, two tenement house, all modern improvements, 6000 feet of land; you can buy this place at a bargain. Call and see G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

SALESMEN—One in every state to sell our cigars on credit. Samples, good pay, expenses and exclusive territory to proper applicants. Address P. O. Box 1354, New York City.

FOR SALE.—Near Powell street, two story house, large lot of land; this is your chance to get a home and on easy terms. Price $1450. L. G. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—A capable man of good address for local or travelling agent. Permanent position. Ellwanger & Barry, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

FOR SALE.—In Belvidere, good cottage house of seven rooms, near mills, good lot of land. Price $1350. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists, price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

FOR SALE.—On Westford street cottage house, small barn, one acre of land; this is a bargain. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE.—In Pawtucketville, near new bridge, good two tenement house, large lot of land, always rented. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE.—On line of electric road, small place of 16 acres of land, new cottage house; this is your chance. Price $1250. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

MOODY STREET BRIDGE HOUSE LOTS.

New Bridge will be completed in a few days. The electric road is being laid across the bridge. Sewers, gas, city water, etc. 76 houses have been built in the last 8 months, and a large number are being built at the present time. Don't delay, choice lots are going quick, prices are low, only 10, 12 and 15c. per foot, easy monthly payments. Call for plans, terms etc. On the land every afternoon.

A. J. RYAN, Agt.

Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

THE LOWELL Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

STOP AND THINK,

Vain Regrets usually follow hasty actions.

Is it cheaper to get a cheap job cheap than to get a good job done at a reasonable price?

Good work at reasonable prices has built up our business.

THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.

Worthen Street.

Builders and Repairers.

A Pound of Facts

Is worth a ton of theories. Our line of Gas Stoves we sell on their merits, and we desire to call your attention to the

"WOLF GAS COOKER."

Compact, economical, labor saving. Can be attached to any range. The extravagance has been squeezed out of the price.

D. H. WILSON'S 279 DUTTON STREET.

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

5 O'CLOCK EXTRA

GOLD DEMOCRATS

In Convention at Indianapolis —The Speeches.

THE CHICAGO PLATFORM REPUDIATED IN PLAIN TERMS.

Chairman Caffrey's Address on the Issues.

Indianapolis, Sept. 3.—The scene at the opening of the convention in this city presented all the characteristic features of an old-fashioned Democratic convention. All the party favorites were cheered as they came in, and the southern delegations received a most flattering greeting. A portrait of President Cleveland and every banner bearing his name called for tumultuous applause and huzzahs. New York's 72 delegates, the finest looking body of men the state has sent to a delegation for many years, were cheered wildly as they entered. Almost immediately followed Massachusetts, with a handsome pair of banners; and up went the shouts again.

Mr. Outhwaite of Ohio was warmly received when he rose to read the call for the convention, and every reference to the name of the party was loudly cheered. At that part of the call which grouped the names of Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland the whole assemblage rose to its feet as one man, waving hats, handkerchiefs and every movable thing within reach. The list of officers of the temporary organization was the signal for the next burst, wild cheers greeting every familiar name of the men in public life, who had thrown all their own interests into the scale, to sink or rise with the new movement.

At 12:25 p. m., when Senator Palmer rapped with his gavel to call the convention to order, delegates and galleries joined in a series of rounds of applause and cheers. The outburst lasted several minutes, and after his tactful little speech, in which he laid emphasis upon the Democratic character of the organization and to the unselfish love of country which had called it into being, the demonstration was repeated, lasting till he had introduced Bishop White of this diocese, who opened the proceedings with prayer.

After the roll of states was finished there were loud demands for a call of territories, and the chairman ordered it. At the name of Alaska there was silence for a moment, followed by a general laugh, which had only begun when it was cut short by a delegate who rose and said: "Alaska is here." This was the signal for more cheers. Arizona and New Mexico also responded. At 1 p. m. the convention broke out again, at the recommendation, in the national committee's report, that "Until otherwise ordered, the convention be governed by the rules of the last Democratic national convention"—and here the reader paused a moment before adding: "Which met at the city of Chicago in the year 1892."

As Governor Flower was escorted to the platform, to act as temporary chairman, the convention gave him three rousing cheers and a tiger. In assuming the chair, he said:

"This gathering is notice to the world that the Democratic party has not yet surrendered to Populism and anarchy. The true principles of Democracy, expounded by Jefferson and exemplified through a century of national history, are not dead because those principles have been repudiated by a convention calling itself Democratic but controlled by un-Democratic influences. Those are true Democrats who remain true to the principles of their party and who refuse to be bound by party declarations which betray party faiths and threaten both party and country with disaster. By our presence here we emphasize the genuine character of our Democracy and demonstrate the patriotic nature of our partisanship. We are here because we love the Democratic party and because we love our country. That is the inspiration which has drawn us together and encourages our action. That is the fact which evidences our sincerity and makes our cause strong with the people.

"The danger of the Chicago platform lies not alone nor chiefly in its declaration for a financial policy which would be ruinous. The danger lies in the revolutionary influences which controlled the convention and animated its platform. Men may justly differ as to the best scheme of national finance and may debate their differences without recrimination or without questioning the honesty of motives. But when men, led on by ambitious politicians, their minds fired not by the example of American patriots, but by that of the radicals of the French revolution, overturn party precedents and pack a convention to secure an effective majority, then by aid of that majority raise aloft the incendiary banner of the poor against the rich, attack the integrity of the supreme court, threaten the subversion of national institutions and the indirect perversion of constitutional guarantees, incite disrespect to law and authority, suggest and in substance recommend the repudiation of national and private debts, and reject by intended implication the fundamental principle of Democracy that that government governs best which governs least—then it is time not only for Democrats to forsake that motley and un-American enunciation of doctrines, but to join, in such manner as may seem best, with all patriots who cherish their country's honor and wish to protect the welfare of its people."

Ex-Governor Flower discussed the effect of free coinage upon the wage-earner and others, and closed by saying: "Let no man say that in this convention any false note of Democracy was sounded. We stand for all that should inspire good citizenship—for honest money, enforcement of law and order, respect for authority, the preservation of the national credit, the just payment of debts, the dignity and welfare of labor, the prosperity and fair name of America. United in such a cause we

Continued on Page 4.

G. A. R. VETERANS

Their Ranks Greatly Thinned in a Year

YET THEY MAKE GOOD SHOWING AT ST. PAUL.

A Living Flag Presented by Children.

St. Paul, Sept. 3.—Nearly 40,000 veterans tramped the streets of St. Paul for several hours yesterday morning, renewing the associations of their youth and feeling in their veins the material spirit that animated them in the old days. The day was an ideal one for marching, the warm rays of the sun being behind the clouds nearly all day, and a slight breeze, making the tramp much easier for those in line. The showers held off, and everything went off according to program.

It was 11:30 when the head of the parade reached the grand reviewing stand at Smith park, and General Walker took his place on the platform, and the first division headed by the Veterans' corps, passed in review. It was 2:25 when the last post in the big eighth division, containing Minnesota's veterans, had passed, and there was scarcely a noticeable break in the line, post following post and department coming after department in almost endless succession. The enlivening music and the stirring martial sound of the veteran drum corps signalled the approach of each new department, and the crowds shouted prompt appreciation of the appearance of various favorites. Waves of applause went up and down the crowded streets, and at times veterans themselves took up the refrain. Taken altogether, the parade was an unqualified success, and the leading features of it have touched the soldier's heart as it has seldom been touched before.

The living flag was the feature of the day that most appealed to the marching veterans, and many touching scenes were witnessed in front of the mammoth chorus. The children had been thoroughly trained by Professor C. H. Congdon of the city schools, and were quick to respond to his every signal. As the head of each department arrived the strains of their mingled voices could be heard above the music of the bands, in patriotic greetings.

Down through the white columns that line lower Sixth street, the marching thousands kept on till they reached Smith park, at the lower end of the street, where the grand reviewing stand had been erected. Here General Walker and staff mounted the stand, and the various departments passed in formal review, dipped colors and rolling drums saluting, the commander-in-chief responding with a bow. On the stand were a number of past commanders-in-chief and others of national reputation, many of whom were recognized and applauded by the veterans as they passed.

The broad sweep of Summit avenue gave many chances for the marching qualities of the veterans to show, and many a post drew cheer after cheer as it turned a corner in perfect alignment and with soldierly step moved on down the wide avenue.

The parade has been in the thoughts of the soldiers to such an extent that politics must take a back seat and wait for the business sessions to open. The candidates are still being urged by their friends, the leaders being Rear Admiral Meade, Major T. S. Clarkson and New Hampshire's candidate, Comrade Linehan. It seems to be dividing between the east and the west, and the fact that Buffalo will surely get the next encampment may affect the result, as the sections are somewhat jealous of the honors. There are other candidates who will have strong support, but those mentioned are the leaders.

Campfires were held last night at the Auditorium and at the Market hall, and receptions for the various associated ladies' organizations in different parts of the city.

Desperado Gave Battle.

Pikeville, Ky., Sept. 3.—In attempting to capture George O. Quinn, a Virginia desperado, who had killed Everett Fowler in Russell county, Va., a week ago, the posse fired on him, killing him instantly. Quinn was surrounded by the posse and made a desperate fight before he was killed, emptying his revolver. Quinn shot Flower through the head while the latter was hunting squirrels, killing him instantly.

State Half a Million.

Harrisburg, Sept. 3.—The board of pardons has practically decided to recommend that a pardon be granted to John Bardsley, but final action has not yet been taken. On July 2, 1891, Bardsley was sentenced to 15 years in the Eastern penitentiary, for appropriation of over $500,000 of city and state moneys while acting as city treasurer of Philadelphia. His pardon will be granted because of his failing health.

Fava's Recall Rumored.

Washington, Sept. 3.—Nothing is known in official circles here of the report that Ambassador Fava of Italy is about to be recalled, and the story fails to find credit, especially because the negotiations respecting the recent killing of the Italians near New Orleans are progressing favorably. The ambassador himself is said to be in Bar Harbor, Me.

A Brighter Outlook.

St. John's, N. F., Sept. 3.—The Labrador mail steamer, which has returned from a tour of the coast, reports a decided improvement in the fishery. A number of craft have loaded, and one steamer sailed for market. Hopes are now being entertained that the fishery will result sufficiently well to escape heavy losses for those engaged.

Gentry's Great Performance.

New York, Sept. 3.—In the second heat of the free-for-all pacing race at Fleetwood park John R. Gentry won in 2:3¼. This lowers the previous record ½ second.

Minnesota Bank Goes Under.

Duluth, Sept. 3.—The state bank examiner has taken charge of the Manufacturers bank of West Duluth, and C. E. Benslee has been appointed receiver. The failure was attributed to the bank's inability to quickly realize on its assets.

Rudyard Kipling sailed for Europe, and will probably not return to his Vermont home.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying too much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

HARRY HILL IS GONE

NEVERMORE WILL THE FAMOUS OLD SPORT "OBLIGE."

Died In Poverty Though He Had Made a Fortune In His Time—For Years He Kept the Most Famous Sporting Resort In the Country—Was Known as "Square."

Harry Hill, the veteran sporting man, well known throughout the country, died at his home in Corona, N. Y., the other evening. The cause of his death is attributed to drinking impure water from the water supply at Corona. He was 76 years of age and had been ill two weeks.

Harry Hill had the reputation, of which he was proud, of being "the squarest man" who ever owned a sporting resort in New York. A decade and a half ago his resort at Houston and Crosby streets was known all over the country, and no rural individual of any sporting proclivities at all considered a visit to New York complete unless it included a visit to "Harry Hill's."

The proprietor was genial and hearty, and it was his boast—truthful so far as is known—that no person was ever robbed in his place. Many New Yorkers who have memories—and not unpleasant ones of "Harry Hill's," occupy places high in politics and in the business world today. It was their custom to "open wine" with the thick set, popular Englishman who conducted it and who owed his success to his honesty and good fellowship.

Hill, who was at one time reputed to be worth $500,000, died in poverty, and it is a fact worthy of note that of all the men who have achieved success and were under obligations to him not one went to his assistance in his days of adversity.

In 1854 he bought out a grocery store at Houston and Crosby streets, obtained a grocer's license to sell liquor, and it was from that beginning that his famous resort sprang. The grocery soon became headquarters for all of the sportsmen of the neighborhood. Hill was always master of his own place. He was handy with his fists and a clever wrestler. He never found it necessary to call upon the police for assistance.

John Morrissey one day met Hill and backed him to wrestle with Lieutenant Ainsworth of New Britain, Conn. The match came off April 14, 1863, for $2,500 a side. Hill won the match, and Morrissey was ever after his friend. The grocery presently ceased to exist as a grocery and be-

HARRY HILL.

came simply a resort for convivially disposed customers. Gradually it spread out and took in the stores on either side. As fast as leases expired about him Harry Hill extended his holdings.

He conceived the idea that his patrons would drink more and stay longer if they could be amused in the good old gladiatorial fashion, and he fixed up a stage in the central saloon, where nightly boxing bouts were held.

Every Thursday night he gave an exhibition and concert for charity, thus playing upon both sides of human nature.

He never lost an opportunity to get an attraction. Once he bought a hog of phenomenal size and exhibited it in his place. Hobbies would walk down Broadway holding a piece of string that they would say was the length of a hog they had just seen. The victims would let the drinks it was not so, and business was boomed materially thereby.

Hill's reputation for honesty was such that drunken men were glad to place their money and valuables in his hands for safe keeping. No one was ever known to have lost a cent thereby.

It is said that on one occasion a man gave him $34,000 to keep, and got it back after his prolonged spree. Rough and tumble fights were naturally frequent at Harry Hill's, but they never lasted long. The proprietor had a way of getting the fighters down stairs before they knew what was happening to them. Many times roughs entered the place with the avowed intention of making trouble, but Harry Hill was always able to take care of himself. Once Billy Edwards gave him valuable assistance when he was attacked.

The honesty of the man made him a favorite stakeholder among betting men. He was one of those who backed Billy Edwards in his fight with Sam Colyer at Cone River, Va., and he was stakeholder when in 1879 Jem Mace signed articles for a fight with Joe Coburn. Fully $25,000 stakes were deposited with him when Sullivan defeated Ryan at Mississippi City.

In the height of his prosperity the police drove Harry Hill out of his place, and his financial downfall began at that time. He bought 450 acres of land at Flushing, N. Y., as a speculation, and established a ferry to Fulton street, New York. His venture was not successful, and he lost heavily. He established a saloon known as the Curio in Broadway, near Houston street, and in that place alone lost $30,000.

Robert Chesebrough of New York held mortgages on almost everything that Hill owned. He treated the old man leniently, but at last was obliged to foreclose, and the last of Hill's fortune of $200,000 vanished like the froth on the champagne that had flowed so freely in his place.

With the mere scraps of his fortune he tried to start a saloon at the Harlem bridge, but the police, who pursued him diligently, kept close watch of every possible delinquency, such as being open for a moment after hours, and he was finally compelled to give it up.

He was in absolute need two years ago, but sternly refused to ask aid from friends. Like a sporting Beau Brummel he was prepared to starve when Richard K. Fox and H. C. Miner heard of his plight and arranged a benefit for the old man.

Although past 70 years of age, he stuck to it that he was only 60. The money derived from the benefit he invested in a little, shabby saloon at Maspeth, but could not make it pay.

"The people out here," he was wont to say, "want a glass full of whisky for 5 cents, and, bless me soul, I haven't the heart to call 'em down."—New York Journal.

Came Back.

With a scornful curl of his lip, the young husband laid his cane violently across his wife's bloomers.

They were stretched over a clothesline in the back yard.

He was dusting them.

He struck them another violent blow.

They flew back and hit him in the eye.

"Bloomerang!" was all he said.—Chicago Tribune.

BRIDES FOR A TRIBE

PAMUNKEY INDIANS SEEKING OUTSIDE ALLIANCES.

Intermarriage Is Killing the Descendants of the Ancient Powhatans of Virginia, and They Are Negotiating With the Cherokees—The Original F. F. V.'s.

An entire nation in search of eligible wives and husbands by the wholesale is a spectacle of rare occurrence in these modern times, but that spectacle is just now presented by the interesting tribe of Pamunkey Indians who live only 21 miles east of Richmond, over in King William county. It is true that the tribe is not a very populous one, but what it lacks in numbers it makes up in quality, for the Pamunkeys are indeed literally the "first families" of the Old Dominion—real "F. F. V.'s"—being actual lineal descendants of the aborigines of the American continent. They are the undoubted offspring of the old Powhatans of the days of Captain John Smith and of Pocahontas, still dwelling upon a part of their old hunting grounds and representing all that is left of the once powerful native confederacy that gave the early Virginia colonists so much trouble. Their progenitors possessed the land when Captain Newport, in 1607, founded Jamestown, the first permanent English settlement in North America. Consequently the present Pamunkeys are the veritable "blue bloods" among all the Indians surviving today, and they form the largest remnant of the old Algonquin stock now to be found on the Atlantic coast. Only a few trifling offshoots and some few uncertain and feeble strains of blood remain of the other Powhatan tribes.

The Pamunkeys alone have withstood intact the encroachments of civilization for nearly 300 years, and their preservation is all the more noteworthy from the fact that they live by themselves in their peculiar way in such close vicinity to the busy marts and "effete civilization" of the east. Although their manners are now modified, their blood impoverished, their language lost and their prestige vanished, they still illustrate in themselves the law of the survival of the fittest. The bare fact of their existence is unknown even in many parts of Virginia and almost wholly unknown elsewhere.

The very antiquity of the Pamunkeys, the exclusiveness of their race and the extreme blueness of their blood, unmixed through centuries with any other infusion, gravely imperil their future, so that the tribe is now in danger of dying out and is urgently in need of a matrimonial alliance with some outside stock to preserve the root. The detrimental effects of continued intermarriage among themselves have become alarming, but inasmuch as they scorn a vulgar union with their white as well as their colored neighbors, they are in a sore dilemma as to what steps they should take to restore their blood and save themselves from extinction.

Under this stress of necessity the head men of the Pamunkeys for three years have been considering plans for forming a matrimonial alliance with some more vigorous Indian tribe, notably with the eastern band of Cherokees in the adjacent states of North Carolina, Tennessee, Georgia and Alabama. They opened negotiations with the Cherokees a year ago to procure brides for their unmarried sons and husbands for their unmarried daughters. The male Pamunkeys have been made to understand that the eastern Cherokee girls are exceptionally pretty, modest and sensible, and the female Pamunkeys believe the eastern Cherokee braves to be handsome, loyal and industrious and calculated to make safe husbands. But for some reason the negotiations have not progressed satisfactorily, and up to date there has been no substantial outcome.

Correspondence on the subject has been conducted with the chiefs of the eastern Cherokees, and repeated conferences have been held with various Indian philanthropists and with the United States commissioner of Indian affairs at the government bureau in Washington, while many strong inducements have been held out to any eligible tribe to make the desired arrangement and promptly send on a select sample consignment of "likely" girls and youths. But so far no definite success has been attained. What worthy tribe will now step forward and come to the relief of the despairing Pamunkeys? Of course it need hardly be said that only a first grade tribe will answer the requirements, for, as explained above, the Pamunkeys esteem themselves a particularly gilt edged race.

Naturally they are proud of their lineage and of the prominent place occupied by their illustrious ancestors in history and literature. King Opechancanough, the successor of Powhatan and the leader of the great massacre of the whites in 1622, is their tutelar hero. Next to him they revere the memory of Powhatan and his ill starred daughter, Pocahontas, who, as a little girl, saved Captain John Smith from death in 1608 and as a grown woman married John Rolfe, the English planter, in 1613. They maintain among themselves a curious kind of native aristocracy and assume a high superiority over their surrounding Virginian neighbors, even as their old Pamunkey forbears deemed themselves the leading factor among all the allied Powhatan tribes. If put to the test, they might reluctantly acknowledge the best whites as perhaps their equals, but they account the blacks as infinitely beneath themselves in the social scale.—New York Sun.

Kite Pictures Successful.

The midair kite photographs of Boston, taken by William A. Eddy, of Bayonne, N. J., have been developed. Of the first 12 films 7 were successful, giving distinct views at great height of the Common, Beacon street, Commonwealth avenue, Charles river and the outlying suburbs.

Mr. Eddy estimates that in one of the views the camera was at the moment of exposure fully 1,500 feet above the pavement. Of the five photographs taken yesterday afternoon three failed, owing to a defect in the camera shutter, but two gave good views of the central part of the city. The kites used were 6 and 7 feet in diameter, and during the experiments from four to eight kites were required to support the camera.

Women Want Clean Shoes.

An enterprising woman of New York is arranging for the establishment of a place where women can have their shoes polished. Her idea is to start a small place up town where women can step in at any time during the day and for 10 cents have their footgear cleaned. If the establishment succeeds, branches will then be opened in other districts and a new departure made permanent.

The Average Man In This Campaign.

A very unfortunate woman lives in Atchison. Her husband wants to argue silver with her three times a day, but never gives her any.—Atchison Globe.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

THE BRITISH SECRETARY

On a Visit to His Father-in-Law at Danvers.

Danvers, Mass., Sept. 3.—Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the British colonies, accompanied by his wife and private secretary, arrived here last night for a three weeks' visit to his father-in-law, William C. Endicott. In an interview, Mr. Chamberlain said his visit to the United States had no political significance, and was simply for the purpose of visiting Mrs. Chamberlain's parents and for relaxation and quiet. He expects to stay here three weeks, and did not expect to visit Canada during his visit.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Five persons perished in a fire in an Ontario hotel.

Wheat and corn crop reports are very favorable.

There is great distress among the fire sufferers at Ontonagon, Mich.

Habana advices claim that matters are improving in Cuba for the Spanish cause.

The estate of the late Martin Brimmer of Boston is valued at more than $1,000,000.

A party of excursionists barely escaped serious injury by an eruption of Mt. Hood.

The New York Lyon diamond robbery is believed to have been the result of a conspiracy.

Seattle (Wash.) banks will retaliate on Canada by accepting Dominion money only at a discount.

The sending of warships to Turkey does not mean an enforcement of the Harpout claims.

The treasury yesterday lost $70,000 in gold coin, and $3890 in bars, which leaves the true amount of the reserve $103,203,213.

Medical Director David Kindleberger, at present in charge of the naval hospital at Philadelphia, and the senior medical officer of the navy, retired yesterday, on account of age. He has a most creditable record of active service during and since the war.

Baseball.

At Boston—Boston, 18; St. Louis, 3. Boston, 12; St. Louis, 8.
At Brooklyn—Cleveland, 5; Brooklyn, 3.
At Washington—Louisville, 8; Washington, 6.
At Philadelphia—Pittsburg, 10; Philadelphia, 2.
At New York—Cincinnati, 4; New York, 0.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 4; Chicago, 2.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 9; Pawtucket, 5.
At Fall River—Brockton, 14; Fall River, 1.
At Augusta—Bangor, 10; Augusta, 3. Bangor, 10; Augusta, 9.

WOMAN AS A FIANCIER.

The Lawyer Who Needed Money and the Wife Who Offered to Lend.

"I have heard it said," remarked the lawyer, "that women are not good financiers, but I"—

"Generally speaking, that is true," interrupted the banker, "but there are exceptions. The average woman is a nuisance the moment she undertakes to fool with figures, and I confess I hate to see one come into the bank. The calm confidence with which she suggests that we reverse our usual methods of doing business is refreshing, but annoying if too often repeated. She expects everything to be shifted around in order to make it a trifle more convenient for her. As a financier I must confess she"—

"Beats all creation," put in the lawyer. "You may not agree with me," he added, "but it's so. A little of her cool assurance is worth all of man's superior knowledge of values and financial methods."

"It's evident that you've never been connected with a bank," said the banker.

"But I'm married," retorted the lawyer.

"Ah, I might have known that we were coming to a scrap of domestic history," returned the banker. "I will admit that the science of domestic economy as practiced by women is beyond all the ordinary rules of finance. But let's hear the story."

"I found myself dead broke at home one evening, and I needed a little change," explained the lawyer. "I asked my wife for $5, and she immediately wanted to know what she was to get out of it."

"Good business instinct," commented the banker. "She realized that she had the money market temporarily cornered. Very clever, indeed, for a woman."

"I told her I'd bring her home $25 the following night if she'd let me have $5 that evening," continued the lawyer, "and she was delighted."

"Naturally," returned the banker. "The rate was usurious."

"'I need $25 so much,' she exclaimed, 'and I've been wondering how I was going to get it. Be sure you don't forget to bring it home.'

"'I won't,' I said. 'Where's the V?'

"'The V!' she exclaimed. 'Oh, I'll give that to you out of the $25 if you're mean enough to take it. I haven't a cent now.'"

"Well?" said the banker inquiringly.

"Oh, you're married and don't need to have the story finished," returned the lawyer. "You know very well that she got the $25, and I got eternally and everlastingly left in the transaction, as a man almost invariably does when he enters into financial negotiations with his wife."—Chicago Post.

The Refinement of Cruelty.

The luxury and refinement which emphasized the unnatural cruelty of the Roman empire find their counterpart in the chronicles of the Mamelukes, and Nero fiddling over burning Rome would have passed unnoticed among the crowd of dilettante slave kings, who united charming tastes with execrable morals. A great vizier, after governing Egypt for ten years during the nominal sovereign's minority, had at last to make way for his master. The young sultan, An-Nasir, was now to take up the reins of power himself. The Vizier Salar received him with high festivities and princely gifts. The vizier was trapped, cast into prison, and there starved with circumstances of exasperating barbarity. Trays were sent him loaded with costly dishes, such as one sees today in the British museum, richly incrusted with arabesques and inscriptions, in silver and gold inlay of the most exquisite workmanship.

When the famished prisoner uncovered them, he found no food. One bowl was full of gold, another of pearls, a third of precious stones. He gnawed his own palms and bit off his fingers in the pangs of hunger, and so died. It is a scene that would have delighted Caligula.—Saturday Review.

An Omen Analyzed.

"Does yoh re'ly b'lieve," said Pickaninny Jim, "dat it's lucky ter git de lef' hin foot ob er rabbit?"

"It all 'pends on de circumstantials, chile," was the reply.

"Yoh means on how yoh gits it."

"Dat's it. Ef somebody gibs yer de lef' hin foot an' keeps de res'er de rabbit hiself, 'tain' no luck 'tall. But ef yoh comes crwy wif hin foot, rabbit an all, hit's er sho' sign dah's er good dinner comin ter yer."—Washington Star.

Her Usefulness.

"That cow's got a lot of good points about her."

"Yes. She'd make a splendid hatstand."—Ally Sloper.

LANDS AND BUILDINGS

Several Contracts Awarded for School Work.

The committee on lands and buildings had a lengthy discussion last night on the heating and ventilation of the new Bartlett and Carter street school houses.

Early in the meeting, Councilman Hunton insisted on an immediate consideration of the subject and later requested that the action be deferred till this evening. The committee expected that state inspector White would recommend some system as requested, but he did not.

Alderman Dow moved that the contract be awarded to the lowest bidder of two systems which had been partially approved by the state inspector. He added that the lowest bidder was the Middlesex Machine Co., $6865. That system and the one represented by Farrell & Conaton, whose bid is about $8,000, were the two partially approved by the inspector.

Alderman Howe and Councilman Hunton objected to that motion at length. They did not care for the former system. Alderman Dow stated that it made no difference to him who got the contract, only he thought it should go to the lowest bidder.

Then he offered the following motion; that the contract be awarded to the Middlesex Machine Co. at $6865, they to conform to the requirements of the state office in making alterations, to guaranty results, and furnish a satisfactory bond therefor. At Councilman Hounsell's suggestion he embodied a clause making the amount of the bond 50 per cent of the contract price. This motion passed, Alderman Dow, Councilmen Penn and Hounsell in favor; Aldermen Dow and Councilman Hunton against.

Alderman Dow then made a similar iron bound motion in the case of the Carter street school awarding the contract to H. H. Wilder &Co., at $3785 and the motion passed.

The matter of providing school accommodations for children in the vicinity of Plain street was discussed but no action was taken.

PRESS TEAM WON.

Defeated City Hall Players in the Deciding Game.

It did not take the Press team very long yesterday afternoon to defeat the City hall nine. Just one-half an inning gave them sufficient runs to win any ordinary game. But then yesterday's game was an unusual one.

Before it started the City hall nine had it won, 17 to 0. When it was finished, the Press nine were victors 16 to 13. If there was ever a game for "blood" it was yesterday. All the pencil-pushers were out for "Billy" McGuirk's scalp and they got it. Six innings were played, and that was enough for the spectators. Dowling in left field and third base, could not hold a ball if it was handed to him, and Paradis, as a base-runner, gave a wonderfully clever performance particularly when he fell asleep on first base and was caught by about five yards.

Sternberg started in to pitch, just to encourage the City hall boys, and likewise to make a record. He made it. It took three umpires to pull through the game. They had a big contract on their hands, and came near breaking it several times when things looked dubious for the pencil-pushers. But they knew their business and the best thing that can be said of them is that they meant well.

Squire Owens put up a professional game at short and caught several pretty flies. The teams were made up as follows:

Press—Pressey c, Sternberg p and ss, Maher 1b, Paradis 2b, Boulger 3b and lf, Brown ss, and p, Dowling lf, and 3b, McCurdy cf, and Shea rf.

City Hall—Cosgrove c, Baxter p, McGuirk 1b, Dawson 2b, Riley 3b, Owens ss, Cheney lf, Driscoll cf, Pucell rf.

PLURALITY OF 39,093.

Yesterday's Figures on Vermont Election Were Not Over-Estimated.

St. Albans, Vt., Sept. 3.—Returns from the counties complete give the Republican candidate for governor a plurality of 39,093. This would give each congressman about 19,548 majority. Complete returns by counties are as follows:

	Grout.	Jackson.
Addison	4,614	461
Bennington	3,703	1,588
Caledonia	3,520	1,645
Chittenden	4,786	2,079
Essex	959	357
Franklin	4,035	1,062
Grand Isle	497	201
Lamoille	2,329	601
Orange	3,215	792
Orleans	3,076	558
Rutland	6,340	1,956
Washington	4,804	2,772
Windham	4,760	854
Windsor	5,948	731
Totals	53,076	14,983

Republican plurality of 39,093.

ONE DOLLAR! Spent for Footwear at Our Store NOW! Insures to the Buyer a Saving of 50c. EAGLE SHOE STORE 215 DUTTON STREET. J. J. LONERGAN. - - Prop.

DR. KELLEY. SURGEON DENTIST. 161 CENTRAL ST. Opposite the Washington House.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

16 TO 1.

You will be pleased if your watch and jewelery repairing done at Frost's, 120 Central street.

DO NOT HEAT YOUR BLOOD Until it is almost a fever by trying to bake your bread through hot weather, as you will find this poor economy; but have PETER WATSON call at your home, and for less than it would cost you to bake it yourself, you can get his celebrated cream bread, or pastry. Three delivery teams run to all parts of the city. Retail stores at 52 to 60 Charles Street, and 465 Lawrence Street.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER 448 Corham Street. Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

C. B. Coburn & Co. BASKETS Suitable for picking fruit. Bottle, Jug and Jar Corks, Sealing Wax. 63 AND 67 MARKET STREET.

SCOTT & O'DAY, Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers Steam, Gas and Water Piping. JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO 54 APPLETON STREET. Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER TELEPHONE. J. H. RILEY, Bottler, Nos. 90 and 102 Lakeview Avenue Telephone Number 474-4.

THERE'S NO QUESTION ABOUT IT. The line of HATS for fall wear that we are now showing stand preeminent, without a rival. We've never been able to make such a showing before and you'll appreciate what that means. Their quality and price have pleased all who have inspected them. ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY, 69 Merrimack Street.

COOL EVENINGS ARE COMING! Why not order your light weight overcoat now and save a few dollars? Our unlined heavy coverts are dandies. DAVIS & NICKERSON, Tailors, 9 CENTRAL STREET. New Goods Arriving Every Week.

OLD WHEAT FLOUR This is the season of the year to buy your winter Flour. You are sure of getting old wheat of us and we guarantee the quality and the price. F. M. BARNEY & CO. Grocers, Bakers, Meat and Provision Dealers, 415 MIDDLESEX STREET. 28 THORNDIKE STREET Tel 144-4. Wamesit Bank Block

Fall Styles 1896-97. The Gold Derby | The Silver Tourist Our two hats that have been universally indorsed as the most becoming, and best values ever seen in the field for public favor, now ready. 95c., $1.48, $2, $2.50. J. L. CHALIFOUX, 49 to 59 Central Street.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER AT READY MADE CLOTHING PRICES. BERTRAND'S 24 Middle Street.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street. Counsellor at Law and Notary Public.

O'Donnell & Gilbride Co.

A Stupendous Bargain Sale OF BED BLANKETS

Opens in Our Store To-day. We have opened this week several cases of new Blankets which manufacturers have been making for us the past four months and we have also purchased from the same manufacturers several cases which are subject to imperfection and which we bought very much less than the price of regular goods. Therefore

We Will Discount this Week the Lowest Prices Ever Paid for Blankets.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK. BUY NOW.

Five cases of Blankets, white and grey, at 49c. a pair.

Four cases of white and grey Blankets, 11-4 size, at 98c. a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, white, only with border, an elegant quality at $1.25 a pair.

One hundred pair 11-4 Blankets, imperfect, regularly sold at $2.75, only $1.75 a pair.

Ninety pair of Wool Blankets, imperfect, sold regularly at $4.00, only $2.39 a pair.

Two cases of 11-4 Blankets, very slight imperfections, pink, blue and yellow borders, sold regularly at $5.50, only $3.75 a pair.

Two cases of strictly all-wool 11-4 Blankets, regularly sold at $7.00, the imperfections are scarcely noticeable, price $4.50 a pair.

Elegant Blankets in Perfect Goods Up to $15.00 a Pair.

Two Bargains in Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Seventy-five dozen Bleached Pillow Cases 42x36 and 45x36, at 6 1-4c. each.

Twenty-five dozen of ready-to-wear Bleached Sheets at 39c. each.

COMFORTERS.

Complete and entirely new stock of Comforters. New designs, new styles, beautiful colorings, in French Sateen Comforters. All our low and medium price Comforters are filled with pure carded cotton batting. Largest stock in Lowell to select from.

O'DONNELL & GILBRIDE CO.

THE WEATHER.

Sun rises—5:13; sets, 6:14.
Length of day—12h. 1m.
Moon rises—12:?? p. m.
Full sea—7:15 a. m.; 7:45 p. m.

Forecast for New England: Showers in northern portions and fair, followed by showers during the afternoon or night in the southern portion; increasing southwesterly winds; warmer in eastern portion.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 45	6 50	5 50	7 07
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 38
6 51	8 03	6 40	§7 36
§7 01	7 53	8 00	9 11
*§7 18	8 02	*8 30	§9 10
*§7 27	8 12	*9 00	§9 40
§7 33	8 51	*9 30	§10 07
7 40	8 55	10 00	11 15
*7 45	8 35	10 45	11 58
*8 50	9 40	11 30	§12 07
9 03	10 23	12 00	§12 56
9 40	10 40	*1 00	§1 34
11 00	12 00	*1 15	§1 52
§11 42	12 27	2 00	3 04
§12 16	1 07	*3 00	§3 49
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 49
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 32
*§4 00	4 45	4 50	§5 55
*4 10	4 55	*5 00	5 44
4 25	5 30	5 25	6 22
§5 23	6 15	5 50	7 05
6 33	6 53	6 15	7 31
*§6 21	7 10	*7 30	§8 19
*§7 47	8 30	*8 00	§8 40
§8 43	9 40	10 15	11 22
		11 25	12 23

Sunday Trains.

§7 18	8 02	9 15	§3 05
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	§1 57
§9 10	10 16	5 00	§5 59
§4 25	6 32	7 30	§8 10
§6 58	7 00	8 00	§8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 01	7 30	8 35
8 15	9 11	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 33	10 25	11 4?
10 50	12 02	1 51	1 0?
12 05	1 37	2 15	3 10
12 45	1 53	3 30	4 29
2 30	3 41	3 40	4 55
2 55	4 02	4 25	5 41
4 05	5 21	5 01	6 20
5 10	6 43	6 01	7 00
6 15	7 16	6 35	7 48
7 00	8 06	9 40	10 41
9 00	10 41	11 15	12 17

Sunday Trains.

8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 51
4 15	5 29	5 00	6 27
5 30	6 59	8 40	9 40
8 45	9 58		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

*Express.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

LOCAL NEWS.

A delicious smoke—Old Hundred cigar.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

J. Joseph Hennessy, Esq., has opened a law office at room 15, Hildreth building.

Principal Cecil Bancroft of Phillips Academy, Andover, was in this city yesterday.

If your coal does not suit you try Mullin, the 1018 Gorham street coal dealer. You can get him by telephone connection.

The Village Improvement Association of Chelmsford Centre has ordered the construction of a large case, which will be set up in the trustees' room of the library building.

Much complaint is being made against bicycle scorchers on upper Gorham street, along the cemeteries, and hair breadth escapes by women and children are said to be of almost daily occurrence.

If you read again the advertisement of A. G. Pollard & Co., you will notice that their last item is "Meat Platters" instead of "Neat Patterns" as we printed it for them Tuesday, and by the way, those "Meat Platters" are a great bargain.

The following note comes to this office: One of those worthy icemen has had the audacity to deprive a man of a much prized and valuable dog for the space of a week, and further, from the appearance of the animal, deprived it of food during that time, which conduct should form a matter of investigation for the Humane society.

Supt. Davis Queried.

Superintendent Davis has received a communication from Michael Dwyer of the National Soldiers' home, Hampton, Va., which reads as follows:

Aug. 25, 1896.

If John Hughes, who resides in Lowell and served on U. S. Steamer A. D. Vance in 1864 and 1865, if still living, would send his address to the undersigned he would confer a favor and hear from an old shipmate of his.

MICHAEL DWYER.
National Soldiers' home, Hampton, Va.

AT UNDERSHORE CAMP.

"The Only Man on the Beach" Awarded a Prize.

"Undershore" camp, Long pond, yesterday, was the scene of a jolly good time, the occasion of a fish fry in honor of the following well known Lowellians:

Treasurer "Josh" Kershaw of the Hogans, John Billingsly, Wm. W. Murphy, John Fitzgerald, Fred Halstead and Police Officer Bartholomew Kane.

The hosts of the occasion were Police Officers Edward Hill and Henry Brady. After the inner man was satisfied various out-door diversions were participated in. Mr. Kershaw blushingly received the prize offered to the "only man on the beach," and made his first extemporaneous address in public on receiving the award. It might be parenthetically remarked that it was too long for publication.

CITY HALL NOTES.

Items of Interest in the School Department—Lands and Buildings Committee to Blame for Poor School House Accommodations.

When the use of a school house is desired permission is sought from the committee on lands and buildings, as was shown on Tuesday evening, when the request of the republicans to be allowed to use the basement of the new Moody school for caucuses was referred to that committee. Should it be necessary to make any repairs in that building either before or after the caucus the expense will have to be borne by the school board. Though it is incumbent upon the later body to care for all school buildings, it has practically no supervision over these buildings.

It seems that the responsibility for lack of school accommodations in Plain street rests with the lands and buildings committee. It allowed the old Plain street school structure to be demolished without any provision being made for receiving pupils in September.

For the next two weeks the truant commissioners will be kept hustling, handling next text books as they come from the different publishing houses.

Supt. Whitcomb, who was unanimously elected last Monday evening, is now in his sixth year as superintendent of schools.

The late Charles Morrill served 16 terms as superintendent and Mr. Whitcomb ranks next to him in point of service.

Truant Commissioner Williams is another old official in the school department, his career extending over a period of 10 years.

New Fall and Winter Goods

Exclusive novelties in the latest shades and styles, from the magnificent house of E. H. Vandingen & Co., New York and London, England, at Louis Alexander's, the tailor, 66 Central street.

1876 and 1896.

For the past twenty years we have been supplying the citizens of Lowell with high grade teas and coffees. Dickson Bros., the big tea dealers, 58 Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

GOLD DEMOCRATS.

Continued.

can go forward with the American flag as our banner and the words "National Democrats" inscribed on its folds. We know no sectional issue or interest. We stand behind the broad shield of patriotism and in that sign we shall conquer."

Governor Flower finished his speech at 1:49 p. m. Then the roll of states was begun for members of the committees on credentials, permanent organization and honorary vice presidents. The roll-call was suspended by unanimous consent, and the names of committeemen sent up to the secretary, in order to expedite business.

At 2:10 p. m. the convention took a recess until 4 p. m. In the meantime the various committees met and prepared their reports.

It was 4:15 when Temporary Chairman Flower appeared on the platform to call the afternoon session of the convention to order. Both he and Senator Palmer also sat on the platform, and were warmly greeted, and an enthusiastic Illinoisian called for three cheers for John M. Palmer, "the grand old man." They were given with effect. There were demonstrations as other conspicuous men entered. The galleries were more crowded than at the first session, and the proportion of ladies were fully as large.

At 4:25 Mr. Flower rapped for order, and the report of the committees were called for. The report of the committee on credentials was first presented by Chairman Brennan of Wisconsin. The statement in the report that there were 824 delegates to the convention, representing 41 states and three territories, was heartily applauded. The report of the committee on financial organization not being ready, Dr. Everett of Massachusetts was introduced to the convention by Temporary Chairman Flower. He was enthusiastically greeted, and made a stirring speech.

When Dr. Everett declared that Massachusetts was opposed to sectionalism, and again when he said that the convention would uphold the administration of Mr. Cleveland for upholding the credit of the nation, the delegates jumped to their feet and joined in a stormy demonstration. Fans, handkerchiefs, flags, everything that was movable were waved, amid frantic cheering. He made touching reference to the sad death of ex-Governor Russell, who, he said, died of a broken heart because of the folly of his party at Chicago.

There were loud calls for Bragg, Vilas, Buckner and others when Dr. Everett took his seat, but the committee on permanent organization was ready and read its report. The report was read by Delegate Roberts of Missouri. It recommended Senator Caffery of Louisiana for permanent chairman, Jno. R. Wilson of Indiana for secretary and Walter Kessler of Indiana for sergeant-at-arms. It also reported on order of business. The report also recommended that the organization of the party be made permanent, and that the committee be empowered to call future conventions. This portion of the report met with a warm response from the delegates.

The report was adopted, and Mr. Bullitt of Pennsylvania and Mr. Lawler of Minnesota escorted Senator Caffrey to the platform. In assuming the gavel, Senator Caffrey made a strong speech. Without being ornate, Mr. Caffrey is an impressive speaker, clear in logic, bold in statement, emphatic in gesture. He referred occasionally to his manuscript. The convention listened closely, and frequently interrupted by applause. Senator Caffrey said:

Chairman Caffrey's Address.

I tender this convention my deepest thanks for the high honor of selecting me to preside over its deliberations. I shall always regard it as the highest honor ever conferred upon me. Charged by our party with the function of ministering in its temple of faith, and teaching the people its true doctrines, our priests have desecrated its altars, broken its shrines and taught false doctrines to the people. We now enter the sanctuary of the temple and take possession of the Ark of the Covenant of our faith, which we will hereafter vigilantly guard, protect and defend. We will purify its desecrated altars and rebuild its broken shrines. And lest the hearts of the people be stolen away from true Democratic faith—the faith of our fathers and founders—we must separate from our brethren who have wrought this evil, and from those who have followed their evil teachings. We cannot follow them in the road they have taken; for their feet are swift to destruction, and their way is the way of death. The ties that bound us were as strong as hooks of steel, and we part from them in sorrow. Loyalty to party discipline and organization has ever been the pride and strength of our party. Loyalty to principle has ever been, and ever will be, its cardinal and leading tenet, paramount to all others, binding in conscience and guiding the action of every true Democrat.

The declarations of the Chicago platform are "open, palpable and flagrant" departures from all that Democracy has stood for. They assail the money standard of the country and declare for the inflated and depreciated standard of free silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. They assail the right and power of the executive to enforce the law and to protect property under the control and in the custody of the federal courts in any state in the Union; they attack the integrity of a coordinate branch of the government; they declare that the function of issuing paper money is to be exclusively exercised by the government itself; they assail the right of the citizen to contract for payment in any legitimate commodity; they declare that the obligations of the government, for which gold was received, and for the payment of which in the same coin the national faith is pledged, may be paid in a depreciated coin, and we declare that each and every one of these attacks and declarations are un-Democratic. They are an assault upon the constitution, the time-honored principles of the Democratic party, and the distinguished patriot and statesman who has twice led it to the only victories it has achieved in 36 years. It is the Ishmael of platforms. It raises its hand against some of the principles of both parties, and all the principles of the Democratic party. It is begotten of the unhallowed union between Democracy, Populism and anarchy. And that the scriptures may be fulfilled, it will be a fugitive and a wanderer on the face of the earth.

We hold that no argument is needed to show the revolutionary and anarchistic character of the doctrine that the laws cannot be enforced in a state to protect property which is in the jurisdiction of federal courts, or to protect the United States mails, or that the supreme court ought to be reorganized, or that the national honor should be stained or the national faith violated, or that the freedom of private contract ought to be limited, or that the function of issuing paper money ought to be exclusively exercised by the federal government. We hold that the theory of free coinage of silver, with gold, at the ratio of 16 to 1, admits of argument, but we hold that the weight of authority, the strength of reasoning and the facts of history, all point to its fallacy and the ruinous consequences of its adoption.

The free coinage of silver is, and has been, since Mr. Cleveland's inauguration, the supreme, overshadowing issue before the country. Upon that issue the president and a majority of his party's representatives in congress took opposite sides. In consequence, he has been powerless to effect financial reform and secure immunity from gold raiding on the treasury. Since the inception of the struggle for free silver, no compromise has been possible. Our brethren knew that the battle was to the death. The nominee of the so-called Democratic party has, on several occasions, proclaimed the irreconcilable nature of the conflict. It is a fitting culmination of such a contest for our brethren to obtain allies from Populism at the price of incorporating its nefarious doctrines in their platform, and attempting to palm them off as genuine Democracy. It was fit that to a degraded and depreciated currency should be added an assassinated judiciary and a powerless executive.

At the conclusion of Senator Caffery's speech, John P. Irish of California was called for, and responded with a speech. Mr. Irish has quite a reputation as an orator, and he fully justified it. He said there was something appropriate about the selection of Indianapolis for this convention, as here, in the days of the war, Democrats assembled under the threat of shotted guns and declared their faith; now they were threatened with something worse than physical extermination. Their name had been filched and their principles debauched by those who had replaced that code with a creed to which the Democratic party had been opposed ever since there had been a division of parties in the country. He paid his respects both to Mr. McKinley and Mr. Bryan, both of whom, he declared, were preaching the gospel of high prices—the former by an artifice known as protection, the latter by cheapening the purchasing power of money. "We stand," he cried, "where Jefferson, Jackson and Cleveland stood. We say to these daughters of the horse leach, 'A plague upon you both.'" He characterized Mr. Bryan as "the agent of the silver syndicate and the commercial traveler of the millionaire mine-owners, touring the country for business," and declared that the general public should not be made the "tool of this puppet of syndicates." He concluded with a glowing peroration.

Immediately after Mr. Irish's speech, the convention at 5:50 adjourned until today.

The committee on resolutions organized immediately after the convention adjourned, and elected William F. Vilas of Wisconsin chairman and Thomas C. Kuntz of Minnesota secretary.

Hugh C. Wallace of Washington, who began booming Cleveland for the nomination when he came here a few days ago, is now engaged in trying to undo all that he has been doing. It is said that his efforts were not approved by the president.

AYER'S PILLS

"Having been subject, for years, to constipation, without being able to find much relief, I at last tried Ayer's Pills, and testify that I have derived great benefit from their use. For over two years past I have taken one of these pills every night."—G. W. BOWMAN, 26 East Main St., Carlisle, Pa.

CURE CONSTIPATION.

New York Populists' Wants.

Syracuse, Sept. 3.—The Populist state convention met in this city yesterday. Lansing F. Lincoln of Buffalo was selected temporary chairman. The committee on permanent organization reported in favor of D. M. S. Fero being chairman of the permanent organization and the continuance of the secretaries as permanent officers. The committee also reported in favor of sending C. B. Matthews, C. R. White, D. M. S. Fero, D. Fisk and David Rosseau as a committee to go to the Democratic state convention at Buffalo to secure an endorsement of the Democratic and Populist national platform and the nomination of Free Silver candidates by the Democratic state convention. The platform as submitted declares that the Republican and Democratic parties had brought the people of the country to distress. It endorses the Omaha and St. Louis platforms, and congratulates the action of the Democrats at Chicago. It calls for free coinage and for public control of the railroads and telegraph and such monopolies as have gotten beyond the control of the people. A graduated inheritance tax is recommended in the state and a graduated income tax in the nation. The initiative and referendum is called for in all legislative matters.

Foreman to Altgeld.

Chicago, Sept. 3.—Ex-Congressman Foreman publishes a rejoiner to the answer of Governor Altgeld, to the charges of borrowing state money, etc., made by him against the governor. He repeats the charges and says: "The public has a right to expect an explanation of every charge, but instead, they are met with personal abuse, mean insinuations and hypocritical cant. I want to remind you that the issue was squarely presented to you, and as you refused to accept it, I shall await with confidence the verdict of the people of the state of Illinois, to be rendered in November, and predict your overwhelming defeat."

Democrats Organize.

Philip J. Farley, Esq., attended the meeting of the Wilmington democrats last evening. They organized with the choice of John Granfield for chairman and Peter McMahon as secretary.

THE O'SULLIVAN SHOW

Will Not Come Off as Arranged For Next Saturday.

There will be no barbecue at Lakeview Saturday afternoon, though political arrangements had been made for one.

The railroad company has provided an extra attraction during the season. Generally, it was a base ball game with which they sought to amuse patrons. But for next Saturday they intended to make a departure and the attraction was to have been Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan of Lawrence.

Last night Mr. O'Sullivan gave out the information that he would have to defer his visit as a previous engagement would prevent his attendance.

Liver Ills

Like biliousness, dyspepsia, headache, constipation, sour stomach, indigestion are promptly cured by Hood's Pills. They do their work easily and thoroughly.

Hood's Pills

Best after dinner pills. 25 cents. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pill to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

STORM OF HISSES

Follows the Mention of Cleveland's Name.

KENT NAMED FOR GOVERNOR BY DEMOCRATS.

Mr. Cook to Lead Connecticut Republicans.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 3.—The Democratic state convention was called to order by Chairman Amey in Phoenix hall. All the gold delegates were well up in front. There was much subdued excitement during the reading of the list of committees, and some names were applauded.

Chairman John B. Nash was introduced, and spoke, his address being frequently applauded.

A resolution looking toward independence of action in individual voters was rejected by a large majority. A resolution congratulating William J. Bryan on his present triumphal tour was adopted enthusiastically. Oliver E. Branch offered a resolution reaffirming the position of the Democratic party of New Hampshire, as declared in the convention of May 20, 1896, and heartily endorsing the high and patriotic administration of Grover Cleveland and his courageous efforts to protect the honor of the party and credit of the Union. The resolution was received with hisses and rejected overwhelmingly on a rising vote, only 91 rising in the affirmative. The negative vote was not taken. The report of the committee on resolutions was then adopted without division.

E. H. Everett of Nashua said he was present at the Chicago convention, where the delegates from this state acted up to Thursday night, but on the following day all but one refused to participate in its deliberations. He asserted that these made an agreement with the New York delegation to pursue the course they did. In closing, he offered a resolution calling for the resignation of members of the state committee who do not support the platform adopted at this convention, and recommending the selection of Jeremiah J. Doyle for national committeeman, to succeed A. W. Sulloway.

Baron Shirley of Andover, in an impassioned address, protested against the proposition to read Mr. Sulloway and other equally as good Democrats out of the party. Judge Bingham then got the floor and entered his protest against the plank in the platform ratifying the action of the Chicago convention, and said that he and those associated with him were not bound by this action. He and his colleagues then left the hall. Samuel B. Page of Woodsville moved the nomination by acclamation of Hon. Henry O. Kent of Lancaster for governor. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Colonel Kent was given a warm reception when presented by Chairman Nash. He spoke at length, and, after expressing his high appreciation of the honor conferred, dealt with national and state issues. His assertion that he gave his heartiest support to the action of the Chicago convention and this convention's platform, evoked a great outburst of enthusiasm.

At 2 o'clock the convention closed, the proceedings having been the longest, and, at times, the stormiest and most exciting, and the most far-reaching in its results of any ever held by the New Hampshire Democrats.

Following is the platform adopted:

We, the Democracy of New Hampshire, in delegate convention assembled, recognizing the action of the national convention, held in Chicago on the 7th of June last, as authority for party action on all subjects therein stated, hereby adopt the platform of said convention, and pledge ourselves to the earnest support of William J. Bryan and Arthur Sewall, the candidates for president and vice president.

Recognizing the fact that prohibitory laws in force in this state since 1855 have wholly failed to control the traffic in intoxicants, and have been and are a prolific source of hypocrisy, perjury and a means of political and personal protection or persecution; therefore, in the interest of temperance and morality, we demand a well regulated license law, based upon the principle of local option, to the end that the traffic be properly controlled, to the increased welfare and honor of the people and the prosperity of the state.

We arraign the Republican party for its unconstitutional, inconvenient and partisan districting of the state; for substituting police commissions for home rule in its cities; for the division of Democratic towns into Republican wards; for the creation of numerous commissions; the lavish increase of public expenditures; the increase of offices and salaries, and a wide departure from the thrift, economy and simple methods that mark proper legislation. We offer a reversal of these wasteful and unjust ways, and a return to the honored policy of the fathers and founders of the state.

We pledge ourselves to the hearty support of the ticket this day put in nomination.

IN CONNECTICUT.

Lieutenant Governor Cook Receives Gubernatorial Nomination.

Hartford, Sept. 3.—The second day's session of the Republican state convention convened with almost all the 501 delegates present. Temporary Chairman McLean called the convention to order, and the report of the committee on credentials was accepted. F. A. Jacobs, secretary of the committee on permanent organization, reported in favor of Samuel Fessenden as permanent chairman, and a list of vice presidents, one from each senatorial district, and a list of secretaries. Mr. Fessenden was presented, amid shouts of welcome from the convention, which were renewed as there was let down at the back of the stage a large portrait of Major McKinley, 12 by 8 feet in size.

Mr. Fessenden was received with round after round of applause as he continued. The convention shouted loudly when Mr. Fessenden referred to the result in Vermont.

Mr. Fessenden discussed what he termed the weakness, danger and treachery in the coinage plank of the Chicago convention. In closing he said: "We yet find elsewhere in the Chicago platform utterances far more dangerous, and more directly aimed at the overthrow and destruction of the fundamental principles which underlie the government of a free people. I refer to the planks denouncing the due administration and execution of the laws by our executive officers, and the interpretation of our laws by a pure and independent tribunal. The Chicago platform, in unequivocal terms, openly advocates the overthrow of the supreme court of the United States, one of the highest and ablest tribunals of the civilized world. Its advocates openly assert that, if given the power, they will hurl down this great pillar which, from the birth of the republic, has at times been regarded as one of the grandest and most enduring supports of our government. In place of the present learned, distinguished and fearless judges of that august tribunal, they would pack the supreme court with judges committed to render such decisions as the advocates of this platform might desire."

Lieutenant Governor Cook was nominated for governor on the first ballot.

Following is the balance of the ticket: Lieutenant governor, James D. Dewell of New Haven; secretary of state, Charles S. Phelps of Rockville; treasurer, Charles W. Grosvenor of Pomfret; comptroller, Benjamin P. Mead of New Canaan. Six presidential electors were also nominated by acclamation.

The following platform was adopted:

We, the Republicans of Connecticut, in convention assembled, while reaffirming the principles of the Republican party as enunciated in the platform adopted by the national convention at St. Louis, and in the masterly letter of acceptance of our presidential nominee, William McKinley, and in the admirable platform recently adopted by our state convention, recognize in the crisis which has been forced upon this country by the un-American and revolutionary action of the so-called Democratic convention held at Chicago that the question of supreme importance is the preservation of the life, honor and integrity of our nation.

We realize that this can only be accomplished by the maintenance of our judicial system, which is the bulwark of our liberties and the admiration of the world, and by the continuance of a financial policy which makes gold the standard of value until a different policy is adopted by international agreement.

We favor a tariff which will provide revenue sufficient to meet the ordinary expenses of the government, and so adjusted as to place American labor, without the sacrifice of our high wage system, on at least equal terms in our own market with the labor of other lands.

We commend the wise and economical administration of the affairs of this state by Governor Coffin and his associates.

We commend the nominees of the Republican national convention and of this convention to the suffrage of all good citizens of the state of Connecticut, irrespective of party.

First class job printing at this office.

The Perfume of Violets
The purity of the lily, the glow of the rose, and the flush of Hebe combine in POZZONI's wondrous Powder.

THE LOWELL TRUNK MANUFACTORY
Are offering some very big bargains for summer tourists. The latest one is the best Dress Suit Case that was ever offered for $5. Also all other Furnishings for traveling.
70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

GORHAM STREET

Is In Bad Condition Near the Edson Cemetery.

Gorham street, opposite the main entrance to the Edson cemetery, is in a most dangerous and wretched condition. The street is honeycombed with cradle holes nearly as deep as the graves in the cemetery. Not only are taxpayers, but farmers and others who pass through that thoroughfare, loud in condemnation of the street officials who permit streets to remain in such a condition.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

Andrew Mack, the famous Lowell singer, will open his season in Brooklyn next Monday evening. This evening, "Charlie" Dempsey of this city left to join the company. Mr. Mack will sing his sweet song, the favorite of last year, "Maggie, My Own," again this season. His rich, sweet voice warbles richer and sweeter than ever in his pretty little love ditty, written by himself and which he likes so well. But this will not be his only melody, for his cute little "Swing Song," wins such applause that he cannot desist from favoring his audience with the delightful refrain. Andrew Mack will be under the management of D. W. Truss & Co., and his books and properties will be taken care of by Charles Dempsey, than whom he could select no better guardian.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Bankers were defeated by the Centralvilles last night in a closely contested match on Lakeview alleys. The rolling was better than on the preceding nights and the victors piled up 2405 pins to their opponents' 2382. Burns rolled one string of 196 and reached the 500 mark. Morse scored 511.

KNIGHTS OF SHERWOOD

Are To Have a Gala Day at Mountain Rock.

In the Burkes' hall last evening, Thomas Talbot conclave, Knights of Sherwood Forest, held a meeting to make arrangements for a gala day to be held September 23 at Mountain Rock. Preceding the time at Mountain Rock will be a short parade.

The following conclaves have been invited to attend: King Philip conclave of Fall River; Pride of Massachusetts conclave, East Boston; Pride of New England conclave, Boston; Gosnold conclave, New Bedford. Conclaves are also expected to be present from Newport, R. I., and Worcester.

The Labor of getting 1095 Meals confronts some one in every home each year. Whoever the work devolves upon should know about

NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT

It's a labor-saver—a woman-saver. Without the long and weary-ing peeling, chopping, boiling, seeding and mixing, a woman can quickly make mince pie, fruit pudding, or fruit cake that will be the delight of her household. Since None Such is sold everywhere there is no more need of making your own mince meat than of making your own yeast. Try one package—10 cents. Take no substitutes.
Send your address, naming this paper, & we will send you free a book, "Mrs. Popkins' Thanksgiving," by one of the most popular humorous writers of the day.
MERRELL-SOULE CO., Syracuse, N. Y.

BERTRAND, THE TAILOR
24 Middle Street.

R. J. MOWER, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER and OPTICIAN
285 Central Street.

6 Foot Show Case FOR SALE CHEAP AT SANBORN & DONOVAN'S
Real estate office. Tenements to let, money to loan, bad debts of all kinds collected, auctioneering and appraising. Room 1, Swan Block.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

DR. EATON HURT.

He Was Thrown From His Carriage on Central Bridge.

Dr. Eaton was thrown from his carriage on Central bridge last evening receiving a severe shaking up. The horse then ran along Bridge street and created much excitement. When the animal reached Merrimack street he ran on the sidewalk before Putnam's dining rooms and there was captured by Officer Bart Ryan. The buggy was considerably damaged.

His Leg Broken.

A painful accident occurred to Michael Keegan, an employe of Keefe Brothers, grocers, yesterday. He was unloading goods in the loft over D. J. Murphy's store in Dutton street, when a barrel of flour fell on him and broke his leg. The ambulance conveyed him to St. John's hospital where it was found that the limb had sustained a double compound fracture. Keegan lives at 378 Adams street.

THE SILVER LEAGUE.

Held a Brief Business Meeting Last Evening.

The non-Partisan Silver league met last evening and Rev. Park A. Bradford presided. The league voted to grant the request of the executive committee that it be given charge of all rallies. It was also decided to hold a members' rally this evening when James Dacey and Thomas Pearson will deliver addresses.

Questions may be asked of the speakers by any of the members and they will be answered at the next meeting.

Miss Nettie Hayes of Barclay street has returned from Salisbury beach.

THE WATER BOARD.

A Request of Locks and Canals Referred to the City Solicitor.

A meeting of the Water Board was held last evening at which several small extensions were voted. It was also voted to call for bids on a small quantity of lead. The Locks and Canals Co. sent in a request that the pipes in the canal near the Thorndike street bridge, where the work of widening is in progress, be removed or lowered.

Agent Mills appeared for the Locks and Canals Co.

The members of the board thought it should be the duty of the latter company to remove the pipe, as the city obtained a location there.

Agent Mills thought differently and the board decided to refer it to the city solicitor for a decision. It is proposed to hang the pipe on hooks underneath the bridge.

Early Morning Fire.

About 1 o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was rung in from box 132, caused by a blaze in a bed in the attic of a house owned by A. E. Rhodes, 64 Hampshire street. The house is occupied by a family named Zimmer. When the bed had been thrown out of a window the flames were easily extinguished. The damage to the house was slight.

All those terrible itching diseases of the skin that help to make life miserable for us are caused by external parasites. Doan's Ointment kills the parasite and cures the disease. Perfectly harmless, never fails.

WANTED! AN IDEA
Of The Expense Of
PAPERING AND FINISHING
My House. Estimates Given and First Class Work Guaranteed.
A. L. Kittredge & Co.,
208 CENTRAL STREET.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.
MERRIMACK, PALMER AND MIDDLE STREETS.

CROCKERY BARGAINS

HERE ARE THREE ITEMS OF GOOD VALUES THAT MAY INTEREST YOU.

Plain white China Ewers and Basins, 46c. for both pieces.

Bed Pans usual price $1.50, 63c. each.

Meat Platters, extra large, 13in. wide by 17in. long, white stoneware with fluted corners, usual price 65c., 35c. each.

And in the same dept. we sell cups and saucers, plates, bowls and all kinds of dishes at equally low prices.

CROCKERY DEPT., BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

A GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

EVERY JACKET,

REEFER, CAPE, WRAPPER, SKIRT AND SHIRT WAIST

MUST BE SOLD AT THE

IMPERIAL CLOAK and SUIT STORE

8 Merrimack Square and 11 Bridge Street.

We will inaugurate the lowest prices ever quoted in Lowell for brand new up-to-date goods, will sell everythng regardless of cost to make room for a heavy stock of new fall goods.

Children's Reefers, worth $1.50, will go at 59c.
Children's Reefers, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 will go at 98c.
Ladies' and Misses' Jackets, worth $4.50, $5.50 and $7.50, will go at $2.49.
Persian Lawn Wrappers, $2.25, $2.50 and $2.98, will go at 98c. and $1.25.
Ladies' Shirt Waists, 75c., 98c. and $1.25, will go at 25c.

As we have been in business for only six months, and carry nothing but the latest from the largest and best manufacturers in New York, consequently we have no old style or shop worn goods. Come early and get what you may call a genuine bargain.
A. M. DRAGON.

A Manufacturer's stock of fine Boots and Shoes to be sold at less than first cost.

SUN Peck's Bad Boy COUPON.

This Coupon and 10 cents will admit any boy or girl to a reserved seat in Music Hall at Next Saturday's Matinee.

PECK'S BAD BOY.